Tuesday September 3 1985

D 8523 B

World news

Hurricane DM 760m forces rights 500,000 issue to flee

Hurricane Elena, which has forced more than \$00,000 people in four U.S. states to flee their homes, swept ashore near Biloxi, Mississippi, causing widespread damage.

Tracing a course taken by some of the century's worst storms, Elena raked the beaches of Alabama and northwest Florida, then turned westward towards Mississippi and Louisiana. Winds of over 100 mph, torrential rain and tidal surges of 7ft rential rain and tidal surges of 7ft

caused extensive flooding. As Elena ploughed westward, tens of thousands of residents huddled in emergency shelters along a 500-mile stretch of coastline from central Florida to New Orleans.

Honecker promises

11.50 -13.6m /

The second secon

Y RATES

East German leader Erich Honecker promised Bonn he would remove all remaining minefields on the inter-German frontier and ease restrictions on contacts between people of both states. Meanwhile, former West German spy hunter Hans Joachim Tiedge, who defected last month, wrote to Bonn saying he had changed side because of his "hopeless situation". Tiedge had drink and debt problems.

Pertini campaign Former Italian President Sandro

Pertini is planning to launch a campaign for the Socialist Party to improve its relations with the opposition. Communist Party. Page 16

Rebel held

Portuguese police detained a su-spected member of the left-wing guerrilla group FP-25 north of Lisbon and discovered a cache of arms

Tanaka appeais

The Tokyo High Court began hear ing an appeal by ailing former Prime Minister Kakuei Tanaka against his conviction for accepting \$2m in bribes from Lockheed Aircraft. He was sentenced to four years in prison in 1983.

Banker killed

died in a hail of bullets as police his left-wing guerrilla kidnappers the Hang Lung Bank, which the ter-in Guayaquil Page 5 the Hang Lung Bank, which the ter-ritory's government rescued after

Arafat aide wounded

Hussein al-Haybi, a prominent aide of Palestinian leader Yassir Arafat, was seriously wounded by unidentified gummen at his home in the Ain al-Hilweh refugee camp near Sidon. Page 3

Pol Pot replaced

A possible break in the Kampu-chean stalemate emerged when Pol Pot, head of the Khmer Rouge Government from 1975 to 1979, stood down as commander of the armed

forces Page 3 Suppliers bombed Bombs hadly damaged the buildings of two West German computer

companies in Dortmund and Hamburg, which are military contractors.

Bolivian strikes Strikes crippled Bolivia as trade unions protested against tough eco-nomic measures aimed at halting

an inflation rate of 14,000 per cent, the works's highest. Page 5 Royal soldier

Spain's 17-year-old crown prince Felipe began three years of military education at the Army Academy in

England cricket win

England took the Test series against Australia 3-1, regaining the Ashes, when they won the sixth Test at the Oval by an innings and 94 runs. Australia were all out for 129 in their second innings.

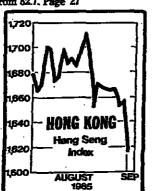
Business summary

for BASF

BASF, West German chemical group, announced a one-for-14 rights issue to raise 760m DM (\$271.4m) in a capital increase that mirrors the group's business expan-sion and the general improvement in the industry since 1982. Page 17

DOLLAR rose steadily on the London foreign exchange, closing at DM 2.8355 (DM 2.811), FFr 8.645 (FFr 8.585) and SwFr 2.3385 (SwFr 2.308) but eased to Y238.5 (Y238.8). On Bank of England figures the dol-lar's exchange index rose to 138.4 from 137.5. Page 27

STERLING lost 1.55 cents to the stronger dollar in London to \$1.3775. It also fell to Y329.0 (Y332.5), was unchanged at DM 3.915 and FFr 11.9525 and rose to SwFr 3.22 (SwFr 3.215). The pound's exchange rate index fell to 82.3 from 82.7. Page 27



HONG KONG share prices were sharply lower in moderate trading. depressed by interest-rate rises and suspension of trading in Orient Overseas. The Hang Seng index fell 39.93 to 1,6156.17. Page 32

TOKYO shares edged forward al though trading remained slow. The Nikkei Dow market average added 10.12 to 12,726.64. Page 32

LONDON equities closed largely steady. The FT Ordinary share in-dex essed 0.4 to 1.013.5. Gills were traded thinly. Page 32 AMSTERDAM Stock Exchange ex-

tended its trading time to 6½ hours for most listed stocks. Page 32

GOLD rose \$1.25 on the London bullion market to \$334.75 and \$0.70 in Ecuadorean banker Isaias Nahim Zurich to \$334.75. Page 28 HONG KONG is to appoint external

> the bank's collapse in 1983. Financial Secretary Sir John Bremridge said the Government wished to sell the bank next year. Page 18 BORAL, the building materials concern, joined the tide of strong Aus-

> tralian results announced recently with a record net profit of A\$117.6m (\$82.3m), Page 18 SIME DARBY, the diversified Mal-

aysian group, reported a 2 per cent tall in profits in the year to June 30, to 210.7m ringgit (\$86m), despite first-time proceeds from acquisitions United Estates Projects and Dunlop Malaysian Industries Page 18

ELSEVIER-NDU, Dutch publishers, lifted earnings in the first half to a healthy F1 50.7m (\$16m). The company said the 25 per cent improvement was mainly because of sales of English-language publi-cations. Page 17

NORSK DATA, Norwegian computer group, reported profits more than doubled in the first half of 1985 to NKr 111.1m (\$13.5m). Page 17 A UK COMPANY has bought the first option on a sterling certificate of deposit in a deal arranged by the money-broking subsidiary of Mercantile House, Page 17

DANISH shipping group J. Laurit-zen, which suffered a loss of DKr 296m (\$29m) in 1984, says it will make progress towards recovery

ain in the red this year.

SMH, Switzerland's leading watchmaking group, came under the con-trol of a consortium headed by investor Mr Nicolas Hayek after the

DE KOCK CUTS SHORT U.S. VISIT

Economic moves in S. Africa spur recovery in rand

BY TONY HAWKINS IN JOHANNESBURG, PHILIP STEPHENS IN LONDON AND OUR FOREIGN STAFF

DR GERHARD DE KOCK, gover-nor of the South African Reserve Bank, abruptly cut short his visit to the U.S. yesterday and prepared to return to South Africa, where eco-nomic measures announced on Sun-day had earlier boosted the rand by

25 per cent.

News of his departure came too early to affect the foreign-exchange markets which opened yesterday after a four-day closure.

The rand rose from the pre-closure low of 34.80 U.S. cents to

end the day at 45 cents. The equity market closed lower, however, with the Johannesburg gold share index falling 5 per cent and industrials down 14 per cent.
Dr de Kock's abrupt and unex-

pected departure from Washington provided further evidence that his ission to the U.S. in search of financial support for South Africa had not been a success. Although there had been reports,

Jacques de Larosiere, the managing director of the International Monetaken place.



but that it was unaware of any meeting having taken place. South Africa wants to find a suitable intermediary through whom the Republic would negotiate its debt rescheduling. With the reintroduction of the

primarily out of South Africa, that two-tier exchange-rate system yesthe central bank head would be terday, dealers quoted the financial meeting in Washington with both Mr Paul Volcker, the chairman of tal transactions, at around 37 cents the Federal Reserve Board, and Mr — a discount of 18 per cent below the commercial rand rate.

The commercial rand's recovery tary Fund, there were doubts yes-met expectations. It reflected South terday whether either meeting had African Reserve Bank intervention African Reserve Bank intervention as Pretoria moved in to manage the The State Department said that rand float; and the removal of the Mr de Kock had been expected to destablising influence of shortmeet U.S. officials later this week term capital flows, which are now

channeled through the financial rand rate.

Dealers said that the main participants in the commercial rand market were South African expormarket were south Arrican expor-ters converting their dollar and oth-er fineign exchange earnings into rands as quickly as they could, fearing that the rate might rise still further and trim their rand earn-

foreign exchange turnover had not been great but others feared that there had been a geater volume of central bank intervention than they had expected. The rand opened in the 41 to 42 U.S. cents trading range, reaching a high point of 46 to 47 cents before settling around the 45 cents level at which it closed

In London, dealers reported only sporadic trading in the rand, with many non-South African banks traditionally active in the market chant to deal in the currency. Officials at several banks said

that there was still uncertainty about the status of some foreign ex change deals concluded with South African banks before the latest

Continued on Page 16 Pretoria's careful gamble; Miners' strike, Page 3; Lex, Page 16; Stock market report,

Komatsu to beat tariffs with European factory

BY JOAN GRAY IN LONDON AND CARLA RAPOPORT IN TOKYO

KOMATSU, the Japanese company
it is believed that successful cothat is the world's second largest operation with a British company
ment, has decided to build a plant ments in the deal, which the compament, has decided to build a plant ments in the deal, which the compamakers currently hold about 40 per

The comany is believed to have chosen the site of the former Catexpillar Tractor plant at Birtley, in North-East England, for its new fac-tory. That employed 1,000 people on making components for earth-moving equipment before it was closed by Caterpillar in September 1983. The new Komatsu factory

terweights for its diggers, excava-tors, buildozers and dumper trucks: tors were first imposed last March, might employ between 100 and 500 people.
 The plant will almost certainly be

established as a joint venture

in Europe in the wake of recent ny has been trying to keep secret to cent of the market in Britain.

anti-dumping tariffs imposed by the avoid carrying out negotiations, Earlier this year, Cater lobbying.

it had not decided where to locate the plant or how big an investment Europe. "It is necessary," a Komatsu executive said.

which would make components in-chiding cabins, buckets and coun-have been suffering since the fators were first imposed last March, when the EEC levied a provisional tariff o 26.6 per cent on Komatsu. That tariff was made definitive in

Earlier this year, Caterpillar the world's largest maker of construction equipment but has about half its sales outside the U.S., joined other European produc including Britain's J. C. Bamford it would make. It has, however, con-firmed that it would like to invest in pel and Liebherz, and Poclain of France - in complaining to the EEC

> grown rapidly in recent years, with Komatsu expanding particularly From 1977 to February 1985, Komatsu's sales doubled to \$2.9hn while Caterpillar's have risen 13 per

Bank of Canada pulls plug on

banks since early this year. by the Federal and Alberta govern-Both institutions had a heavy ex- ments and the country's six major

Support had been provided in the rescued last March through a form of short-term loans to the two CS255m bail-out package supplied banks since early this year.

by the Federal and Alberta govern-

According to Mr Gerald Bouey,

the central bank is "ready as alrequested for any Canadian bank."
CCB's resources were drained by

posure to the depressed property banks.

The authorities rescued CCB amada. CCB also advanced sizeable loans to hard-pressed U.S. drilling rig operators.

Mrs Barbara McDougall, Ministrum of State for Figure 2 with the wake of well-publicised to assets, to a trust set up by its senior management.

Northland Bank, with assets of CSL4bn, has achieved a small profit so far this year. But the bank recently sold the bulk of its non-personal state of the Canadian financial system in the wake of well-publicised trust for Figure 2 with the same as a small profit so far this year. But the bank recently sold the bulk of its non-personal system in the wake of well-publicised trust for Figure 2 with the same as a small profit so far this year. But the bank recently sold the bulk of its non-personal system in the wake of well-publicised trust for the canadian financial system. its senior management.

player, Page 17

July despite assurances from the cent to \$6.5bm.

troubled Alberta institutions

BY BERNARD SIMON IN TORONTO

support from two Alberta banks, be viable operations." Bank of Can-Canadian Commercial Bank (CCB) and loans to the two banks have of Edmonton, and Calgary-based ballooned in the past seven months. Northland Bank, precipitating the from zero to over C\$1.8bm country's first bank failure in 52 (US\$1.8bm).

ter of State for Finance, said: "It is problems among U.S. institutions. exercise of an option to acquire 51 clearly not in the best interest of our financial system as a whole to the Bank of Canada's Governor, the

THE BANK of Canada, the coun- allow institutions to continue to collapse of the two banks does not try's central bank, has withdrawn function after they have ceased to affect the overall soundness of the be viable operations." Bank of Can-ada loans to the two banks have peated an earlier assurance that CCB, with assets of C\$2.7hn, was

a continuing flight of deposits. It lost C\$21.5m in the six months to April 30. Northland Bank, with assets of

unit kept afloat by HK \$1bn credit line By David Dodwell in Hong Kong

C.Y. Tung

ORIENT OVERSEAS Holdings, the publicly quoted arm of the Hong Kong-based C. Y. Tung shipping group, yesterday announced that it had obtained a large new line of credit from its principal bank "to maintain the working capital posi-tion." Dealings in the company's shares neview been suspended until further notice.

further notice.

The line of credit, understood to be over HKS1bn (U.S.\$128m) is being provided by Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation and is likely to be drawn down in tranches, according to a statement by Hambro Pacific, which was appointed financial adviser to OOHL last Sahurday.

last Saturday.
Its financial difficulties, like those throughout the shipping industry took a sharp turn for the worse when Sanko, the Japanese shipping group, collapsed last month. One analyst commented yesterday. It was bad enough before Sanko, but since its collapse there has been extreme nervousness in all quarters – from bunker appliers to bankers and other

shippiers."
OOHL operates 55 ships and employs 5,000 people. Its main business is the Orient Overseas Container Line, which operates con-tainer liner services to 100 ports, and in the operation of container

It has also operated offshore drilling rigs, since its acquisition in April 1980 of Furness Withy, the British shipping group with signifi-cant interests in the North Sea

offshore oil industry.

The company's difficulties are thought to focus in particular on the trading difficulties of some of the private shipping interests of Mr C. H. Tung, son and successor to the group's founder C. Y. Tung. The company said yesterday steps were being taken to separate the business and operations of OOHL and its vessels from that of the private

In 1984, OOHL earned after-tax profits of HK\$167.8m. However, it also disclosed currency-exchanges losses of HK\$451m, and extraordinary losses of HK\$687m, most of those linked with provisions gainst the sale of ships and other

for them. However this was not ter Environment); John MacGregor: Alex Fletcher (Parliamentary Unthought to be a trigger leading to Chief Secretary to the Treasury der-Secretary of State, Department

Continued on Page 16 (Junior Minister Agriculture).

Thatcher drops two ministers in reshuffle

U.S. airlines: why

the prowl, Page 14

pected, becomes the Tory party

chairman - seen as a key post in

the run-up to the general election in

the presentation of policy. Mr Teb-

bit replaces Mr John Selwyn Gum-mer, who is regarded as a more

lightweight figure than the often abrasive Mr Tebbit.

Lord Young's predecessor at the Department of Employment, Mr

fice. This is seen as Mrs Thatcher's

ment caused by Lord Young's own

previous responsibilities for em-

had been spearheading the Govern-ment's drive for job creation, have

at times been in conflict with Mr

King's efforts, causing friction and

confusion. Lord Young will take

with him to the department, the en-

terprise unit and the deregulation unit which he supervised in his for-

mer capacity. The department will

also take over the responsibility for the small businesses division and

Mr Hurd's move from the Northern Ireland portfolio, just as ne-gotiations between the British and

Irish governments over the future

of Northern Ireland reach their climax, is likely to be highly

The Irish Government, which has invested more political capital within the talks than may have been

prudent, is likely to see the move as

a soub indicating the low priority given to Northern Ireland by the

British Government. For this is the

second time this complex and sensi-

tive portfolio has been reallocated

The appointment of Mr King may

reinforce his belief, for he is seen as

as loser in the battle at the Depart-

ment of Employment and is be-

lieved to have been reluctant to ac-

in barely a year.

sponsorship of tourism.

The activities of Lord Young who

ployment matters.

predators are on

BY MARGARET VAN HATTEM IN LONDON

MRS MARGARET THATCHER, the British Prime Minister, last night reshuffled her Cabinet more drastically than had been expected. Two members were sacked, a third resigned and, in a move which took

resigned and, in a move which took
Westminster by surprise, Mr Douglas Hurd was appointed Home Secretary in place of Mr Leon Brittan.
The changes are seen as an attempt by Mrs Thatcher to revitalise
her Cabinet before next month's
Conservative party conference and
as an indication of her concern at
her Government's continuing slide Tom King, moves to take over from Mr Hurd at the Northern Ireland ofdetermination to resolve conflicts within the Employment Departher Government's continuing slide in the opinion polls.

Those dropped from the Cabinet Mr Patrick Jenkin, Environment Secretary and Mr Peter Rees, Chief Secretary to the Treasury - are seen as having failed to get governent policy across effectively.

The three new members of the Cabinet - Mr Kenneth Baker, Mr Kenneth Clarke, and Mr John MacGregor - are all seen as good communicators. The third member if the Cabinet to leave, by voluntary resignation, was Lord Gowrie, the Arts Minister The reshuffle – expected to be the

last major one before the next general election - gives greater priority by the Government to an offensive against unemployment, seen by the opinion polls as the most important ingle issue.

Lord Young the present Minister without Portfolio, takes over as Em-ployment Secretary with sweeping new powers and responsibilities. He will be aided by Mr Clarke.

Mr Hurd, who was Northern Ire-land Secretary, is given a substan-tial promotion by being made Home Secretary - regarded as the third most senior post. But Downing Street last night insisted that the man he replaces, Mr Brittan, is not being demoted by his move to

Trade and Industry Secretary. Nevertheless, Mr Brittan is wide-ly regarded as having been dropped from a post in which he has someimes shown less than mastery. Mr Brittan takes over from Mr

cept the post. Profile of Leon Brittan, Page 6; Editorial comment, Page 14 Norman Tebbit who, as widely ex-

Leon Brittan to Trade and Industry from Home Office; Douglas Hurd: Jenkin (Environment); Peter Rees Home Office (Northern Ireland Of-(Chief Secretary to the Treasury), shipping interests.

OOHL's direct exposure to the Sanko collapse was small, it is understood that just four vessels were and Industry); Tom King: Northern State for Defence Procurement); on charter to Sanko. The group has four new container vessels nearing completion, although it is unclear ister without portfolio); Kenneth whether charters have been found Baker: Environment (Junior Minis- ment of the Environment, Sports);

PRINCIPAL CHANGES IN TEAM Leaving the Covernment Patrick (Chief Secretary to the Treasury), Neil Macfarlane (Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, Depart-

of Trade and Industry).

If only other printers were as reliable as ours.

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Passengers query French railway safety system

have occurred.

THE DRIVER of the Paris-Port-Bou

train which crashed on Saturday with the loss of 43 lives, was reported to have said after the accident. "I had a blank; my mind was not there; I did not slow down."

There is still a mystery as to how an experienced driver, who had returned from holiday only five days earlier, could have ignored the warning signals that stared him in

But after three serious accidents this year, costing more than 80 lives, French rail passengers were deaths were simply an unhappy coincidence or whether there was

something more fundamentally wrong with the safety system of the SNCF (the French railways).

SNCF protests that it has strong safety record, with only six serious accidents in 10 years, were beginning to wear thin. But not since the 1950s has the French rail network had such a bad year.

The three accidents this year have all been due to different causes. The collision at Flangeac, central France, on August 3, which cost 32 lives, was the fault of a stationmaster who wrongly directed a train down a single line track. The SNCF recognised afterwards that

train on July 8, which cost six lives, was due to a lorry driver getting his vehicle stack on a railway crossing. On Saturday, there was no apparent reason why the accident should

M Jean-Yves Brisset, 37, the driv-er, had 14 years' experience and the qualifications necessary to drive a high-speed train (TGV). He had an unblemished safety record, had re-

litz in Paris on Friday evening, he had about 30 minutes to study the detailed route-map on the Paris-Port-Bou line, which clearly marked the works in progress at Argenton-sur-Creuse and the speed its in force. He took a smaller version of the map with him.

Approaching Argenton, he saw a flashing signal at six minutes past midnight in the early hours of Saturday, which told him to slow down

the "warning" system could be improved to prevent any repetition.

The derailment of the Le Havre

The derailment of the Le Havre

After arriving at Gare d'Auster
After arriving at Gare d'Auster
The derailment of the Le Havre sounded at the same time in his cabin as he passed the signal. But

when he saw a further signal warn-ing him to slow down at once, that he responded. He then braked brutally on a corner - but could not stop the rear carriages from derail-ing. The SNCF says its equipment was working properly on the line. The Communist CGT union, strongest in the railways, has implied that turned from holiday on Angust 26, but admittedly his schedule was heavy in the closing days of the holiday season. He is said to have had km/h at which he was travelling.

The community of the

James Buxton describes efforts to convince Rome of the need for naval air wing

Italy's admirals plot an airborne course

Garibaldi, the proudest new addition to the Italian navy, has become a little less hazy in the

The Garibaldi, a 13,000-tonne through-deck cruiser, is presently fitting out at a shipyard near Trieste. She looks on outward appearance, like a miniaircraft carrier, a smaller ver-sion of the Royal Navy's HMS Invincible of Falklands' conflict

Under Italian law, however, the Garibaldi is not allowed to carry aircraft. So for the become just a helicopter carrier.

A' few weeks ago, Sig Giovanni Spodolini, the Defence Minister, ended two years of brooding over the future of the

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Garibaldi and presented to Par-liament a Bill which would permit the navy to create its own air arm. So the way could be open soon for the Garibaldi to become an aircraft carrier and for British Aerospace to attempt to sell Italy some Sea Harrier jump jets to go on her.

The Italian navy has been forbidden to operate aircraft since 1923, when Mussolini decreed that fixed-wing aircraft over a certain size were the preserve of the air force. The navy has always blamed this law for the fact that in the Second World War, its splendid battleships and cruisers had no air protection and were rapidly sent to the bottom by the British.

The navy has never given up the idea of reversing what it regards as an error of strategy. regards as an error of strategy. The admirals even persuaded the Defence Ministry to build the Garibaldi as a helicopter carrier; and convinced the Ministry that her line would be greatly improved if she also incorporated a modest ski jump, which just happens to be what VSTOL (very short take-off and landing) sucraft need. off and landing) aircraft need.

Since the Garibaldi's fitting out began in 1983, the navy has stepped up its campaign to be allowed to put aircraft on her. Their main argument has been that the Italian navy can only be defended from air attack away from the Italian coast by means of earrier-borne aircraft.

The admirals say that without aircraft, the navy would not be able to perform its allotted Nato warting role of

The Italian airforce guards its monopoly ferociously. It claims it could defend the navy from airfields, possibly with the help of new aircraft and inflight refeulling to extend their range. During the recent public debate, argued that an aircraft carrier would make Italy too agressive and powerful, and therefore more likely to get into trouble with foreign powers.

decided exactly what kind of purchase to its participation in aircraft it wants to buy and ask other aerospace projects with Parliament for the money to Italy.

The navy is convinced that the BAe Sea Harrier is the only aircraft appropriate for the Garibaldi. It would like to buy about 18, of which between five and eight might be installed on the Garlbaldi at any one time, with the rest used for training

Much of the Italian aircraft industry backed the airforce's line, realising that VSTOL aircraft would have to be bought version of the Harrier, the from abroad with little chance larger and more expensive of local assembly, using funds AVSB jump jet. The AVSB is that would otherwise go to designed as a ground attack

A 13,000 tonne helicopter carrier, the Giuseppe Garibaldi, now fitting out near Trieste, has become the centre of a campaign by the Italian navy for parliamentary permission to create an air wing using Sea Harrier-type jump jets.

domestically-built aircraft. Sig Spadolini has devised sil spacoum has devised a satisfy both sides. It would allow the navy to have an air arm, but would give the airforce responsibility for its organisation and its ultimate control. Under the proposed law, airforce pilots would be ed on occasion to fly havy atteraft

The Bill should be approved

aircraft, and does not have the appropriate radar for maritime use. Yet the U.S. company succeeded in selling the AV8B to Spain for use on the Spanish navy's aircraft carrier and could try to exploit its close ties with Aeritalia, Italy's leading aircraft manufacturer.

Sea Harrier, but because it may public to fork out for more protecting troop convoys from by Parliament within a few Sea Harrier, but because it may public to fork out for more the U.S. as they passed through months. But Italy must then be able to link a Sea Harrier destroyers and frigates as well."

Westland of the UK is studying ways of developing the Italian Mongoose anti-tank helicopter, in collaboration with its manufacturer, Agusta. This could lead to joint manufacture and an order from Britain for the new helicopter, both of which would be very important to Agusta's future. Agusta and Westland are already building the EH101, a large naval helicopter.

The debate on the Italian navy's need for aircraft carriers continue until the Defence Ministry receives parliamentary approval to place an order. By that time, Italy's small defence budget could be under even more severe strain than it already is, as several expensive defence equipment projects begin production.

Sig Manrizio Cremasco, a former air force general who is one of Italy's most distinguished military analysts, has ques-tioned whether spending L600hn (£230m)-L800hn on Sea Harriers is the best use of Italy's defence resources and of its relatively small navy.

The navy sees the Garibaldi with its fromp jets as just a first step to obtaining a fleet of several small aircraft carriers. As one seasoned observer of the Italian defence scene said: "The Britain should have the edge, navy usually gets its way in the however, not just because of end. But if it wants aircraft the navy's preference for the carriers it cannot expect the

Spain angry over French car moves

By David White in Madrid

PRESSURE BY the French Communist-led CGT trade unless on the nationalised Renault group to scale down its manufacturing in Spain in order to preserve jobs in France has provoked sharp reactions from Spanish CGT mentions last week

held up a trainload of com-ponents for the Renault fac-

neld up a trainload of esmponents for the Remaint factory at Palencia in northcentral Spain and blocked the
Champs Elysees is Paris with
Spanish-made cars destined
for the French market.

Local representatives of the
Spanish Communist union,
Commisiones Obveras, described the action against the
Palencia plant, one of three
Renault car factories in
Spain, as a "blow below the
belt." The Socialist-oriented
USF accused the French
union of trying to mobilise
electoral support more than
to solve the crisis at Remanit.
The company's Spanish
subsidiary Fast-Remanit,
which has remained in profit
but which was unable to pay
a dividead for last year, is already planning to cut 1,200 of
its 21,500 jobs through voluntary remaindancies, as a result
of a sharp reduction in the
number of cars sent to the
parent group in France.

The row shows up the
valuerability of Spain's car
industry on the eve of the
country's entry to the EEC.
Because of a weak dominatic

valuerability of Spain's car industry on the eve of the country's entry to the EEC. Because of a weak domestic market, the industry has become increasingly reliant on its outlets inside the Community. Since last year, the six companies producing cars in Spain have been exporting nione than 60 per cent of their tetal production. Spain's role as a supplier has been challenged before, ustably by British unions over the export of Ford and General Motors models.

Renault's car exports from Spain were cut back by 40 per cent last year and in the first five mouths of this year fell by's further 16 per cent, compared with the same 1984 period. Its production has dropped as a result, by 24 per cent in 1984 and by 15 per cent in 1984 and by 15 per cent in the January-May period.

The share of output sent abroad has come down from 23 per cent two years ago to



Problems rain on farmers in Ireland

THE DISASTROUS summe of Irish farmers, many of whom are already in severe debt difficulties. Local farmers' organisa-tions report panic selling of cattle because of the expected shortage of fedder this winter, and say I£200m (£161.3m) worth of cereal crops have been

The latest difficulties could not have come at a worse time for the banks, which have been struggling to collect repayments from hard-pressed farmers. Sub-stantial provisions against possible bad debts have had to be made, and bankers reckon up to 12100m of the 121.5bm on loan to the agricultural sector may have to be written off.

The farmers' problems have focused attention on the Agri-cultural Credit Corporation (ACC), the state-owned bank established to encourage agri-cultural development by lending to farmers.

ACC was at the centre of a legal flurry earlier this month when it successfully halted publication of a Dublin business magazine containing an article critical of ACC's finances.

So concerned were ACC executives about the possible damage that they obtained a court order banning mention of the original court order. Later, they also prevented the maga-ne, Irish Business, publishing another article based on internal documents leaked to the

Guarantees

Irish journalists are still weighing the implications of those two rulings, but in the meantime ACC has revealed some details of its financial position. The bank's deposits are government - guaranteed bere is no danger of a default. The question, however, is whether the Government will have to inject funds to maintain the bank's financial position,

ACC revealed that it had received 154m in Government guarantees last year, which pre vented it recording a loss. Executives insist that they will not require further state aid and that a vigorous programme of arrears collection will enable the bank to maintain profitability... without ... further

ability. without further Exchequer support. It is too early to say whether the bad summer will significantly affect the ability of ACC customers to repay. The bank revealed that about 10 per cent of its loans, Iffam, are non-performing, with neither interest nor principal being paid. Another IF120m is in arrears to one decree or arrears to one degree or

inother.

ACC will have set aside 1525m in bad debt provisions. This figure had not been given before and its absence has been All Irish bankers agree that there are disadvantages in revealing provisions for the agricultural sector. It seems

farmer clients are apt to badger the branch manager to have these particular loan included in the provisions.

in the provisions.

If other hanks estimates prove correct, ACC might have to write off most of that 1£25m eventually. ACC argues that its eventual write-offs will be lewer, partly because of its relationship with the farming community, and partly because most of the loans are secured on wortersees. on mortgages.

Agricultural

Falling land prices because of the squeeze in the industry mean ACC must be careful of how much land it sells. The lower prices also mean that the actual value of the security is not as great as when the loans were taken out. The crisis has its roots in

the crisis has its roots in the jump in agricultural prices and incomes after the Irish Republic joined the EEC in 1973. Many farmers borrowed heavily to increase output but this was often achieved merely through purchase of extra land, which at one stage reached the grossly-inflated price of more than 123,000 per acre. Since them, farmers have been caught in a vice: inferest

rates have rises, price rises from Brussels have slowed dramatically and, anti-recently, frish inflation was soaring ahead of the community The four main Irish banks are

The four main Irish banks are estimated to have made provisions of more than E160m for the agriculture sector against had debts to date, and provisions are likely to increase. They are not entirely happy about ACC's ability to call on government guarantees, especially as ACC is to be given powers to lend to the non-agricultural sector, including the area of home loans.

ACC would like to see the Government strengthen its capital base, which might avoid the need for what its chairman, Mr Oliver Ralony, called "dripfeed" support. At present, ACC has to fork out E13m annually to repay Government loans.

As farmers look for a 1520m

As farmers look for a 1f20m rescue fund just to cope with this year's disaster, the Government may prefer to hope that ACC can struggle through with no more than a little help from its shareholder.

Pol Pot stands down as commander of Khmer Rouge forces

Rampuchean stalemate emerged yesterday when Pol Pot, head of the murderous Khmer Rouge Government from 1975 to 1979, stood down as commander of the party's armed forces which are fighting the Hanol-installed Heng Samrin regime.

The unexpected move, described as a retirement by the

Khmer Rouge radio monitored in Bangkok, was the second conciliatory gesture by the Peking-backed party in as many months. In July the party openly admitted that a future petional covertiment might have national government might have to include the Heng Samrin group and not itself.

group and not itself.

Reaction from Hanoi,, which has persistently ruled out talks with what it calls the "Pol Pot clique," seemed likely to be negative, however. Pol Pot's replacement as army chief. Son Sen, was Minister of Defence while the property and its while in government and is a long-time associate of Pol Pot

long-time associate of Pol Pot and Ieng Sary, another key Khmer Rouge figure.

The Khmer is presided over by Khieu Samphan, with Son Sen as vice-president. The tripartite resistance coalition of which it is a part is recognised

POSSIBLE break in the by the UN as the legitimate oy the UN as the legitimate government of Kampuchea, with former ruler Prince Norodom Sihanouk as its president and Sonn Sann, head of the non-Communist Khmer People's National Liberation Front as Prime Minister Prime Minister. The Khmer Rouge's move.

The Khmer Rouge's move, presumably encouraged by Peking, appears to have surprised its two partners and their backers in the Association of South East Asian Nations (Asean), which group Thailand, Malaysin, Singapore, Indonesia, the Philippines and Brupei. Air Marshal Siddhi Savetsila, Thailand's Foreign Minister, welcomed the change when he heard of it

Asean has long sought a political solution to the Kampu-chean question, starting with a withdrawal by Vietnam of its estimated 170,000 troops which invaded Kampuchea in Decem-ber, 1978 and ousted the Pol Pot

The Khmer Rouge move comes in advance of the next UN General Assembly session starting later this mouth, when the Kampuchea issue is likely to be discussed once again, and means that Harri will have to respond. that Hanoi will have to respond.

A Philippines mayor who means business

BY CHRIS SHERWELL, RECENTLY IN OLONGAPU, THE



DICK GORDON is the unlikely workers into associations and name of an unlikely mayor in an unlikely Philippines city. A sense of identity and a vested interest in what they do. He has tackeld corruption, made a stories," the 40-year-old politician is sipped by some to go places in this troubled country. The city of which he is undisputed boss is Ologgapo. It lies 100km wast of Kanila on Subic Bay, one of the world's great natural harbours, and is home for the U.S. Seventh Fleet. You might not guess it from the stuming array of colourful girlie bars and clipname of an unlikely mayor in co-operatives to give them a blamed for the rumours and from the stunning array of do it, I told them their business speculation which culminated in colourful girlie bars and clip would improve because the

bearing Chidy's or Baby's, but Dick It has," Gordon's five years as mayor have cleaned up the town. "In 1979, there were muggers, hookers, drunks and beggars walking the streets and garbage lying around," he says. "Not any more. Other cities want to see what we've done and

how we've done it. We're ahead of the pack." Anyone who knows the Philippines knows he is not far wrong. Part of the secret is Dick Gordon himself. Half-Filipino, half-American, he learned much

half-American, he learned much of his politics from his father, James Gordon, a U.S. ex-serviceman, who married a local woman, took out Philippines ditzenship and became mayor of Olongapo. Brutally assassinated in 1967, his cause was taken up by his widow, Mrs Amelia Gordon, who also became mayor and is now a member of the national assemmember of the national assem-bly for Llongapo, and latterly by his son. Mr Gordon was elected in

Mr Gordon was elected in 1980 as a member of the ruling KBL (New Society Movement) party set up by President Ferdinand Marcos, and made it a priority to improve poor relations between the city and those running the U.S. navel base.

"The problems were the fault of both sides," he says. Now they are amicably resolved and Mr Gordon is an unblushing supporter of the facility and of Clark air base nearby.

Perhaps this is not surprising, for Subio is the focus of Olongapo life. The base employs 26,000 Filipinos, a tenth of the population and injects some

the population and injects some \$216m (£155m) a year directly into the local economy. About 9,000 sailors and marines are in

port at any one time and the the number increases when the fleet is home. fleet is home.

It is sometimes said that the workers of Olongapo know even before the U.S. Navy when a carrier is due. The navy acknowledges that Olongapo offers "some of the best liberty in Asia"—advertised by one local establishment as "the coldest beer and hottest girls in town."

He went on to deal with footpath and mobile vendors, who also now have identity and licence tags, and organised flestas to raise money for a fund providing no-interest loans to

city employees.
On corruption, Mr Gordon ("I don't take kickbacks") takes a hard public line. "I settle complaints against indi-vidual policemen myself, if necessary by suspending them. The point is, people now know

He also rewards policemen according to their efficiency. Not a fan of the Civilian Home

6Filipinos don't trust each other, but they don't want not to be trusted. Local leaders in our country have to win the trust of the people, and should themselves be trusted by those above?

Defence Force, the country's paramilitary forces, he is even trying a "neighbourhood watch" system to deal with crime. "I want ordinary people to be our even and ears." to be our eyes and ears."

Mr Gordon, to promote his ideas and boost support ("If's a 24-hour job") appears on a a 24-hour job") appears on a weekly programme on his own local station, runs an open house at weekends and regularly parades the streets greeting workers and residents.

His popularity is far from universal, as the ever-present armed bedyguards testify and, being a local politician, he is virtually unknown nationally, a minor figure. man

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carrier is due. The navy schnowledges that Olongapo offers "some of the best liberty in Asia"—advertised by one local establishment as "the coldest beer and hottest girls in town."

Mr Gordon has banned striptease and live sex shows but is realistic about Olongapo's recreational role and insists on regular medical checks for the prostitutes.

wirtually unknown nationally, a minor figure.

However, Dick Gordon does not hesitate to voice his continues. "Filipinos don't trust each other, but they don't want not to be trusted. Local leaders in our country have to win the trust of the people, and should themselves be trusted by those above."

Does he have bigger political ambitions? It is not something

regular medical checks for the prostitutes.

What makes Dick Gordon and Olongapo interesting, however, is the way the city has advanced on other fronts. He has cajoled

Does he have bigger political ambitions? It is not something Mr Gordon openly admits to, aithough many predict he will outgrow Olongapo, "We'll have to wait and see," he says.

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Peter Montagnon assesses the implications of S. Africa's moratorium on debt repayments

Pretoria takes a carefully-planned gamble

gambles taken by South Africa scale.

It will be some days before in declaring a four-month mora-torium on debt repayments appeared to have paid off yes-terday as the rand strengthened on the Johannesburg exchange market and international money markets greeted the news with relative calm.

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Leading central banks had been bracing themselves for potential trouble in the markets as it became clear that South Africa was to be the first major soverign debtor ever to announce a rescheduling of short-term borrowings in the sensitive international interbank market. Interbank borrowings — or money market finance raised by one bank from another — are normally ex-cluded from reschedulings for fear of disrupting the core mar-ket on whose smooth function-ing the world's financial system

Their hope had been that the marketplace would treat South Africa as a limited and special case, lessening the risk of a con-tagious loss of confidence that might have disrupted money

ICC opposes imposition of sanctions

Diplometic Correspon

THE International Chamber of Commerce yesterday issued a statement in Lendon opposing the imposition of economic sanctions against South Africa, while at the same time advocating the "speedy dismantlement" of apartheld.

The ICC is convinced that South Africa of multinational companies would weaken the pressures towards further change and probably lead to the development of a siege economy in which the black community would stand to lose, the statement said.

"The ICC contends that the "The ICC common that the isolation of South Africa through the disengagement of international business would encourage destabilisation, not only in South Africa, but in neighbouring states."

South Africa can be sure that south Africa can be sure that it has got away with this particular gamble, especially since U.S. banks, which were in the forefront of those withdrawing short term credit from South Africa in recent days, were closed for yesterday's Labour Day holiday.

Day holiday. But in yesterday's relative market calm bankers were able to assess South Africa's other gamble—that it could unilaterally impose a rescheduling of a large part of its foreign debt while retaining access to enough international credit to stave off the deep recession that

such a move would normally produce. Only now, as the markets digest Pretoria's moves, is it becoming clear that they form part of a carefully planned strategy rather than a fumbled last minute response to the refusal of the international community at large to extend

further credit.
South Africa has given itself a four month breathing space to come to a more permanent

Rather than set all the conditions of such a rescheduling itself, South Africa has found an alternative to the negotiating committee of leading banks that is normally formed to handle sovereign debt negotiations. The political background to its crisis means that no bank would wish to sit publicly on

Instead South Africa will appoint a senior individual banker as an "honest broker" between itself and the banking community at large. This is seen as an important step be-cause, depending on the calibre of the banker selected, it could make the rescheduling easier to sell to creditors generally.

While the moratorium is in place over the next four months South Africa will also be able and loans contracted through are going to be hard to accumulate substantial gold swaps.

Bankers believe that South finance just to keep a cause of its balance of payments Africa hopes to continue to keep rescheduling in place.

Indeed for such proposals to be accepted in the absence of a full International Monetary Fund programme, South Africa will almost certainly have to set a phased timetable for the prompt and full repayment of

all its short term debt.
During the rescheduling South Africa can no longer expect to raise traditional bank credit. Indeed the moratorium will almost certainly deal a perma-nent blow to the international business aspirations of its own banks, who incurred much of the short term debt. But the details of Sunday's measures point to a way in which other options have carefully been left

open.
The moratorium excludes, for example, export credit guaran-teed by foreign governments

arrangement to reschedule the surplus, now running at \$20n (£8.5bn) in short term annually. These can be offered debt that was weighing so as a down payment of principal heavily on its economy in the to sweeten the rescheduling profirst place. The debt makes up more than two-thirds of its total ally put forward through its place. The debt mediator.

South Africa will eventuate while still paying back debt to commercial banks. Foreign suppliers may also extend credit, when the suppliers may also extend credit. thus bypassing the banking

> Initial reaction yesterday, however, was that this is a tall order given the volatile political background and growing inter-

Banks are generally expected to bow to a rescheduling by South Africa, if only because most tacifly admit that the country has no other choice and because it will continue to pay

But doubts were growing yesterday about how far South Africa will be able to raise alternative forms of credit in emergency finance, even at a time of potential risk to the banking system, governments are going to be hard put to it to provide long term export finance just to keep a unilateral

Miners' strike set for widespread action

African black miners which began on Sunday night
6,000 black miners reported to of its mines to break up large
seems set to be more widespread and unpredictable than
Beatrix gold mine in the

OFFICIAL strike by (GFSA) were the most seriously mines. Gencor reported that broke out at its Deelkraal mine,

spread and unpredictable than first thought. Strikes broke out yesterday on several mines not included in the list of seven gold and coal mines against which the National Union of Mineworkers (NUM) threatened strike action.

Mines belonging to Gencor

and Gold Fields of South Africa

Beatrix gold mine in the Orange Free State.

Seven Gencor mines were affected although earlier the materialise after mine manage ment reportedly isolated a group of over 20,000 workers had been ment reportedly isolated a group of over 200 pro-strike the day. They also reported that activities after fighting on Sunday. Twenty-one workers were arrester, mainly at Kloof and arrested on charge of public Beatrix mines. Police reported disturbance, Instead, a strike the arrest of only 25 people,

affected yesterday with over tear gas had been used at two 6,000 black miners reported to 6,000 black miners reported to be on strike at Gencor's new crowds.

Gencor reported that two broke out at its Decktrain mine, about 40 miles south-west of Johannesburg, where the NUM is not recognised and which was not on the list of seven targeted

Poor vehicle sales force staff cutbacks

SHARPLY LOWER vehicle sales and a serious build-up of stocks have forced two South African motor assembly groups to reduce staff or close their plants temporarily.

The continuing recession in the South African car industry has forced General Motors to retrench more men at its Port Elizabeth car plant while BMW is to close its Rosslyn plant near Preforia for five weeks. The months of the year, compared to reduce invenions of the year, compared to reduce the possibility of further staff reductions at all of them were re-employed in April and May.

Meanwhile, BMW said it will after date. The company close its Rosslyn assembly plant in the further staff reductions at all of them were re-employed in April and May.

Meanwhile, BMW said it will after date. The company close its Rosslyn assembly plant in the further staff reductions at a later date. The company close its Rosslyn assembly plant in the workers would be reduction in the ladour force for five weeks be accuse of a growing build-up in the further staff reductions at a later date. The remolection in the semily of further staff of further staff of furth

Key Arafat supporter shot by rival faction

By Nora Boustany in Beirut

ANOTHER key supporter of Mr Yassir Arafat, chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation, has been shot and severely wounded in the continuing struggle between rival Palestinian factions.

Mr Hussein al Haybe, a senior security commander at the Ain al Helweh refugee camp outside Sidon in south-ern Lebanon, was the seventh prominent Arafat supporter to have been attacked in the area in the past two months.

Yesterday's shooting is certain to exacerbate the ten-sions between Palestinians loyal to Mr Arafat and the breakaway faction which has its headquarters in Damascus, the Syrian capital.

Sources in Damascus reported yesterday that the reported yesterday that the leadership of the breakaway group, which originally first challenged Mr Arafat in the autumn of 1982, had been expanded from six to nine members. Among the new appointments is said to be Dr Elias Shoulani who becomes "seneral commissioner."

Officials in Sidon, known for their close allegiance to the Damascus regime, have accused Mr Arafat of ferrying arms, men and material to the nearby refugee camps in an attempt to rebuild his guerrilla power base in south

The Shi'ite Amal movement has tried to keep a firm grip on security in south Lebanon and has prohibited Palestinian factions as well as extremist Shi'ite groups such as Hezbollah, the Party of God, from staging anti-Israeli activity in liberated territory. The Shi'lte Amal movement Israeli troops have retreated to a narrow border strip in a multi-stage withdrawal triggered by numerous hit-and-run and suicide attacks.

Mr Arafat's second in com-mand, Salah Khalaf, known as Abu Iyad, told a Gulf news-paper that guerrilla camps set up in Tunisia in 1982 in the aftermath of the PLO evacuation from Beirut and south Lebanon have now been shut. Abu Iyad added that the fighters from those camps have been sent back to south Lebanon and Iraq.

Israeli Cabinet fails to agree on tactics to follow wage freeze

THE ISRAELI national unity the largest labour organisation

the small right-wing Liberal Party, has been trying for some time to persuade his Cabinet colleagues that controls on wages must be extended to the end of the financial year next March.

The Cabinet is divided between its Labour and Likud members, who yesterday said they would undertake informal contacts during the next few days in an attempt to narrow differences before the next Cabinet session.

Mr Moda'i fears that the ending of the three-month freeze only temporary and he has could be followed by a spate of demanded that unions and empay demands which could cut ployers should open immediate across his strategy of economic negotiations on pay instead of

Government failed again yester-day to agree on measures to follow the three-month freeze of wages and prices due to end in four weeks' time.

Interpret labour organization and the biggest employer in Israel, is resolutely opposed to any further suspension of wage indexation. It argues that its members, numbering more than Mr Yitzhak Moda'i, the 2m, have suffered enough as a Finance Minister and leader of result of the freeze.

It also claims it was assured by Mr Shimon Peres, the Labour Prime Minister, that no further wage measures would be permitted.

is a sacred tenet of Histadrut theology, even pre-dating the existence of the state, and Mr Moda'i is on record as believing that his weakening of that link is a major achievement.

Aware of this, Mr Israel Kessar, Histadrut's secretary general, is determined to demonstrate that government decree in labour relations is pay demands which could cut ployers should open immediate across his strategy of economic negotiations on pay instead of austerity.

However, the Histadrut trade tion that has the look of union federation, which is both permanence about it.

Morocco announces rise in price of basic foods

BY FRANCIS GHILES IN RABAT

THE MOROCCAN Government such measures have provoked

rani, the Prime Minister, stressed that the price increases were part of a broader policy aimed at improving the coun-try's external financial position and was confident that they would be well received by the Moroccan people.

Sugar prices are to go up on average by 15 per cent, flour by 25 per cent and cooking oils by 15 per cent. It was also announced that minimum wages are to be increased by 10 per

THE MONOCCAN Government such measures mave provided in the past.

In the prices of a number of basic foodstuffs, the first for two years.

Mr Mohammed Karim Lamanton over the rescheduling of its \$13bn (£9bn) external debt.

It has been talking intermittently since September 1983 with the banks grouped in the Paris Club and the International Monetary Fund.

• Algerian President Chadling Chadl Benjedid met President Habib Bourguiba yesterday on the crisis between Tunisia and Libya and promised that Algeria would "always be at Tunisia's side," Reuter reports

from Tunis,
The visit came amid signs of
a slowdown in the expulsions Morocco, in common with of Tunisian emigrant workers neighbouring Middle Eastern from Libya, the cause of the countries, is anxious to trim its dispute. Tunisia has accused budget deficit and contain the Libyan leader Muammar Gadcost of subsidising basic food-dafi of massing troops on the stuffs. However, it is also aware border and threatening to use the political unpopularity force.

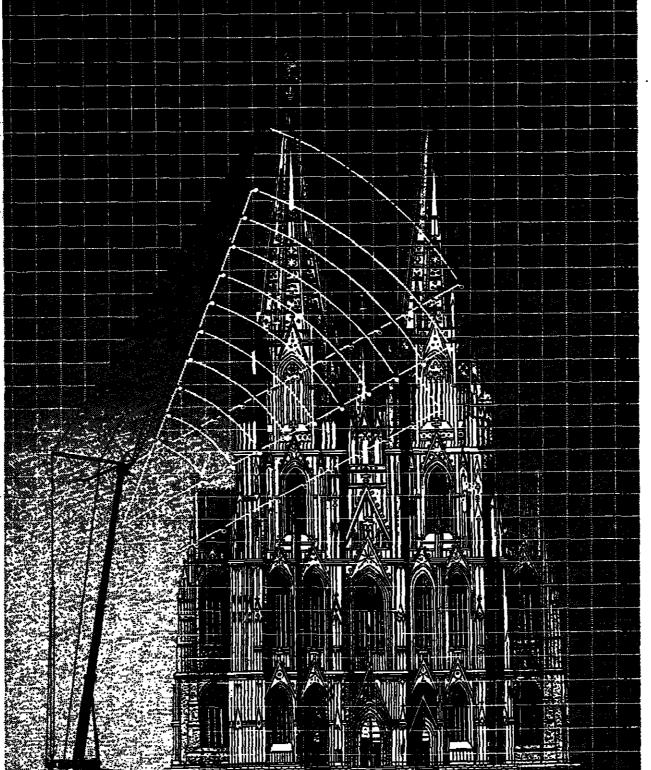
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PROGRESS IN breaking down the internal EEC barriers to trade in services had been disappointingly slow, Lord Cockfield, vice-president of the EEC Commission, said in London yesterday.

Liberalisation of financia Etiberalisation of manual services in particular would be a major step towards integration, he added.

A Commission directive

co-ordinating the rules for investment in transferable securities such as unit trusts should soon be adopted, Lord Cockfield told a meeting of the London Europe Society.
Further ahead was the possibility of creating a European securities market with national stock exchanges linked

electronically.

That required freedom of capital movement "dictated by the economic interests of the Community as a whole and and not by what are often mis-takenly seen to be national interests."

That, in turn. reinforcing and developing the European Monetary System (EMS), the Commissioner said. "We must remember that the monetary system is not simply a prerogative of governments. The people whose interests are most directly affected are not governments at all, but trade

and industry.

"They have to generate the wealth. Governments merely dissipate it."

The welding of the separate economies of the Community into a single market was particularly important for Britain which was "uniquely dependent on international trade."

Austrian bank holds China credit talks CREDITANSTALT BANK VEREIN, Austria's largest bank, is negotiating a Sch 6.9bn (£252m) export credit line with the Bank of China, the bank said yesterday, Patrick Blum reports from Vienna. The terms for the credit line

have not vet been fixed.

Paris sees its stance on new round start to pay off

FRANCE HAS never shown I uch enthusiasm for a new round of General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (Gatt) talks. But the Government now faces the prospect with a deal more equanimity after comforting itself that the summer has seen a rallying of opinion to positions that France has long defended.

The central point for the

The central point for the French is that a new conference makes no sense without prior agreement on an agenda and agreement on an agenca and on the participation of the major developing countries such as India, Brazil, Egypt and Mexico. The French insistence on this was important in shaping the EEC position.

The Government now believes its point has become more

its point has become more generally accepted because U.S. pressure for fixing a starting date next year has stopped and the contracting parties to Gatt are pursuing diplomatic are pursuing diplomatic inquiries about timetable and content

The French seemed isolated at both the Organisation of Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) ministerial conference in May and at the Bonn seven-power summit in June because of their refusal to accept the fixing of a starting date and their insistence that accompanied by parallel progress on monetary reform.

France has always feared that without adequate preparation, the opening of a conference could be followed by a long hiatus involving disputes over

President Francois Mitterrand dug in his heels at the Bonn summit out of anger with the U.S. and the West Germans. France was angry with the U.S. because the Administration was giving such prominence to agriculture in a new Gatt rou under pressure from its cereal exporters. The bulk of the EEC's annual 15m-20m tonnes of cereal exports come from

France was annoyed with West Germany because Chancelior Helmut Rohl appeared ready to accept the start of a new round on this basis, with the French effectively paying the price over cereal trade. West Germany was also refusing to lower its cereal prices as had been foreshadowed under EEC

French recognise that they be-

The U.S. argument has been that without a firm date the Reagan Administration could not check the protectionist pressures in Congress. The French have never believed the U.S. is moving their way in the U.S. is moving their way in that it is increasingly accepted this was sufficient reason for a precipitate launching of a new round.

France has always feared that

As talks go on to smooth the way to a high-level Gatt meeting, David Housego in Paris looks at France's attitude to a new round.

view among developing countries.

In any case, French officials are ready to accept that the present monetary negotiations through the Group of 10 and the interim committee of the International Monetary Fund (DMF) —to improve the workings of the international monetary -go some way to meet their demands.

It would be surprising if the French put a spanner in the works of the trade negotiations because of dissatisfaction at the slow pace of monetary reform. The apparent isolation of On monetary reform, the Paris over both the timing and rench recognise that they be- the monetary issue probably

"We are not demandeurs (askers) in this affair," Mone Cresson liked to recall, putting

the onus on the U.S. to come up with specific proposals.

In practice, however, the French now believe that many

useful things could come out of a new round in the sense of

further defining the rules of the game in world trade (volun-

tary restrictions, counterfeiting,

safeguards, public procurement,

subsidies, and on more precise issues of interest to France.

French officials think they can discern the outlines of a potential agricultural "peace" with the U.S. over cereal

They believe that the U.S. and the EEC will come to accept

a ceasefire over the volume of wheat sales along the lines of the status quo, without clear signs yet whether this will be defined as market share or tonpage. Such an agreement is vital

for France as wheat sales are the equivalent to a third of energy imports. But officials say that it could as easily be reached in negotiations between the Commission and the U.S. as through the Gatt.

The French strongly share the belief of their European partners that new negotiations must be used to bring strong pressure on Japan to widen its frontiers. They were disconcerted that

at Bonn, where they think that Japanese trading practices should have been in the dock, press headlines were focused more on French quarrels with the U.S. They note with approval that pressure in the U.S. to be tougher with the Japanese is growing. Some French officials take

ing countries, believes that services should be included in a single negotiation. But Paris does not believe that Gatt should be the sole organisation with responsibility for surveillance over service trans-

Services include such a wide variety of topics—banking, in-surance, tourism and dataflows —that each sector must be treated on its own, say the French. They do not believe that rules of the game can be drawn up which could cover the whole board.

The Government has long been hostile to a new round incorporating high technology. They believe that past U.S. and Japanese pressure on this issue Japanese pressure on this issue would have in practice involved Europe adopting the same methods of financing its research as the other two countries, whereas the European approach is different.

They detect that U.S. pressure on this issue is weakening except in the tele-communications sector.

The ICAO has a tougher rule

but which is a guideline only, that recommends twin-engined airliners over water should

time on single-engine craising

speed from a suitable airport.
This would make it easier for
more airlines to fly longer
distances over water than at

Czech beer may be produced in West

Prague CZECHSLOVAK beer could be produced in the West for the first time under licence if negotiations with Labatts. the Canadian brewers, are success-

ful.
The Czechoslovak brewers organisation in Prague is confident of the outcome of its extended talks with the Canadian concern. Labatts is Canadian concern. Labatts is Canada's second largest brewery and part of Brascan, the holding company for the Peter and Edward Broniman group.

For some years, Czechoslovakia has been assumed to be refuctant to seek foreign becomes progression for fear it

oe reluciant to seek toreign licenced production for fear it would undermine successful exports in bottled beer such as Pilsner Urquell and Budweiser

Budwar.

The Government had also fought an unsuccessful battle to stop foreign beers being called Pilsner—the beer Pilsner. comes from the town of Pilsen or Pizen in Eastern Czechoslovakia, or Budweiser, which comes from the town of Ceske Budejovice.
According to Mr

Vaclav Husak, director-general of the Czechsolovak Brewers and Malt Producers' organisation in Prague, the big export names would not be produced by the Canadians.

The name of the new beer has not yet been agreed but international trading conven-tions block foreign licences linked to city or town place-

Greece rejects oil accusation By Andriana lerodiaconou in

GREECE'S Energy and Industry Minister, Mr Lefteris Veryvakis, has rejected accusations by the North Aegean Petroleum Company (NAPC), the international consortium led by Denison Mines, that the Government is trying to force the re-negotiation of the terms of a 1975. Hopeping approximate by

1975 Reensing agreement by probibiting new oil exploration in northern Greece. There has been no blackmail from the Greek side," the minister told the Greek press on Wed-

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NAPC is suing the Government over a ban on the drilling of a new exploratory well west of the North Aegean island of Thassos, within the conces-sional area defined by the 1975 agreement.

The Government, for its part, is accusing NAPC of lack of co-operation in negotiating some form of participation by the state-run Public Petroleum Corporation (DEP) in oil prospecting in the North Aegean. Angeles and San Francisco and Paris. NAPC officials say that they are willing to include DEP in the consortium, but not to renegotiate the terms of the 1973

Austrians, Swiss win

BRITISH negotiators, reported to be seeking more flights to China for British and Hong Kong-based airlines, opened air service talks with aviation officials in Peking yesterday, AP reports.

Under the Sino-British Air Services Agreement set up in 1979, China's state airline, CAAC, operates 59 flights a week to Hong Kong and London, while British Airways and Cathay Pacific have five flights to China.

The new Hong Kong airline, Dragonair, heavily financed by China, also hopes to launch charter flights to the mainland.

"Normally what one looks for is a degree of balance," Hong Kong is a degree of balance," Hong Kong airline, to Sind in Feling director of Civil Aviation, Mr Norman Latham, said last Thursday.

British officials said the talks at Peking's Ritan Hotel will last several days.

They follow last month's rejections, first in Hong Kong and then in Peking, of Dragonair air and Cathay Pacific bids for new flights to Shanghai and announced yesterday, Patrick Blum reports from Vienna.

The company would not give the talks may result in Peking announced yesterday, Patrick Blum reports from Vienna.

The company would not give the talks may result in Peking announced yesterday, Patrick Blum reports from Vienna.

Alivways and Cathay Pacific, in return fo ra Dragonair foothold.

Saipem in deal to double Genscher signs DM 268m loan pact with Cairo

HERR Hans-Dietrich Genscher, West Germany's Foreign Minister, signed agreements with the Egyptian Planning Ministry yesterday for soft loans to Egypt valued at DM268m

Herr Genscher made a oneday visit to Egypt on the last leg of his Middle East tour and met President Hosni Mubarak and Prime Minister Kamal

Hassan Ali The loans for 1985 are divided into DM235m in financial aid and DM33m in technical assistance. Of the totals, DM8m is a direct grant and the rest in soft loans. These have a 10Iraqi pipeline capacity BY JAMES BUXTON IN ROME

SAIPEM, the pipelaying and drilling subsidiary of ENI, the Italian state energy group, has won a contract to double the capacity of the Iraqi section of the oil pipeline connecting Iraq with the Medicarranean via Turkey.

It recently won a contract for the Turkish section. The two contracts are worth about L1,000hn (£530m). With Iraq's oil tanker terminals closed by the war with Iran, the pipeline is currently

the country's only means of exporting crude oil. Iraq's pipeline to the Mediterranean via Syria is closed.

place on a link from Iraq to the Saudi Arabian Transpeninsula pipeline, terminal of which is at Yanbu.

Saipem is to build a 900-km line of 46-inch pipe alongside the existing pipeline. It will have the effect of raising the throughput of the pipeline to 1.5m barrels a day.

The contract is divided into two parts, one part with the Turkish pipeline company Botas for the 600-km Turkish section which terminates at Iskanderun, and one with the Iraqi company, Scop, for the 300-km Iraqi section which commences at Kirkuk,

Japanese, Thais in bid to set up diesel plant

THREE Japanese-Thai joint ventures and a Thai Pengeotlicensee company are seeking Thai Government approval to invest \$148m (£105m) to produce diesel engines for pick-up trucks in Thailand.

The four are competing to win endorsement from the Board of Investment, the country's investment agency.
Approval would give them
import tax exemption and tax holidays.

Toyota Motor of Japan and Siam Cement Company (SCC), Thailand's largest industrial company, have teamed up to each hold a 40 per cent interest in a \$38.82m venture to produce 24,000 engines a year.

Industrial Finance Corpora-tion of Thailand and a Thai unit of Nippon Denso, which makes vehicle air-conditioners. share equally the remaining 20 per cent. Isuzu, Mazda and Mitsubishi

of Japan have through their local distributors, Tri-Petch Isuzu, Kamol Sukosol and Sittipol Motor, submitted a \$43.21m plan to produce some 40,000 engines annually. The Thai partners will hold 90 per cent stakes with the Japanese taking the rest.
Nissan and its Thai distribu

tor Siam Motor has proposed a \$37.69m venture, taking 30 per cent and 70 per cent stakes respectively, to manufacture diesel engines.

Peugeot's local distributor Youtrakit said it would invest units a year of Peugeot 504 diesel engines. The project would be wholly Thai-owned, with technology and expertise supplied by the French vehicles

It is expected that three of the four projects will be approved by the Board of Investment later this year.

Foreign pharmaceutical producers and importers in Thai-land have called on the Govern-ment to introduce a patent law to protect their products against unfair competition and eliminate spbstandard drugs from

Pan Am to use Airbus on transatlantic flights

BY MICHAEL DONNE, AEROSPACE CORRESPONDENT

PAN AMERICAN AIRWAYS will become the first airline to use the twin-engined European A-300 Airbus on regularly-mandatory rule that an airliner scheduled transatlantic flights, must be no more than 60 when it starts daily services minutes flying-time at single-between New York and Shannon, Eire, on April 27 next. from a suitable airport. Other airlines, such as Air Canada. El Al of Israel and Trans World, are already flying twin-engined airliners regularly airliners over water should across the North Atlantic never be less than 90 minutes' between North America and flying time away from a suitable Europe, but they all use the airport with both engines Boeing 767 aircraft.

Twin-engined transatlantic operations are of growing airline industry for a new rule, interest to the airlines, for they involving 90 minutes' flying enable them to provide services.

enable them to provide services to points where passenger loads do not justify the use of bigger four-engined Boeing 747s or three-engined Lockheed Tri-

Stars or McDonnell Douglas
DC-10s.
Extensive studies into the technical and safety aspects of DC-10s. and regulatory authorities are Extensive studies into the technical and safety aspects of twin-engined flying over long sively across the North Atlantic distances over water have been with four-engined 747s, and will carried out by the International be expanding those operations (ICAO)—the aviation technical between Chicago and Frankfurt agency of the United Nations—
as well as by the airlines and regulatory bodies such as the Federal Aviation Administration and the UK Civil Aviation

Appeles and San Francisco and Paris; between New York and Brussels and Milan; between Washington and Brussels and between Los Appeles and San Francisco and Paris.

British start air-service

negotiations with China

BY PAUL CHEESERIGHT IN BRUSSELS

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Hilti agrees to alter marketing practices after Brussels probe



Sie erhalten die

Financial Times

with the abuse of a dominant posi-tion in the market.

Interim decisions in this context are not unlike a British High Court

There was a danger, it was charged,

EEC.

But a wader investigation is tak-ting place into the panophy of Hilbi marketing practices throughout the

HILTI, the Liechtenstein tools man- injunction when action is taken to that they could be forced out of the marketing practices in the face of in a case. In the Hilli affair there

The competition investigations mounted was a danger of competition breaking down in the trade for accessory. The investigation started in remaining down in the trade for accessory will not discriminate against companies which can be used on Hilti sponse to complaints from Eurofix tools, the Commission believed.

and Bauco, two British nail manufacturers.

The Commission said yesterday that it had accepted an undertaking from Hilti on supplies of magazines and nails for its power actuated tools, better known as nail guns, and was suspending its proceedings for an interim decision on Article 86 of the EEC Treaty. The article deals

of the EEC Treaty. The article deals with the abuse of a dominant position in the market.

Eurofix and Bauco alleged that Hilti was abusing its dominant position in the market.

Eurofix and Bauco alleged that decision would be given.

But a wider investigation is tak-

The Hilti undertaking to the

the other, but not both.

'Cease trading' call in Sweden

BY DAVID BROWN IN STOCKHOLM

SWEDEN's Social Democratic Gov- legislation to ben trading in Kru- counted for SKr 104m and fruit and against its apartheid policies.

Several Swedish companies op-erating directly in South Africa also

ermment said yesterday it would is sue a non-binding recommendation that Swedish companies cease trading with South Africa in protest gation into its dependence on South gation into its dependence on South African minerals but has not banned the purchase of metals —

vegetables for SKr 58m.
The effectiveness of a boycott mounted by a single country is likely to be limited, said Mr Mats

Hellström, Trade Minister, "but we hope to provide an example for other countries to do the same."

eraing directly in South Africa also issued a joint statement making a general call on the Pretoria Government to eliminate apartheid.

Swedish imports from South Africa for the first five months ending in May rose 57 per cent to SKr stockholm also plans to introduce 236m (\$28.3m). Of this, metals accumulately and the protocol of the statement Sweden recently tightened its

FR

E

PRESIDENT Ronald Reagan yesterday ended a three week convalescence from cancer it to distract attention from surgery at his Californian ranch and flew back to face a series of political challenges whose outcome will have a decisive impact on the second term of his Administration.

The President was due to The President was due to a set the political agenda and take one issue at a time, but the wide range of controversial issues he faces

pendence, Missouri, hometown three months of former Democratic President acrimonious. Harry Truman, to launch what his aides are describing as his this month with a political tax reform. The White House tax reform. The White House by Mr Donald Regan, which is maintains the package is still widely criticised as lack-the centrepiece of its domestic ing political sensitivity and which is reported by the contraction of the contracti political agenda.

opponents on Capitol Hill will faces.

flight to Washington at Indescens set to make the next out a position which has of former Democratic President Mr Reagan enters the fray

political agenda. which is reportedly facing Few expect the tax reform plan to be passed this year and neither the President's political about how the President cal allies nor his Democratic will cope with the burdens he

The latest developments in South Africa and the mounting Hill in the face of an unprecedented \$150on (£107m) trade deficit will be high on the agenda when Congress recon-

venes next week. arready led to harsh exchanges not only with leading Demo-crats, but also with Republican leaders. Republicans are fear-ful that the White House is paying too little attention to next year's congressional elec-tions when Republican control of the Senate is hanging in the balance

The President has threatened

The latest storm has followed

an erratic course across the Gulf of Mexico first striking on

New Orleans, then Pen Sacola, later the Florida coast north of

St. Petersburg and finally on the Mississippi coast. Since it first began stalking the south-west coast local offi-cials have ordered police to use

all their power of persuassion,

tions Bill at a time when there partner. are fears that the financial mar-kets' waning confidence in the Before the events of the past economic forecasts.

week it was widely predicted that President Reagan would veto a sanctions Bill. The White House still says that "constructive engagement" who is quoted this week as

to veto "protectionist" trade Another formidable task legislation and is warning that ahead of the President is the

cane researcher at Florida State University has warned that Elena's energy is "generally

thousands of times greater than an atom bomb." There were re-

an atom bomb," There were re-ports yesterday that highways leading from the coast were jammed with fleeing local resi-dents as people were driving as far as north Georgia to find

he will also veto form and bud-get spending Bills which do ber 19-20 with Mr Mikhail not meet the White House's Gorbachev, the Soviet Premier. Gorbachev, the Soviet Premier.
A recent interview in Time fiscal priorities. A recent interview in Time On South Africa too the Magazine was a clear reminder President is facing Senate that the Soviet Premier promises passage of a compromise sanc- to be a formidable debating

At home there are growing doubts about whether the U.S. white Government in South
Africa has effectively undercut the Administration's policy
of "constructive engagement" to meet the Administration's

remains official policy but projecting an upswing from the Washington now appears to be distancing itself from Pretoria.

Another formidable task 34 per cent rise in real GNP in the fourth quarter of this year



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Hurricane Elena batters Mississippi coast BY WILLIAM HALL IN NEW YORK

HURRICANE ELENA yesterday swept ashore into southern Mississippi bringing with its 12 feet high tidal surges and 120 mph winds which pounded the coastal city of Biloxi.

The hurricane, which had been surgesting account the Call

The hurricane, which had been zigzagging across the Gulf of Mexico since late last week, suddenly whirled away from Florida's central gulf coast on Sunday and hit the coast of Mississippi. It caused official hurricane alerts along 500 miles of coastline stretching from Yankeetown, Florida, to New Orleans in Louisiana.

Winds of over 120 mph, torrential rain and tidal surges of 12 feet and more have caused extensive flooding, untold

or 12 feet and more have caused extensive flooding, untold damage and led to the evacua-tion of an estimated 500,000 residents from the low lying coastal areas of Florida, Alabama and Mississippi.

Over the weekend Mr Bob Graham, Florida's Governor, ordered the largest evacuation of people in the state's history. He warned that "if the hurri-cane hits the Florida coast,

injury or death, or can evacuate hurricane Alicia which struck short of arrest, to evacuate more immediately and protect their Galveston Island, Texas, in than im residents.

Local officials are particularly concerned because many residents who have moved into the low lying areas in recent years have never experienced a major

The number of homes along the Alabama coast that could be in danger has doubled since the last serious hurricane, Frederic, hit the southwest. Billions of dollars of new hotels and shore line property have been con-structed since Frederic de-vasted the Florida and Alabama coast in September 1979.

Some 13 people were killed by hurricane Frederic but it was the most costly hurricane to date doing over \$2.80n of damage. The most deadly hurricape in terms of less of life in recent years was hurricane Camille in 1969 which killed 256 people.

U.S. weather officials have up-graded Elena to a "major hurricane" ranking three on a scale of one to five because its winds had exceeded 110 miles coastal residents have only two choices. They can stay in their homes and face almost certain storm in the Gulf of Mexico was

Ecuador banker killed as troops hit guerrilla hideout

ONE OF Ecuador's leading the back and front of the bankers died in a hall of bullets guerrilla "safe house" before yesterday as police and troops stormed the hideout of his

guerrilla "safe-house" dawn and stormed in yesterday as police and troops stormed the hideout of his leftist guerrilla kidnappers, ending a two-day slege, Reuter reports from Guayaguil.

Four guerrillas who were holding Sr Isaias Nahim in a two-storey house in this Pacific Ocean port also died, Sr Luis Chiriboga, Red Cross President said.

Sr Nahim died in hospital of dawn and stormed in. The insurgents, who abducted Sr Nahim on August 7 and were demanding a \$5m (£3.6m) ransom, belonged to Ecuador's Alfaro Vive Carajo guerrilla movement, and to M-19, the most active guerilla group in neighbouring Colombia.

Sr Nahim, 54, owned Ecuador's second-largest bank, Filanbanco, and was a honorary

Sr. Nahim died in hospital of Filanbanco, and was a bonorary chest wounds sustained after president of the Republic security forces blasted holes in National Bank of Mismi.

Bolivian unions fight tough economic package

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sgainst tough economic measures aimed at halting the world's highest inflation rate, Reuter reports from La Par.

The military command said to fight unrest if police, already on a state of alert, were unable

Labour unions called a mass rally in La Paz yesterday in protest at the measures, un-veiled on Thursday by the three-week-old centrist govern-ment of President Victor Paz

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STRIKES crippled Bolivia inflation rate of more than yesterday as unions protested 14,000 per cent a year.

The moves, which effectively devalued the currency by nearly 95 per cent and froze public sector wages for four months, brought 10-fold overnight increases in food prices.

Miners were on the second day of a two-day nationwide strike yesterday and the national factory workers' union called out its members for 48 hours, union officials said.

on Thursday by the Leaders of the powerful labour confederation are f President Victor Paz scheduled to meet today to oro in a bid to curb an decide on further action.

Impressive

Entrance Hall

and Reception

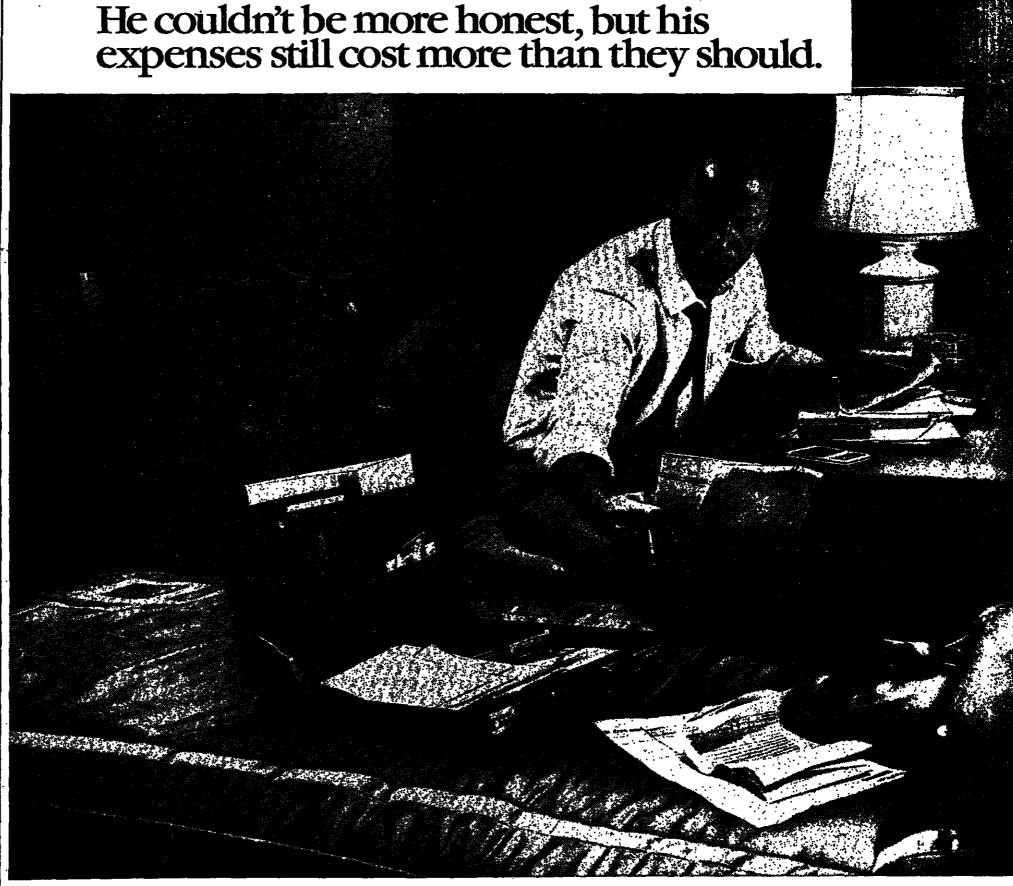
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Borrowing by ECGD runs at £30m a month

THE EXPORT Credits Guarantee Department (ECGD) continues to borrow from the Government at the rate of £30m a month to meet cash-flow requirements. Borrowing from the Consolidated Fund stood at £521m at the end of July and is likely to rise further.

Mr Jack Gill, head of the stateowned export insurance agency, warried yesterday that the continuing effects of the recession and the international debt crisis were likely to affect adversely the department's results until the end of the decade. Nevertheless, he said the depart-

ment's trading position had improved. There was greater appreciation of the risks involved in some markets which had led to better quality business, at more realistic premiums, being won during the

Mr Gill was speaking in London at the launch of EGED's annual report, which showed the depart-ment's trading deficit had fallen from £148m to £9.2m in the year to March 31 1985.

The improvement mostly reflected a £134m fall in provisions against losses arising from claims made by exporters, in spite of a C160m rise in claims paid by the department to a record £834.9m. Concern about the department's

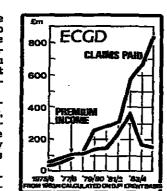
deteriorating financial position was expressed by Members of Parlia- To date there has been no change ment in a report published in July in premiums and cover offered by by the influential Public Accounts Committee. MPs suggested that "exporters seeking orders in coun-"exporters seeking orders in coun-tries with economic problems overseas trade will not be affected should bear a higher share of the by the four-month freeze on loan

BY ANDREW GOWERS

terday apparently sought to bolster

its position in the competitive busi-

ness of agricultural lending by



ECGD yesterday declined to be drawn on its attitude to requests for export insurance cover to Nigeria and South Africa following recent upheavals in the two countries. Nigeria has been a source of particularly heavy losses to the department. In May ECGD announced ingeria and a number of other higher-

This policy is unlikely to change in spite of assurances by the new Nigerian military rulers to follow more closely IMF economic guidelines which may help to improve the country's chances of reschedu-

ling its debts. South Africa is a different case. ECGD which will now be clos watching events to see if the South

New NatWest loans

banks own jointly with the Bank of

Until now, NatWest's biggest fa-

NATIONAL Westminster Bank yes- Corporation which the clearing

of up to 25 years, is believed to have carry an interest rate either linked been designed to match similar of to the bank's base rate or, for larger

fers from rival banks and from the loans, a fixed rate or one linked to

specialist Agricultural Mortgage the money market.

ers are paid less. Mr Maxwell's declared intention to absorb the Sporting Life's 300 staff within MGN on a basis of no hess of agricultural lending by the control of the facility and seem facility for buying owner-occupied farmland bevelopment Loan, which can be the facility, which allows new or existing customers to borrow because of £250,000 and £2m for periods scheme, NatWest LandLoan, will of the facility in this field has been its Farm.

Today Mr Bill Miles, Sogat's national newspapers officer, will meet Mr Maxwell to voice the concern of the union's membership over the implications of his agreement with

Printers at Mirror agree to settlement

MIRROR Group Newspapers (MGN) was due to resume publica-tion of its national daily The Mirror last night after acceptance by craft print workers of a settlement agreed between the group's publisher, Mr Robert Maxwell, and Mr Tony Dubbins, general secretary of the National Graphical Association

It emerged, however, that the cern among members of the print union Sogat 82 at MGN - particularly the 100 members traditionally employed on production of the Sporting Life title, a daily racing

A key component of the NGA's agreement with Mr Maxwell is the mminent sale of the title, which oses money. Mr Maxwell said he expected to sell it within for weeks and has so far had six approaches. It will not be printed by MGN until the sale and Mr Maxwell said he would not allow the title to die.

It was NGA resistance to Mr Maxwell's determination to transfer typesetting of the Sporting Life out of the group's central London headquarters at Holborn that pre cipitated the dispute, which led to the suspension of all MGN's nation gress (TUC) would be tray the cause al titles for the past 12 days.

Mr Maxwell has now rescinded his announcement that none of the Headquarters titles would be produced from Holborn because of the dispute. It is congress general secretary, told now clear that the statement - TUC conference delegates in Black-

venting newspapers produced under national agreements being transferred to plants where print-

automatic replacement is acceptable to the NGA. However, it is against Sogat' 82's policy.

Malcolm Rutherford on the new Trade and Industry Secretary

Misplaced beliefs about Brittan

MR LEON BRITTAN, whose move badiy in the House of Commons from the Home Office to the Department of Trade and Industry is one of the big surprises of the Cabi-work and in no way pandering to net reshuffle announced yesterday, is an acutely intelligent and very likeable man. Few people doubt the

being one of Mrs Margaret Thatch-sometimes criticised in the City of er's acolytes. Lord Annan said he London and the country for giving had behaved like a "demented poo- the Government a had name. The dle" in seeking to ban a recent BBC two men see each other relatively orogramme on Northern Ireland at seldom the Prime Minister's behest.

quiry into the future of broadcast-ing seems to have been wrong. It Cabinet in Mrs Thatcher's first adwas the Home Secretary who de-ministration, it was Mr Lawson, the cided that the programme ought not older man, who had every reason to to be shown, before Mrs Thatcher feel overlooked. knew anything about it. He also

Several other popular beliefs policy through the medium-term fi-about Mr Brittan are wrong as well. nancial strategy. There has been no His speech calling for the restora- great reconciliation since. tion of capital punishment for ter-rurist murders, which went down so faults, they are twofold. One is that

better than it sounded.

Nor is it true that be is particularintellect - many have doubts about by close to Mr Nigel Lawson, the his attractiveness.

He is also frequently accused of other senior Cabinet figure who is

Lord Annan who headed an in- moted to Chief Secretary to the The latter remained Financial

went about the banning in a quite Secretary-outside the Cabinet-al-open way no Establishment though he was the principal archi-nudges behind the scenes.

If Mr Brittan (who is 45) has

his sleeve. Few people can have-been so absolutely determined to go into politics and to reach for the near top, and it shows. He was al-most childishly delighted at becom-ing Minister of State at the Home

Office when the Tories won in 1979. The Home Office was a joy to him. Only recently he was saying that the firm understanding when he became Home Secretary was that he would stay until the next general election. He wanted to codify the criminal justice system as well as reform the prisons, even shocking his officials at the start by insisting on seeing the prison regimes at first hand.

The other fault is that he does not always come over well on televi-sion, although he can at times be devastating, having roughed up Mr Denis Healey, the senior Labour politician, in the 1979 election cam-paign. Probably it was a mistake to switch from spectacles to contact

Mr Brittan was an Edward Heath man, then a Thatcher man. What he has been all along, however, is a

the background is similar. Cam Group and the law. There were also shared holidays when Mr Brittan, still a bachelor, would stay with the

Until the last few years, the climb to the top had not been easy. He stood for the North Kensington constituency in London twice, in 1966 and 1970, and failed to be elected. Even in the last general election he was left without a constituency until the last few weeks because of

boundary changes.

Today he must have two glad houghts. One is that his move coincided with the England cricket team winning the Test series against Australia. He is mad about cricket and a member of the MCC. The other is that he has not yet been upstaged by Mr Norman Fowler, an old Cambridge rival, who always wanted the Home Office and who recently set his eyes on Trade

and Industry.

From the Tory past, Mr Brittan's hero is Peel, not Disraeli.

Insurance specialist moves to Kitcat

THE MOVEMENT in personnel in London's financial community continued yesterday as it emerged that a market-maker at Smith Bros. the stockjobber, is to join stockbroker Kitcat & Aitken.

The market-maker, Mr -Ken Rodrigues, who has specialised in dealing in insurance shares, is to levelop the market-making in the same stocks at Kitcot & Aitken.

Mr Rodrigues is the latest depar-ture from Smith Bros. Last month Smith Bros. lost its three-man textile team to rival market-maker Wedd Durlacher Mordauni.

Kitcat & Aitken has been carrying out extensive recruitment. Kit-cat, which has formed a link with Orion Royal Bank, the international merchant banking arm of Royal Bank of Canada, has recruited Mr Anthony White of Wedd Durlacher Mordaunt to head its marketmaking side in British government

II THE FOREIGN OFFICE admitted briefing the BBC External Services but said the briefings were needed to help prepare programmes and that similar informaion was available to other journal

The Observer newspaper had claimed on Sunday that the BBC received daily intelligence material, some of it highly classified. The BBC denied receiving secret intelligence material or that the Foreign Office influenced its programmes. ☐ THE BBC should pull out of breakfast television and local radio and concentrate spending on proven successes - radio drama, light

entertainment and music - Equity, the actors' union, argues. Equity has also told the Peacock committee, which is looking at new ways of financing the BBC, that it is strongly opposed to the corporation carrying any form of advertising or

☐ THE CIVIL Aviation Authority is considering revising its rules for nonitoring safety checks on aeroengines, after the recent Manches-ter disaster in which 55 died when a Boeing 737 caught fire on take-off. □ A PUBLIC inquiry into the future of the City Heliport on a barge moored in the River Thames near Southwark Bridge in London will be held at the City of London

Guildhall next January.

GCHQ union-ban issue unites TUC

of defiant trade unionists at the secret Government Communications (GCHQ), Mr Norman Willis, the

for "a day of action" and further

measures, including industrial ac-

In giving an undertaking to the NGA that the Sporting Life would be sold to outside interests, the union's policy remains interests. government money for postal bal lots, came before delegates voted manimously to reaffirm support

> tion, in the event of any GCHO trade unionist being dismiss Mr Willis said: "If this battle is to be won, we need the electricity unions all together. We need the

engineers in this congress and that means facing up to that situation, them and us." The reaffirmation of support for the 100 or so trade unionists at GCHQ, where unions were banned by the Government 19 months ago.

DAVID BRINDLE reports on the battle to avoid a split GCHQ trade unionists) let us make in conference ranks in conference ranks

followed a move last month by Sir today at which plans for a ballot on Robert Armstrong, head of the a one-day strike would be dis-Home Civil Service, to begin disciplinary proceedings against some of the 38 staff said to have rejoined

unions since the ban. Six of the 38 staff were among a party of about 30 GCHQ trade ionists at the TUC for yesterday's showpiece debate. As senior TUC leaders had planned, the occasion united congress, bringing left and right together to threaten broad-based industrial action in the event of dismissals at the GCHQ base in Cheltenham and its outstations.

Mr Eric Hammond, the EEIPU's general secretary, warned the Govoment: Let them understand: Our union - moderate, reasonable, forward-looking - yes, yes, yes. But we will not quietly tolerate the Government treating our unions as the Polish Government did Solidarity."

EETPU officials had been sum-

political-fund campaign, had indi-cated widespread backing for "I am more than confident our members, if required, will return a massive vote of support," Mr Ham-

This was echoed by Mr David Basnett, general secretary of the General Municipal and Boilermakers' Union, who said the TOC general council had been asked to convene a planning meeting of all the electricity workers unions this week. The TUC's reaction to dimissals at GCHO had to be "sure, certain, overwhelming, he told

ercise, developed during the union's

Mr Rodney Bickerstaffe, general secretary of the National Union of moned to Blackpool for a meeting Public Employees, said: "If they

dustrial action the like of which this Government has never seen Ms Diana Warwick, general sec-retary of the Association of Uni-

versity Teachers, said the treat-ment of the GCHQ trade unionists was typical of the Government's approach. "Authoritarianism and repression seem to be spreading their ugly tentacles wider and wider throughout our society."

The stand taken by those defying the union ban, Ms Warwick added, was a stand also against the Official Secrets Act, censorship at the BBC and erosion of academic freedom. The Civil Service unions and a

growing number of other unions are committed to holding a ballot on one-day strike action as soon as any dismissals are declared at GCHQ. This means a lapse of three or four weeks before action could be taken, although a lobby of parliament and a national demonstration are also

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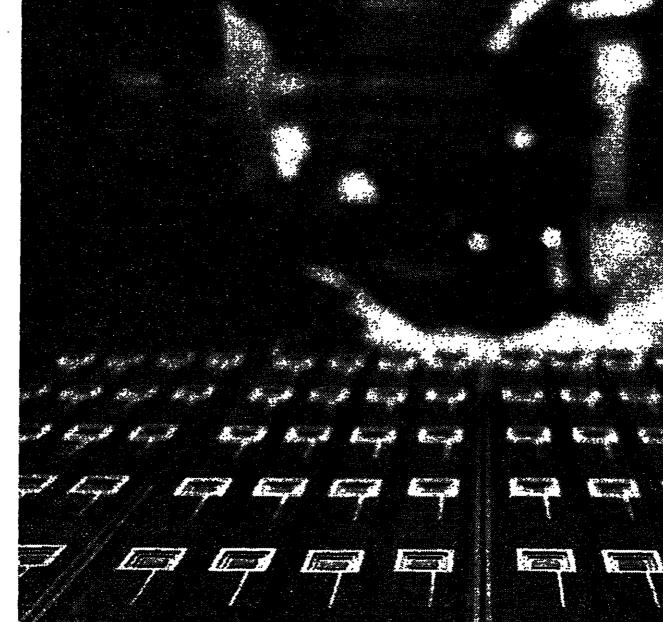
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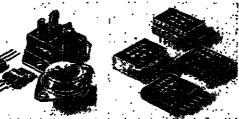
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Halifax taps Eurobonds with £150m note issue

BY DAVID LASCELLES, BANKING CORRESPONDENT

THE HALIFAX Building Society, tors will pay for the bonds on the UK's largest, will become the October 7.

Although the exact cost to the markets to raise funds. However, with a £150m note issue amounced Halifax will not be known until that the requirement that they pay induced to take advandate, wholesale money has usually the exact of tax barred them from a date, wholesale money has usually the exact of tax barred them from a date, wholesale money has usually the exact of tax barred them from a date, wholesale money has usually the exact of tax barred them from a date, wholesale money has usually the exact of tax barred them from a date, wholesale money has usually the exact of tax barred them from a date, wholesale money has usually the exact of tax barred them from a date, wholesale money has usually the exact of tax barred them from a date, wholesale money has usually the exact of tax barred them from a date, wholesale money has usually the exact of tax barred them from a date, wholesale money has usually the exact of tax barred them from a date, wholesale money has usually the exact of tax barred them from a date, wholesale money has usually the exact of tax barred them from a date, wholesale money has usually the exact of tax barred them from a date, wholesale money has usually the exact of tax barred them from a date, wholesale money has usually the exact of tax barred them from a date. tage of a provision in the last bud-get which will permit building so-the societies than high street depos-Last March's budget lifted that cieties to pay interest gross to over its, although that varies. seas investors from next year.

The rate of interest will normally of a domestic mortgage is seven be adjusted every three months.

But for the first six months, the

The fine terms obtained by the

Mr Richard Wheway, the Hali-The issue, lead managed by Mor- fax's finance director, said yestergan Grenfell, consists of seven-year day that he was satisfied by the floating rate notes paying interest market's reponse to the issue, of "Ath of a point above the rate for three-month sterling in the London inter-bank market."

The rate of interest will remark to the society's wholesale funding. The effective average life

rate will be based on six-month sterling to enable the Halifax to make the first payment on April 7 next year, the day the new budget provision comes into force. Invessoriety lending.

The time terms obtained by the pressure on so tical impact is tical impact in the tical impact in the tical impact is tin the tical impact in the tical impact in the tical impact in the

Last March's budget lifted that constraint to give the societies greater funding flexibility. The new tax position has also been con-firmed in a "letter of comfort" from the Inland Revenue to the Building Societies' Association.

Although the lower cost of funds from the international capital mar-kets could exert slight downward pressure on society rates, the practical impact is expected to be small because of the limited capacity of the Eurosterling market to absorb

Tax rules 'crisis' for small businesses

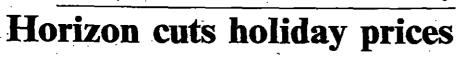
By Our Financial Staff

SMALL BUSINESSES face a cash crisis as a result of the introduction of new penalties on late payment of value-added tax (VAT) and PAYE (pay-as-you-earn) income tax according to a survey by London char-tered accountants Chapman Wong. It says the new rules will lead to a cashflow crisis for these companies totalling nearly £3bn.

The firm says more than one in 10 of its small business clients rely for their cashflow on delayed payments to the Inland-Revenue and to Customs and Excise (which collects VAT). While the Government clearly wishes to cut back on the delay in payments, Chapman Wong says many companies starved of this credit will have to retrench or go out of business altogether.

"While it is regrettable that delayed payment of VAT and PAYE have become an integral part of many smaller companies financing, we must be aware that if this cashilow were wiped out at a stroke then li-terally thousands of small busies would be at risk," said Mr Nigel Chapman, senior partner of Chanman Wong.

One service industry company in Chapman Wong's survey has an an-nual turnover of £400,000, a VAT bill of £12,000 to be paid quarterly, and PAYE and National Insurance payments of £5,000 due monthly. With a quarter of overdue VAT and three months of overdue PAYE and nal Insurance, it is effectively receiving a steady £30,000 of



BY TONY JACKSON

HORIZON, the UK package tour company, will cut prices on more than 100,000 winter holidays this year. At the same time, Iberia, the Spanish airline, has announced a range of low fares for winter travel

Horizon's gate which range up to benefits such as free on-site car war between Intasun and Thomson parking at UK airports. Horizon as "dangerous and emotional" claims to be the second-largest tour operator in the winter-holiday price cuts in its winter holidays on the same day.

Winter holidays have traditionalrange of low fares for winter travel to Spain.

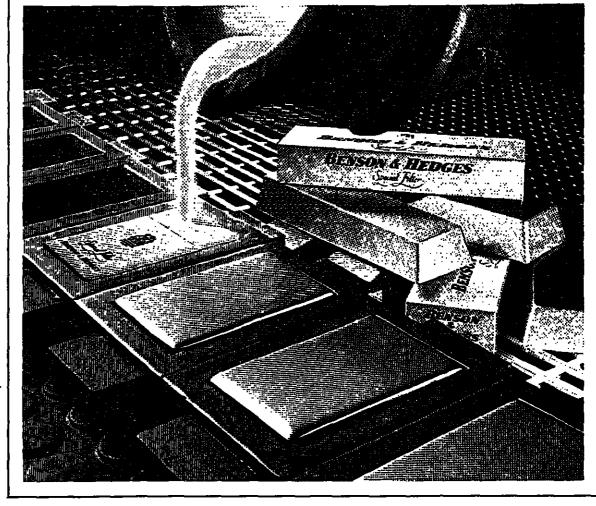
400,000 winter holidays from the competitors." levels set a month previously.

Horizon's cuts, which range up to

The moves are part of an intensi-fying price war in the winter holi-dorm, are claimed to result in some known as International Leisure) cut year. The company said: "The new its winter prices. On the same day prices now mean we match, or are Thomson Holidays cut the prices of cheaper than those of our closest

evels set a month previously. The cuts, which apply to winter During the period, however, air-in August the Rank Organisation sun and ski holidays, include fringe craft sales offset the losses.

ly been loss-making for many of Britain's tour operators. In Horizon's case losses increased sharply last year. In the six months to May this year, operating losses were £3.6m, against £930,000 in the

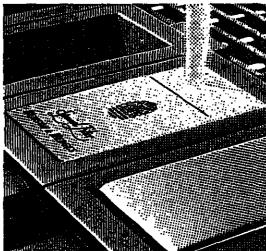


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International Leisure to buy four Boeing 737s

BY MICHAEL DONNE, AEROSPACE CORRESPONDENT

Electric) CFM-56-SB2 jet engines. cel two of the aircraft if market con-The aircraft are for use by the ditions require. work this year, the others being Aden, Bologna, Cologne, Salzburg.

groups: wholly-owned subsidiary.

Air Europe is also selling a Boeing 737-200 to an American airline for \$12.4m; which will be leased back to Air Europe for next summer's season. The airline already leases two other 737s.

Air France has begin services star tomsia, and wasning and British Airways already flies regularly between Birmingham and with daily weekday flights using between Birmingham and turboprop 30-passenger aircraft and employs about 50 people. The network includes Manchester, Newcastle, Birmingham, Cardiff and Glasfights will also carry cargo. Flight

INTERNATIONAL Leisure Group

Mr Harry Goodman, chairman of times are 17.20 from Paris (Charles UK provincial cities, has gone into de Ganlle), arriving in Birmingham liquidation.

Leisure Group

Mr Harry Goodman, chairman of times are 17.20 from Paris (Charles UK provincial cities, has gone into de Ganlle), arriving in Birmingham liquidation.

A brief statement from the com-

twin-engined Boeing 737-300 aircraft at a cost of about \$100n.

The aircraft will be powered by
the Franco-U.S. (Snecma-General of 1987, but ILG has options to canadded to the Air France global net-

group's wholly-owned subsidiary, Air France has begun services Sfax in Tunisia, and Washington.

Ar Europe.

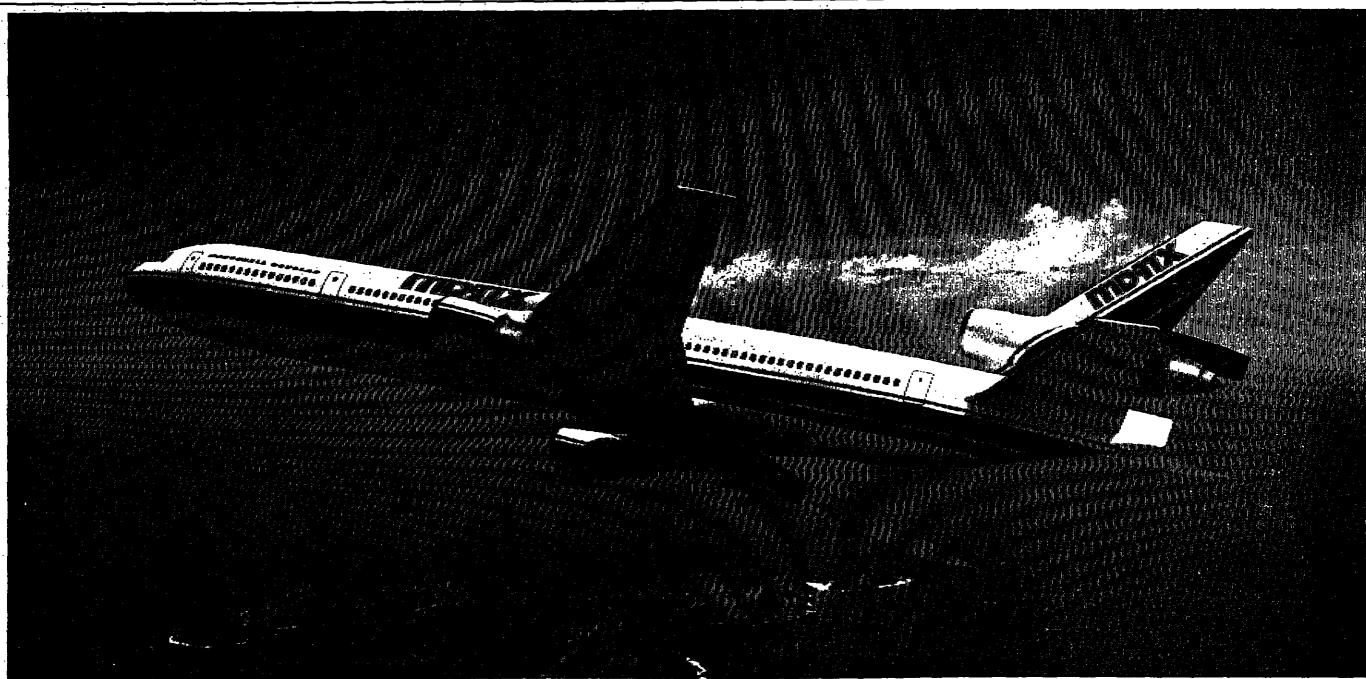
dator was being appointed. The li-quidator is expected to be named to-day.

A brief statement from the com-

pany yesterday said that, following

an accountants' report on August 31

on the company's finances, a liqui-



The bottom line-and how to improve net profit—is of major concern to every airline. The flexible, fuel-efficient MD-11X is born of just such concern.

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comparable seat mile costs.

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To convey the size and capabilities of the MD-11X, a comparison with our DC-10-30 may help: the MD-11X fuselage will be 22 feet

longer; it will comfortably welcome 54 more passengers (that's 331, mixed class); it will have new high-efficiency engines, and its range will be increased to over 6,000 nautical miles.

Much will be new on the flight deck. The flight management system, the cathode ray tube displays, the digital autopilot-all are state of the art. Most important, by automating flight engineer functions, the cockpit crew will now be two, further reducing operating costs.

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The new MD-11X. It blends advanced technology with proven reliability.

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UK NEWS

GM seeks support of Vauxhall staff to counter criticism

it has werned that if the campaign against its UK car company, Vauschall is successful, "it would specific against Vauschall is successful, "it would specific against Vauschall which centres on the care of the care o

workforce, GM has told them it has spent £1.21m in the UK in the 10 years to 1984, a figure which in-chides making good losses totalling

in only one year in that decade -1978 when it was in the black by ust under £2m – and the inference

owned group, GM in the UK op-erates a number of separate subsid-iaries including Vamchall, Bedford, GM Service and Parts Operation, AC Delco, Saginaw, AC Spark Plug, Delco Products, Terex, Fisher Body, GM Acceptance Corporation, Elec-

GENERAL MOTORS, the U.S. GM-UK public affairs director, in

Hard Paris

Mr Fountain says: The continu ear Fountain says: The commun-tion of our success depends on Vauxhall remaining part of GM's Enropean operations with the econ-omies of scale that such a large vol-ume base brings." (Vauxhall is linked with GM's West Germany subsidiary Opel in GM's passenger cars division).

"It is important that all employ ees take a pride in the company and positively support our products. mosphere and correct public misun-derstanding," he maintains.

Vauxhall produced in the UK less than half the cars it sold in Britain. eral public to understand the total than half the ears it sold in Britain. contribution that GM makes in Even in those cars, the average UK Britain," says Mr Eric Fountain, content was only about 50 per cent.

Egon Ronay guide titles sold to AA

for an undisclosed sum.

The first AA/Egon Ronay co-

own star-grading classification scheme for hotels in 1911 – will con-

tions services director, Mr William Mr Ronay now plans to enter the Halden, said: "It will strengthen our field of cookery books."

Ronay annual guides - Hotels, Restaurants and Inns; Just a Bite; and Pub Food and Accommodation will be marketed and distributed by From 1987 they will be produced

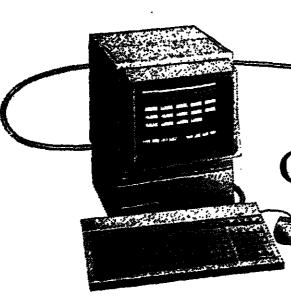
and published by the association, with Mr Ronay being retained as a

over in excess of £2m. They will reeditorial and inspection staff.

Top buyers' pay rises lose ground to juniors

during the past 12 months, says the annual spend of over £25m, a stock

The highest payers on average were consumer goods companies



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UK NEWS

Hard choice as rivals bid to set OTC rules

CANDIDATES for the task of regulating the over-the counter market.

George Graham continues the (OTC) are not hard to find. The harder task for the Securities and Investments Board will be choosing between the rival bodies, each of which of sees itself as the appropriate regulatory organisation for this sector of the City.

The over-the-counter market, an amorphous group of dealers trading in shares outside the Stock Exchange, is too young to have acquired any traditions of selfregulation, but there are already two organisations developing their own regulatory frameworks.

The first, and in some ways the

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The Carlot of th Parties of Sale

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establishment candidate, is the National Association of Securities Dealers and Investment Managers (Nasdim). It has built up a large membership, but one mostly com-posed of insurance brokers and instment advisers. Few of Nasdim's members are actively engaged in the OTC market.

Its founder member, Granville & operates an OTC market, but this is conducted only on a "matched-bargain" basis, pairing buyers with sellers. The association, however, also includes Hill Woolgar, which makes a full OTC market, acting in the same way as a stock exchange jobber by holding its own lines of stock and taking profits on the spread between buying and selling prices.

Nasdim is producing a set of re-gulations for OTC market, to go alongside its existing rule book, and hopes to be able to publish them by the end of the year.

Nasdim proposes to set up a committee to supervise the initial OTC regulations and adapt them to developments in the market.

The bulk of the regulations now under discussion relate to the process of bringing a company's shares on to the OTC market, to ensure listing requirements are adequate to protect investors without making the OTC market, to ensure listing requirements are adequate to protect investors without making the OTC too expensive a method of

The regulations also deal with moment, he says market makers own capital re- But Mr Prior will serves and with reporting prices its present form. In fact, Prior Har-and dealings. Although these sec-win resigned as a Hids member last wm resigned as a Bids member last
November, feeling the institute was
covering listing requirements. Mr
John Grant, Nasdim's chief executive, feels they may in the end come
to be more significant regulatory
tools.

Paying for the staff necessary to police the market will require an additional levy from marketmaking members, in addition to the usual Nasdim dues; and it will probfund to protect investors against gives its blessing to.

the collapse of a member firm.

The rival organisation is the British Institute of Dealers in Securities (Bids), which includes three of the gained recognition as a selfthe leading OTC market-makers, Harvard Securities, N.K. Cosgrave and Cleveland Securities. Unlike the 1983. Nasdim, however, Bids is not recognised by the Department of Trade does not wish to have many selfand Industry as a regulatory asso-ciation under the present laws, and its members must still seek individ-tion in the second of the second o

Share Dealers, which is - like Nasdim - officially recognised as a self-regulatory organisation but which was described as long ago as the Wilson report of 1989 as moribund. However, Mr Roger Baden-Powell, over the Association of Stock and

series on self-regulation in the City of London

chairman of Bids, is less enthusias tic about the idea now than he was nine months ago.

Bids has its own rule book and a recently published code of conduct governing liquidity requirements listing particulars and dealing ents. It is also collecting funds to establish a compensation fund in the event of a member's col-lapse. But members acknowledge it needs a full-time investigative accountant to police the code - a difficult cost to bear for only six

Bids has so far held only explora-tory talks with the Securities and Investments Board (SIB), but it is adamant it should be chosen as the self-regulatory authority for the

"We have the experience of OTO market-making and are best able to regulate it efficiently," says Mr Tom Wilmot, chairman and chief executive of Hervard, which now carries out around 2.500 bargains a week in 85 OTC stocks, as well as stock exchange listed shares like Britoil and British Telecom.

Nasdim's Mr Grant says the group has had several possible models to follow, including the Unlisted Securities Market, run by the stock exchange, and the operations of Nasdim's own market-making

He contents himself with point ing out that licensing directly by the Department of Trade and Industry, the route followed at present by Harvard, may no longer be an option when the new legislation comes into effect.

Mr Wilmot's reservations about Nasdim are shared by Mr Tony Prior, managing director of Prior Harwin, another leading OTC mar-ket-maker. The first thing a self-regulatory organisation needs is an understanding of the market which understanding of the market, which unfortunately Nasdim lacks at the

But Mr Prior will not back Bids in

hem, since he views it as important that any self-regulatory authority should cover the whole of the OTC

In the end, most market-makers will join whichever organisation the

The SIB has made it plain that it its members must still seek individ-ual licences to deal in securities.

One possible way round this problem might be for Bids to take over the Association of Stock and

Nevertheless, some market-



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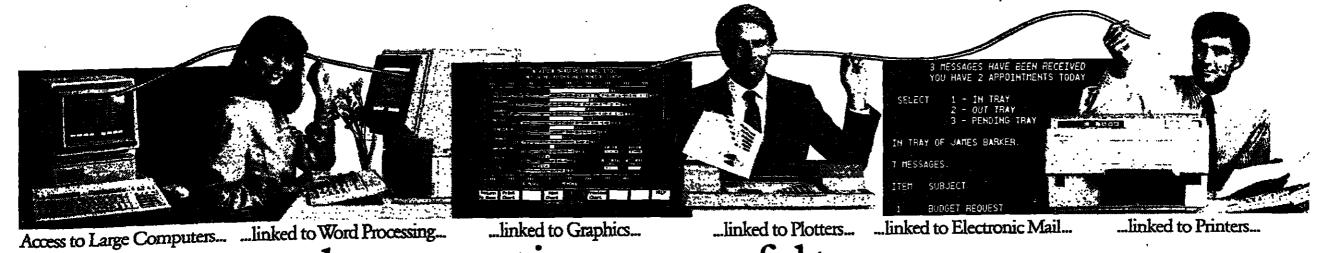
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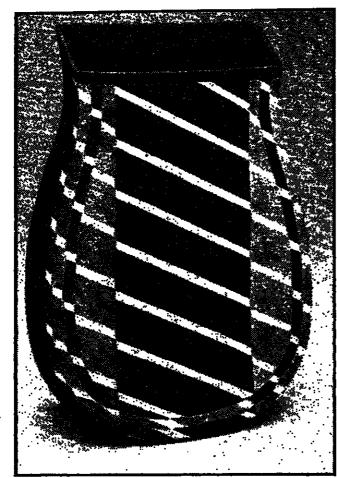
The art of fine craft

The Crafts Advisory Commit-tee was set up in 1972 under the aegis of the Design Council with the intention of celebrating the development of Fine Craft. In its evolved form as the Crafts Council, complete with Royal Charter and independent subvention from cen-tral funds, it flourishes. I must say at once, in declaring my interest, that as a serving member of the Council for five years I am more than ever convinced of the value of the work it does. Throughout its short life the Council has been putting a little of its money into the purchase of exemplary pieces by the finest contemporary craftsmen whom it chooses to call "makers" to sidestep the niceties of verbal discrimination of profession and sex. Thus little by little it has built up a substantial and comprehen-sive body of work that amounts to some 750 items; and A Collection in the making, the exhibition that fills the Coun-cil's galleries in Waterloo Place. Lower Regent's Street (until September 15, Mondays excepted), puts it on public display in its virtual entirety

for the first time.

It offers both surprise and justification: surprise perhaps to many people who cannot have suspected we were so rich in contemporary talent, and that talent so variously expressed. The whole gamut of the craftsman's art is run, from bookbinding to weaving - pots. baskets, jewellery, furniture, lettering, metal work, glass, wood, musical instruments, clocks, textiles, silver — with particular quality and unique consideration evident at every point. We may not wish every piece for ourselves, but the palance is an emphatic balance is an emphatic reproach to the timid, the mundane and the mass-produced. The justification falls in consequence upon this simple demonof the Council's raison d'être.

For even now Craft remains term not pejorative exactly but certainly dismissive in some degree, and to qualify it at all as Fine no more than an affected and suspect irrelevance. The general sense is still of occupational therapy. worthy hobby, or the mere product of the artisan, the stuff of the part-time evening class of the stall at the fair. That in its the younger generations who contemporary practice Craft have followed those masters might also represent the still into international reputation, lively tradition of those many disciplines whose products fili the great museums and collec-tions of the world seems not to register too widely.



"Tall optical bottle," 1985, by Elizabeth Fritsch

Such is the problem of our Elizabeth Fritsch, Alison Brit-complacent philistinism which ton, Jacqueline Poncelet, Janice the Council, under its first Tchalenko, Richard Batterham. director. Victor Margrie, who resigned last year, has always addressed itself. We need to be taken by the hand, as it were, and led to what only then becomes so obvious and unmistakable as work of the highest distinction and achievement. The signs of some success in this are most encouraging—the collection for its part in showing us the goods proposes the

opportunity.
With ceramics for example, in which we are especially strong, here are exquisite pieces not only by Leach and Cardew, Coper and Rie, but by

ton, Jacqueline Poncelet, Janice Tchalenko, Richard Batterham, Ewen Henderson, Gordon Bald-

win. Many of them figure prominently in the exhibition Artist Potters Now at Sotheby's (until September 13), which my colleague Janet Marsh reviewed at length on Saturday, and it is hardly by chance that Sotheby's should have sponsored it through its long tour, and no surprise that a sale should be in prospect for December.

And there are the furniture makers. Too many companies are inclined to think any big commission something of a risk and an adventure rather than a sound investment, but upon the general fabric of our at least the British Insurance society by persuasion and ex-Brokers has had the nous to furnish the public rooms of its new headquarters entirely with all are, picked up early by the Council and followed closely through their first maturities.

Here they meadquarters entirely with the work of contemporary craftsmen. Alan Peters, who won the commission has also the commission has also the commission has also the commission.

Telecom pension fund, to take another splendid boardroom table, chairs and sideboard. Richard la Trobe Bateman is another furniture maker well represented in the collection who has won important corporate and institutional commissions, and so too Fred Baier and Floris van den Broecke.

But it is invidious to dwell too much on particular names, for much on particular names, for the point of the collection is its consistent quality across the whole range of disciplines, and who is to say you would not rather commission a basket from David Drew or Lois Wal-pole, a turned bowl from David Pye or a trencher from Java Partridge, a carved mirror frame from Howard Raybould, a metal gate from James Horrobin, a tapestry from Mary Farmer or fine new binding from Faith Shannon?

Quite what will happen to the collection as it grows over the years is unclear, for grow it must, for the Council is par-ticularly well placed and in-formed to buy early in the judi-cious anticipation of later reputation . There is no permanent home for it; nor should there be perhaps, for it is a study collection, supplying particular loans and special exhibitions but no permanent display. Whether the Council should set a period to its interest, and cede its holding to a more disin-terested national institution remains an open question.

These are changing times for the Council, sailing into choppy financial water under a new director, David Dougan, with the old familiar landmarks of our art world by no means sure to stay quite where they are under the present dispensation. But whatever the uncertainties, its problems are in large measure the creatures of its record and success: disciplines have been recognised, standards set, individual achievement marked, an entire constituency colonised that lies between Fine Art and Applied Design, its borders a little blurred here perhaps, de-batable there, but overall clear and substantial

It is hardly necessary now, therefore, for the Council to argue title to what it holds, or justification of what it does, but rather for it to assert its pre-sence and extend its influence society by persuasion and example. To do so without compromising its standards of excellence, or sacrificing the interests of the artists it serves to expedient popularity, is the challenge it faces over these

Pitlochry Festival Theatre

Anthony Curtis

womenfolk, Louisa Ormonde), Sissy Jupe (Teresa Gallaghar) and Rachel (Sue Festival Theatre last year, is Wallace), on the other.

It tends to turn Dickens's strong radical notions into a string of diversions and vocal parlour-games, but that is inevitable. The background of Cobetony with the factors. firmly in command with an ambitious season of new productions playing to near-capa-city audiences. The former director, Kenneth Ireland whose name is for many synonymous with the theatre, has with the theatre would seem to Lamb, left Pitlochry for resievitable. The background of Coketown, with its factory wheels remorselessly turning and its funnels bellowing smoke, is palpably present in the set but, in spite of the fleeting appearance of a Scargillesque agitator, less of a reality than the colourful circus crowd who erupt with stilts, heops and streamers on to the stage at the dence in Edinburgh. Dr Ireland dence in Edinburgh. Dr Ireland retains a seat on the board; otherwise his long association with the thearte would seem to be at an end. A critic's concern should be solely with performance, not with the politics of what has been going on behind the scenes. None the less, as a regular visitor to this theafre over many years I must streamers on to the stage at the begining and end of the play. The same keen pictorial sense of period is present in the stagtheatre over many years I must give vent to a sense of dismay ging of *The Rivals*. On enter-ing the auditorium we see a panoramic view of 18th-century

Wilson again) provided—rather a large proviso—the perform-ances are up to it.

notably the raucous Old Mother Reilly-like Mrs Malaprop of Jill

Graham, and she greatly com-pensated for weaknesses else-

where. Her scenes with Sir Anthony Absolute (John Har-

wood, a more rounded perform-ance than his Bounderby) were

suitably riotous, two seasoned

performers belting the lines at

each other to the audience's delight. Richard Syms's Sir Lucius O'Trigger, not a part one normally much notices, also

sustained some of the more creaking links of the plot with

gusto, and John Webb's Acres looked garishly right. But the

main quartet of lovers with their petty stratagems, derived

from too much reading of fiction, sounded weak and were

sounds of one of the Big Bands of the 1940s, and they keep

ranging from Vera Lynn to Tommy Handley, from Alvar Liddel to Max Miller, with a

few extracts from Churchill's

What it offers is still

Well, some of them

form, owes its very existence.

Ms Wilson's introduction of a staggered repertory, whereby some productions are phased out mid-season and fresh ones introduced, has meant a gain in rehearsal time and an easing of the pressure on some members devices without any attempt to introduce extraneous comic business. A laudable aim on the part of the director (Ms of the company taking major roles. Two productions with which the season opened, The Prime of Mics Jean Brodie and Plunder, have come and gone. That still leaves four to choose from and in a five night stay you can see all of them.

at the sudden, unceremonious departure of an individual to

whom the theatre here owes so

much; indeed, in its present

Unlike Dr Ireland, Ms Wilson not only frames the policy of the theatre, she also directs more than half the plays her-self. She has a good eye for a pleasing, unfussy stage-picture. The sets this year by Trevor Coe, the resident set designer, make imaginative use of the resources of this recently built theatre. Ms Wilson has a predeliction for plays which lend themselves to some form ensemble work. In this area she works closely with her musical director, Anthea Gomez who writes music as well as conducting and playing

ithe piano.

It is as a fiuid, melodramatic play with music, part Victorian, part romantic operetta, that Ms Wilson sees Dickens's Hard Times which opened at the end of August, Ian Taylor's adaptation was originally done at Bristol in the 1970s; for this production Ms Wilson has readapted the text to include the adapted the text to include the Stephen Blackpool sections and this deafening decibel level up added some lyrics for the comfor the rest of the evening pany to sing at the end of It is an unashamed wallow in scenes. The result is a lively all the sentimental songs we pot-pourri of stage-effects, con- sang, and jokes we cracked, to taining some strong confron-keep up our spirits during the tations between Gadgrind dark days of World War Two, (Richard Syms), Bounderby ranging from Vera Lynn to (John Harwood), the fact-Tommy Handley, from Alvar mongering folk on one side, and the feeble yet humane

(Sunny speeches thrown in for good measure.

As such it could hardly

As such it could hardly fail occasionally to tug the heart-strings. But one constant worry was that most of the cast seemed to have only the vaguest notion of what the people they were trying to imitate sounded like; another that they looked wrong in those curious busconductor uniforms. After last year's excellent Covardu Cusyear's excellent Cowardy Cus-tard this was a big disappoint-Ms Wilson took a risk in her

Ms Wilson took a risk in het choice of Abigail's Party as her small cast play for this season. Its improvisatory dialogue, con-Its improvisatory dialogue, continually turning the screw of embarrassment, variations on a squirm, is difficult to put across; moreover, the suburban quintet whose way of life we share for a couple of hours might be thought to be completely unsympathetic to an audience in which impeccably dressed, Scottish senior citizens greatly predominate. In fact, this production is the success of the season. Its run has had to be extended the bookings are so the superboundard the success of the season. Its run has had to be extended the bookings are so the superboundard the success of the season. Its run has had to be extended the bookings are so the success of the success of the season. Its run has had to be extended the bookings are so the success of the success of the season. Its run has had to be extended the bookings are so the success of the success of the season. Bath, the façades and statues sharply silhouetted; at the centre is a solid pillared door-way with window frames on either side of it. Before each scene, the performers themselves become silhouettes. Then they burst into life. Apart from extended the bookings are so that, this sturdy classic, full of showy parts, is left to its own

heavy; and it is difficult to see how the play could be better acted or directed. acted or directed.

Caroline Gruber, to my mind so inadequate as Lydia Languish, triumphs here as the scatter-brained hospital nurse arriving at a neighbour's evening drinks party to meet Abigail's mother (Dorcas Jones) who is worried about what Abigail is getting up to across the road. The hostess (Sue Wallace) poured into a green satin sheath of a dress, shimmying with self-satisfaction green satin sheath of a dress, shimmying with self-satisfaction in her luxurious hving-room, designed to resemble a night-club cocktail bar, is an even greater genius at opening



Malcolm McKee in "Hard Times"

Tribute to Sir Michael Redgrave/Old Vic

Michael Coveney

As these affairs go. Sunday the regard in which he was held in a pink leather mini-skirt and powerful and most accessible of night's Tribute to Sir Michael by his peers in every branch performing arts, from well organised and pertinent. Sir Michael was seen on film in Sir Michael was seen on film in 1982 at the Liverpool Playhouse, where he started his career, reciting "Shall I compare Thee to a Summer's Day?" When the to a Summer's Day?" When the lights came up, Corin Redgrave and Kika Markham gave us an idea of his background with letters and reminiscences from his parents. Corin sounds astonishingly like his father these days, and the evening not too long at just over three hours — was helped along by his interesting and affectionate

The bill contained oddities -a duet from The Pirates of Penzance, and David Tomlinson singing badly from Maru Pop-- but was notable for two

linking remarks.

through McKellen and Jonathan Pryce to Elisabeth Welch (who Ramaz sang Kern and Gershwin im-peccably) and Maria Ewing (who sang Berlioz lustrously, magnificently).

Redgrave's widow, Rachel Kempson recited Hardy's "The Ruined Maid" with a jaunty lift. Vanessa joined Wendy Hiller to rekindle last year's revival of Sir Michael's Henry James adaptation The Aspern Papers. Vanessa's daughter, Natasha Richardson, played her big scene with Trigorin (Jonathan Pryce) from the current excellent Seaguil revival. There was no sign of young Joely Richardson but, look out, here

The great Georgian actor

Ramaz Tchkikvadze of the Rustaveli Theatre in Tbilisi slid outrageously downstage to deliver two speeches from Richard III. He found his stick hanging from a tree in Ralph Koltai's pleasantly improvised design of birches and foliage and renewed memories of that brilliant Crookback perform-ance with its wickedly swinging right leg, murderous grin and ferocious power.

Ian McKellen was not going to compete with that. Instead he lowered the tone by enlist-ing members of the audience as the French dead at Agincourt and by then receiving Sir Peter Hall as a messenger on bended main characteristics: the evidence that Redgrave's talent lives on through the next two generations of his family; and succept from The Shrew dressed in the lives on through the next two generations of his family; and succept from The Shrew dressed in the lives of the receiving shreet comes another Redgrave: Hall as a messenger on bended knee. Dame Peggy sailed on at drama school, gave a lively generation of his family; and excerpt from The Shrew dressed in the receiving shreet receiving shreet

were still "a bit mucky."

All of this somehow conjured the uncomplicated radical spirit of the theatre Sir Michael supported and exemplified for much of his working life, the company ideals as well as the decent values. The radical Redgraves were lucky to have on hand John Houseman's Acting Company to perform a few highlights from The Credle Will highlights from The Cradle Will Rock. Another Soviet guest of Britain at the moment, the clown Popov, dld his spotlight routine, and Sir John Gielgud routine, and Sir John Gielgun rounded off the proceedings with Prospero's two last speeches, specifically requested, he said, by Vanessa.

All proceeds of a packed house were donated, at the family's wish, to the Young Socialists Training Centres.

the record.

Davies' Third Symphony/Radio 3

David Murray

On Saturday Edward Downes least one sense, the reverse the wake of a crushing climax probable there are stretches of the First first hearing. I brought the Third Symphony of Peter Maxwell Davies to the that rely on exotic colour-effects to hold the ear when the knotty Proms. They gave the première in Manchester last February. and have already recorded it for the BBC's Artium label (REGL 560). No wonder, then, argument - it belongs to the very workings of the symphony. Intricate though the design of that their Albert Hall perform-ance was so accomplished and gripping—and no less reason to admire it. If anything, the the Third is, Davies has this plantime made everything audible: The live strings bit into their the power and cogency of the phrases with still more confidence; and the different soundmusic don't have to be taken on balance of the broadcast af-forded new perspectives on

strenuously demanding journey: three-quarters of an hour of unthings differently weighted on mitigated argument is a lot. There are fewer suggestions of Davies declared of his First Symphony that the instrumentation was non-colouristic, strictly
functional, but he allows that
orchestral colours have a
greater role in the Third. In at

whether the washes of string tremolos and trilis (almost as musical argument escapes it, many as in César Franck's Symthe rich palette of the Third phony!) weren't merely theatriline of his lofty post-Mahlerian gives translucent body to the cal; but on acquaintance, such perorations. details - and innumerable others — reveal their proper sense within a grand, overall

> be unrelieved if they were not articulated in such sumptuously varied ways (though never at the expressionist extremes of earlier Davies). The textures, if not the tensions, are often thinned down to a couple of voices. Plangent woodwind dialogues come in marvellous score. Though he underlines profusion. Much of the first gracelessly, a time-traveller Scherzo recalls the bright might discover that Brahms' astringency and pawky counter-

influence). wondered l'araignée or Bacchus; but the second Scherzo is pure Davies, balefully simple and skewed. and the final Lento stands in the

Downes sustained the intensity of the whole construction with immense skill and commitment. He also supplied a The musical tensions would creative accompaniment (with an eleguent cells) for John Lill's loyal, heavy-handed account of the Piano Concerto No. 2 of Brahms. Lill's chunky address takes facing up to, but it must be said that his aggressive point-making is plainly the result of deep immersion in the different.

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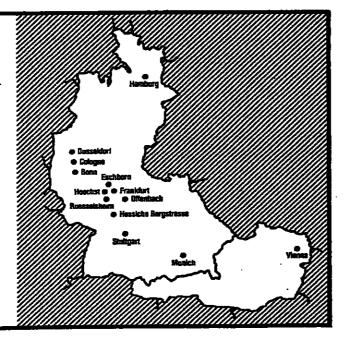
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Arts Guide Aug 30-Sept 5

Opera and Ballet

LONDON

English National Opera, Coliseum:
The season begins with one of the company's biggest hits in many years, the Jonathan Miller New York updating of Rigoletto. A new cast takes the leads; Neil Howlett in the title role, David Rendall as Duke; Joan Rodgers as Glida, conductor Noel Davies. Also in the same week: pre-premiere previews of the new Orpheus in the Underworld. Produced by David Pountney in Gerald Scarie's designs, it seems certain to take a fresh and uppredictable view of the classic Offenhach operetta. (240 1086).

WEST GERMANY

gesture to opera lovers, director Rolf Liebermann plans to transfer the opening performance of Othello to a chama screen in the Hamburg on a cinema screen in the hamburg Congress-Centre, where an extra 3,000 fans will be able to watch it free of charge. It is likely to be a star-studded evening, including Placido Domingo, Margaret Price and Sherill Milnes. Further perfor-mences are La Bohème with Katia Pinderelli and Giacomo Arguill and mances are La Boheme with Kana Riccizrelli and Giacomo Aragall and Ariadne auf Nazos, conducted by Ferdinand Leitner. Lnigi Nono's rarely played Intoleranza closes the week. (351151). Berlia, Deutsche Oper: Die Fieder-maus features Edda Moser and Ca-rol Malone. The Magic Finite has fine interpretations by Sinie Green.

Wohlers. Aida, sung in Italian, has Julia Varady in the title role and Nicola Martinucci as Radames. Der Fliegende Holländer has Jamis Mar-tin and Martti Talvela. Madame Butterfly is conducted by Stefan

CHICAGO

Changing Times Tap Dance Company (Goodman); Kicking off the Goodman's 80th anniversary season is Jane Goldberg's jazz tap dance company, featuring their latest revue, Shoot Me While I'm Happy. (443 3800).

NEW YORK

New York City Opera (NY State): The week features a series of five perforweek features a series of five performances of the Merry Widow with Leigh Munro and Claudia Cummings sharing the role of Sonia, conducted by Imre Pallo in Ronald Bentley's production last seen in 1963. Lincoln Center (870 5580). Inserican Ballet Theatre (Metropolitan Opera House): Mixed programmes in a short season teaser. Ends Sept 15. Lincoln Center (822 6000).

satsoper: Turandot with Marton Ricciarelli, Carreras, (Wed); Cavalle Ricciarelli, Carreras, (Wed); Cavalle-ria Rusticana and Pagliacei condunt-ed by Fischer with Cotrubas, Dom-ingo (Mon and Thur); Lohengrin conducted by Stein with Gessen-dorf, Rysanek-Gausmann, Vogel, Jerusalem (Tue). (5324/2655). Volksoper: Ceardasfurstin; The Fied-ermans; Das Land des Lachelns; Viscona Blood (524/265).

London Classical Players

Dominic Gill

demy of Ancient Music, that working. It is not a different Beethoven symphonies are potentialy just as exciting, and can provide just as many revelations, as performances on authentic instruments of Bach Suites. It can be thrilling, even in a dull performance, to hear Beethoven's sonorities stripped of their late-century cloudy veneer; and a good performance can be electrifying—a paradoxical first encounter with a long-familiar work a long-familiar work,

of his London Classical Players at Sunday's Prom at the Albert Hali was a mixture of inspired consiseness and slightly mawk-

Roger Norrington's direction

I remarked last week, after chamber epic, that is, in its inhearing the Eroica played by timacy, delicacy and extraordi-Christopher Hogwood's Aca- nary subtlety of contrapuntal authentic" performances of work in its modern orchestral dress: simply less rich in its impact and exaggerated in its pro-portions. Though the modern timpani sound more like thunder, there is something sharper and more immediate even to the timbre of the early drum which represents thunder more keenly.

One could list on every page of Haydn's London symphony a dozen particular felicities which only an authentically scaled performance allows us to hear. Enough to say that in wirtually every process. virtually every respect, from matters of rhythm and timbre to broad, essential character, the music sounds new-minted consiseness and slightly mawkish encouragement: but the
results were exhitarating, almost from first to last.
Beethoven's Pastoral symphony,
heard to proper scale, and with
its timbres correctly mixed,
emerges as a chamber epic—a

to broad, essential character,
the music sounds new-minted
to ears accustomed to modern
performance. Norrington's instinct for stylish phrasing here,
and in Mozart's motet "Exsultate, jubilate," sweetly sung by
Rachel Yakar, was impeccable.

British singers to tour Europe

and France during September with appearances at La Scala, from the choir,

As their contribution to European Music Year the Monteverdi Choir, the English Baroque Soloists and John Eliot Gardiner will tour Italy, Germany and France during September and France during September from the choir

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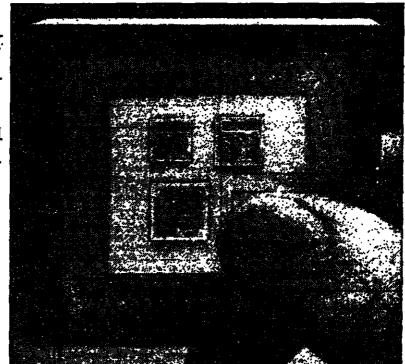
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THE MANAGEMENT PAGE: Small Business

Writing a new chapter on an old tradition

William Dawkins on the renaissance of a fountain pen repairer

Woolf and is now learning more about the craft from Mason.

Few family-owned businesses

Beneath that charm, Woolf is working hard to sweep away

some of Pentriend's more ana-chronistic ways and to squeeze

and preserving the delightfully

well hidden surroundings.

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of our charm to have premises like these and to be a little difficult to find. We know that

the people who came here are serious about wanting to have

their pens repaired," he argues. In any event, most of Pen-friend's business comes from

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A creaking staircase takes you up several flights into the dusty gloom, where a landing leads into a windowless boxroom lined with brightly lit showcases containing hundreds of pens of all ages and shapes. They range from the famous Sheafter "snorkel"—so named because of the retractable tube used to fill its ink reservoir used to fill its ink reservoir-to a mysterious black Japanese writing instrument with a barrel the thickness of a child's

An electric bell summons a shy, bespectacled man, who will be happy to feed you stories of great pens he has known while one of his eight craftsmen repairs your humble instrument in the neighbouring workshop.

He is Peter Woolf, former finance director of EMI Music International, an unlikely back-ground for the man who became part-owner of this 35-year-old business in March. "Writing for me is a passion," explains Woolf, 50. "The one personal possession people respect most is their fountain pen," he adds with the excited air of a small boy who is just discovering the loys of his first

Penfriend is the crowning piece in the collection of an inveterate magpie. Woolf has 23 collections; folding fruit knives, miniature telescopes, silk flags and unopened packets of playing cards, to name a few. But writing instruments are the principal obses-sion of a man who is gently trying to usher this old-fashioned business into the modern world by taking a critical look at its marketing

A long-standing Penfriend customer, Woolf bought into the business when its founder, Ivan Mason, realised at the age of 69 that he could not go on for ever. Woolf, who admits to

and is negotiating to move into Parker's former workshop in Bush House in the Strand. And for the first time in its history, Penfriend has started to adver "Perhaps Mr Mason's only failing is that he never made people aware of his existence," says Woolf.

Before the new owners arrived, Mason had never formally calculated unit costs. He was charging £3 for a complete overhaul and repair—however difficult—when his fixed costs. mot including wages, came to just over £2 per pen. The result was that he lost money on the more complicated jobs and Penfriend barely broke even on the 60,000 pens it handled last year. Now Woolf charges £4.25 for the more simple repairs and casionally repaired pens for puts the more difficult jobs on a different scale, where they are charged according to time "He never did that sort of can have experienced such a harmonious change in control, exemplified by the old world courtesy with which Woolf still prefixes a Mr to Mason's name.

costing. He just came in very early in the morning, worked hard until late in the evening, and expected everything to turn out right," says Woolf. Pen-friend is profitable again as a result of his measures, and expects to double its turnover

growth out of a £50,000 turn-over business which has hardly changed its methods since its formation by the former Parker Pen mechanic in 1950. Not that Woolf underest mates Mason's contribution, either as a craftsman or as a businessman. Over the years, Mason has amagged a collection In doing so, he has tried to strike a balance between import-ing a hard-nosed commercialism of several thousand spare parts for discontinued pens dating back to 1880. This is of great value in an industry which is littered with defunct manufacold-fashioned image which is Penfriend's greatest marketing turers like Conway Stewart, Swan, Burnham and Mentmore, many of whose pens still have loyal owners. "When I started, nobody thought there would be asset. Its main office, for instance, would be a liability to any other company. Yet Woolf looks shocked at any suggestion that Penfriend might a shortage of spare parts," says benefit from smarter or less Mason.

The forces which killed so many British pen producers, however, have also made life difficult for Penfriend, which has seen the repairs business dwindle with the growth of cheep disposable Biros and other low cost writing instru-

Mason maintains that there having become disillusioned by retailers who never need to the cut throat ways of the music business, thought it was too good a chance to miss.

His partner is Roy Zeff, 39, showroom in Zeff's antique. a West End jeweller who had retailers who never need to pens greatly as fashion items.

But as a concession to modern marketing, Woolf has opened a "Nothing is new," he says. "This business keeps going a west End jeweller who had in directly the control of the cut throat ways of the workshop.

But as a concession to modern marketing and partly as fashion items. "Nothing is new," he says. "This business keeps going round in circles."

In brief ...

business computer users are satisfied with their machines, and three-quarters of them intend to extend or upgrade their systems, according to a survey by Your Business magazine.

The study covers just over 100 independent companies with annual turnovers ranging from £500.000 to £5m, of which 86 per cent said that their computers measured up to the performance indicated by the dealer at the time of installation. Its conclusions are in "marked contrast to other surveys recently which have indicated that many busi-nesses have lived to regret their initial computer initial computer use decisions," says the

magazine.
Of the respondents, 90 per cent said they encountered no difficulties in obtaining maindifficulties in obtaining main-tenance for their machines, while 78 per cent recorded no difficulties in finding and using suitable software. Eighty-five per cent of them used computers for accoun-ing purposes, with 79 per cent using them for sales ledgers.

ledgers.

A number of companies, however, remarked how easy it is to make bad buying decisions and how difficult they found it to assess the claims made by salesmen.

How U.S. capital came up trumps

William Dawkins on CMS's search for funding

COMPUTERISED Medical Systems (CMS), whose search for venture capital was described on this page in February, last month finally raised £1.2m not quite in the way it had

CMS, a Chicago-based maker of body scanners, was raising the cash to set up a factory at its European distribution office in Aylesbury, and was accordingly keen to attract UK in-

Yet seven City of London venture capitalists turned CMS down, with the result that the company instead sold 24 per cent of its equity to a group of private U.S. and Middle Eastern investors. The episode adds further fuel to many British entrepreneurs' complaints that UK venture capitalists take a less robust attitude to risk than their Transatlautic counter-

A separate fund - raising attempt under the Business Expansion Scheme met the same fate. CMS was planning to set up an independent company—so that it would not be barred by BES rules forbidding foreign-owned ventures-to sell mobile scanner units to local authorities. But CMS had to hand back investors' subscriptions after pulling in only a quarter of its £2m minimum target. Californian venture capitalists filled the breach instead.

surprisingly, peeved. Despite the risky nature of CMS's busi-ness, the company has a £4.5m order book, he points out, and is expected to achieve sales of £9m to £10m next year. UK venture capitalists, he

maintains, were interested in principle, but were unwilling to participate until a British lead investor emerged. "But nobody wanted to take the lead," he says. The fact that CMS had no British financial advisers was also a barrier. Robert Ashmead, a director of Venture Founders, which took more interest than most in CMS, says: "We thought the product was great. We felt, however, that the UK market was not yet ready for it." He also admits to feeling uncomfortable about the problems of "management and control" which wight with a wight arise for a small which might arise for a small company with offices on either side of the Atlantic.

The BES issue ran into a different problem. Private investors found CMS unattractive against the safer assetbacked property developers which were flocking to the scheme before property was thrown out of the BES in the last Budget. In the absence of any wider

ent of CMS's value, Montano's words must be taken with a pinch of salt. But proof of what British investors have missed will come, he promises Dan Montano, president of Montano Securities, the small when CMS achieves a quotation Californian equity dealer which on the U.S. over-the-counter arranged both issues, is, not market, planned for next May.

To register, a company must talks on the law around the country, he adds.

While the law applies to all September 30. The forms recompanies keeping personal

Data protection

'Yet another burden'

Jane Rippeteau on general ignorance of computer legislation

and medium-sized companies are in a stew over what they say is the Government's lack of effort to make them aware of the requirements of the new Data Protection Act.

This law requires any company that keeps computerised pany that keeps computerised of nersonal data on

pany that keeps computerised records of personal data on individuals to register with the Government. Registration will be open for six months beginning on November 11, and failure to comply is a criminal offence punishable by fines of unlimited amount.

"This is a classic case of a law being enacted in the UK and little being done to explain it," says James Cooke, chief executive of Binder Hamlyn, a management consultancy receivising in smaller commanagement constitutory specialising in smaller com-panies. Client queries show, he says, that "most companies seem to be completely unaware and unbriefed about what is about to hit them."

Cooke is especially con-cerned about companies with under 200 employees because they would not be as likely as larger companies to keep track of Parliamentary actions affecting them.

But a leading trade organisation set up to do just that for small companies was also completely in the dark about the new bill

"We missed that one," says Stan Mendham, founder of the nothing about it. Isn't it mad-dening?" he says. Mendham quickly got off the phone to call his "mole" at the Home Office and find out what was

Even the Government concedes that its four-year-old effort to develop data protection rules has not come widely to the attention of small companies. The Government has just appointed an advertising agency, C. D. P. Waterhouse, to run a campaign that "will be heavily directed to small and medium-

gathering must also be regi-stered with the Government. The law does request companies to comply with eight principles, including restricting data to information obtained lawfully, holding it securely and disclos-ing it to the individuals it concerns. Within about two years, individuals will be able to challenge companies about to challenge companies about data held on them.

To cope with the paperwork this will generate, Howe says he is boosting his current staff of 20 to 50 by September and to 100 during the anticipated "height of registration next year." His budget of £1.2m may also be increased. He says that some 300,000 registrations are expected instead of an initial estimate of 200,000. "It turns out there is a greater than expected number of organisations using computers, and quite a few will put in more than one registration." he says.

Advantage

Larger companies seem somewhat better versed concerning the law. Vivian Bowern, group manager of personnel admini-stration, systems and informa-tion at ICI says: "Being a large company, we had an advantage. We were consulted directly (by the Government) and had several people on committees

Bowern also served on the Confederation of British Industry's working party on data protection, which was set up to put industry's point of view to the Rome Office. view to the Home Office.

Management consultants Arthur Young initiated a series of courses for its clients. Paying £60 per head, between 20 and 40 different companies Sized companies," according to sized companies," according to be have sent representatives. Office of Data Protection, which one of three sessions held so administers the Act. "It is up to far, says Timothy Keehane, computer services manager at Colleagues are giving talks on the law around the

REPRESENTATIVES OF small quest details on what kind of and medium-sized companies personal data a company keeps are in a stew over what they say is the Government's lack how it is obtained and whether data on computer, the Government it ment's failure to implement it would primarily affect multi-national companies.

national companies.

Seeking to protect individuals from misuse of the power of the computer, the Council of Europe in 1981 drew up a document calling for data protection laws. Each country to sign it would then develop domestic legislation, thus ratifying the Council's intentions. Once five had signed, they could then refuse to transfer data to any country not in the could then refuse to transfer data to any country not in the club. Four countries, France. Spain, Norway and Sweden, have already ratified, according to Howe. Clearly, he notes, "companies trading internationally are concerned about damage to their trade."

The business of Thorn EMI

Datasolve, for instance, could be affected. Datasolve runs a computer bureau, a kind of computer time-sharing service, and has a number of overseas customers, according to customers, according to Anthony Mutton, a consultant in Datasolve's systems and office automation unit. The group is now running internal seminars "to make sure people in Datasolve know about it the legislation! so customers [the legislation] so customers can be reassured and directed." he says. Mutton explains that since customers use Datasok'e machines for processing data, any material containing per-sonal data must be registered by the customer.

So far, though, such big-com-pany co-ordination has not made its way down to the small- to medium-sized cousins. The rule "will come as a complete shock," says Ralph Jackson of the National Federation of Self-Employed and Small Businesses, Jackson says he has drawn attention to the law in the organisation's magazine, hut believes that many small com-panies "will be unaware of its existence." He could not estimate how many of the federation's 45,000 members keep computer data.

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But even when the little guys do find out, says Cooke of Binder Hamlyn, compliance for them "could be just a pain in the neck." Just at a time when the talk is "about reducing burdens on small companies, here is another. "The more you ask them to do," he says, "the more you are holding them

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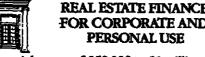
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COMPANY Fest-expending PLC wishes to normals its property activities b impany acquisition either for ca

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APPOINTMENTS

Securicor Group chief

Mr Peter Towle has been appointed group chief executive of SECURICOR GROUP, succeeding Mr Peter Smith. Mr Roger Wiggs is appointed deputy group chief executive. Mr Smith remains chairman in a non-executive capacity. Mr Towle joined Securicor in 1976 as an executive director. He has been pointed Securitor in 1976 at the executive director. He has been managing director of Security Services since 1984 and of its operating subsidiary Securicor Ltd since 1980.

Mr Harold M. Tract, former senior partner of REIN, MOUND, CATTON, has joined the partner-ship KROLL, POMERANTZ & CAMERON. The firm will in future be known as KROLL, TRACT, POMERANTZ & CAMERON.

AVELING BARFORD has named Mr Ray Mortimer as its managing director. Mr Mortimer recently rejoined the board after a seven-year absence, during which time he was managing director of the contractors plant division of Stothert and Pitt.

SUMITOMO TRUST INTER-SUMITOMO TRUST INTER-NATIONAL has appointed Mr Ahira Adachi its deputy manag-ing director. Mr Adachi was working with The Sumitomo Trust and Banking Co. in Tokyo in the international finance department.

WANSON COMPANY has appointed Mr Peter Vermeylen its managing director. He was managing director of Wright Machinery.

Mr Martin Reid-Foster, execu-Mr Martin Reid-Fosfer, executive director of STG Advertising and Publicity Services, has been appointed managing director of MACGREGOR HALTON. Mr Charles MacGregor, former director of the Scottish Information Office, who in partnership with Mr Vincent Seott-Halton, chairman of Halton Advertising, established the company in 1983, has retired as its executive

Mr John Parsons has been made marketing director and Mr Bill Stewart the technical direc-tor at SIEBERT/HEAD.

Mr Geoffrey W. King has been appointed company secretary of SEARS.

Mr Hans Dinger has been appointed manager of the newly-formed Asian marketing unit in the corporate banking division from UB (Biscuits) Catering, where he was responsible for the was responsible for the unarketing of merchant banking street distribution director (frozen foods) with UB DISTRIBUTION SERVICES. He moves to the distribution director (frozen foods) with UB DISTRIBUTION SERVICES. He moves to the distribution director (frozen foods) with UB DISTRIBUTION SERVICES. He moves to the distribution director (frozen foods) with UB DISTRIBUTION COMPANY OF THE MOVE OF THE MOVE

& Co and its coming together by the end of the year.

Mr Peter Towle, group chief executive, Securicor Group

with Alan Patricof Associates, the venture capital firm, as two subsidiaries of MMG Patricol.

Mr Chris Lomberg, chief execu-taive of Simon Engineering, has been appointed non-executive director of DOBSON PARK INDUSTRIES.

Mr Michael Walker has been appointed a director of CLIVE DISCOUNT Co.

THE NORWICH BREWERY CO has appointed Mr Ian Pluthere as finance director. He was financial controller at Hogg

Following the retirement from their executive positions as managing director and director of ARTHUR ACKERMANN & SON, Mr A. L. Gates and Mr G. H. Welham romain on the board as non-executive directors and consultants. Mr D. W. Fuller has been appointed joint managing director with Mr J. R. P. Sabin who has resigned his director ship with the Richard Green Gallery to take up this position.

base retired as its executive principal but will remain as a consultant.

Mr Derek P. Regers has joined the board of Lloyd's brokers, BYAS MOSLEY AND CO. as chief executive of the UK operations.

Mr Paul Burt has been appointed director of ASTLEY AND PEARCE (Eurocurrency Deposits).

WORKS has appointed Mr Bob Haire its managing director. Prior to joining Whitechapel. Mr Haire was general manager of Apple Computers European manufacturing operation.

Mr John Capstick has been appointed distribution director (frozen foods) with UB DISTRI-BUTION SERVICES. He moves

Mr Ray Douse, a director of
Hill Samuel & Co, has joined MARINE EQUIPMENT COUNMMG PATRICOF & CO as
managing director. His appoint
ment coincides with the renaming of MMG as MMG Patricof
handover of his responsibilities

The Co and its coming together

The condition of the year of the year.

CONTRACTS

Trainers for **Royal Navy**

FERRANTI C O M P U T E R in Cologne, Fassler of Switzer-SYSTEMS has won an order, land, and UMAK, Birmingham, worth over £2.5m, from the Fassler's UK concessionaires. It is the first major automotive two acoustic frequency analysis application for the Fassler produce Royal Navy. The trainers to the Royal Navy. The trainers of a 25 machine order. The wards the end of 1986 to HMS Dryad and HMS Dolphin where they will be used for training the statement of the stat Dryad and HMS Dolphin where they will be used for training operators of passive classification sonars fitted on surface ships and submarines. Each system, designed to train a full sonar team simultaneously, has a library of 100 vessel signatures available. The instructor can pre-program an exercise or introduce targets manually. Up to six targets (both broadband and narrowband) can be in the scenario simultaneously together scenario simultaneously together scenario simultaneously together in the company's head-quarters in Cleckheaton, West Yorkshire, and in factories, warehouses and depots throughout the UK. scenario simultaneously together Yorkshire, a warehouses a band targets, four weapons (ie out the UK.

are incorporated for debriefing and the instructor can copy to disk or make a hard copy of the display at any trainee's

position.

WALKINSHAW PACKAGING
SYSTEMS. Newbury, has won
a £290,000 order from BP for
the installation of a packaging
line at the Aldridge plant.
Walkinshaw is UK agent for
OCME Spa and this is the second
line that the company has supplied to BP. This order includes
equipment for automatic depalletising, filling and capping,
packing and palletising for BP's
half- and one-litre plastic containers for lube oil products.

installations for the utilities/ water injection and power generation modules.

Further sets of FERRANTI A Dorset firm, LOVAUX, has the Ariane satellite launcher won a f2m aircraft modernisa have been ordered by Arianewon a f2m aircraft modernisation and maintenance contract from the Ministry of Defence. The Hurn Airport-based company will take oo up to 40 extra staff to carry out the three-year programme handling Hunter jets from Yeovikton Royal Naval Air Station. An order worth £1.25m has been placed by the Ford Motor Company for 12 Fassler gear finishing machines to be installed at the company's Halewood works. The order followed international collaboration between the Ford European Transmission Centre launches, Ariane has achieved a faultless performance record. Glotto, now safely on its way to meet Halley's comet, was the third successful launch by Ariane this year. The next launch carrying two communication satellites—Spacenet F3 and FCS3 is scheduled for September 11.

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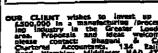
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MUNRO PROJECTS, Dundee MUNRO PROJECTS. Dundee, has won two North Sea oil contracts, together worth £3m, for work on modules being constructed for the North Alwyn "B" field production platform for Total Oil Marine. One order, placed by UIE Scotland at Clydebank, is for process piping systems on the oil export and gas separation modules. The second, from R.G.C. Offshore at Methil, comprises electrical switchgear and control room installations for the utilities/

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FINANCIAL TIMES

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Tuesday September 3 1985

Reshuffling the pack

administration has long been known to be in political difficulties. The evidence of the by-elections, the local elections and the opinion polls all attest

bright spots—for example, the vote by the guards on British Rail not to take industrial action Rail not to take industrial action last week—not all the policies are succeeding. While some useful steps have been taken to improve the workings of markets, the handling of fiscal and monetary policy has been far less convincing. Unemployment remains for the high.

It is cometimes said that Mrs Thatcher and her ministers were in a similar position in 1981 and survived to win the general election two years later with a landslide majority, at least in terms of seats if not of

Yet there are two reasons why that analogy is not con-vincing today. One is that un-employment now is much greater than it was then. The other is that there is a limit w long an electorate will wait for a government to fulfil its promises. "Give Mrs Thatcher a third term" is not quite such an appealing cry as "Give her a second." It may be also noted that the Liberal-SDP Alliance has continued to develop in the last two years and that the Labour Party looks much less ragged than it used to. The need to cling on to the Tories for fear of finding something worse is no longer so

Dilemma

Throughout the summer it had been suggested that the way out of the Government's dilemma was the September reshuffle. Indeed, it is admitted even at the heart of the Conservative Party that some key ministers, however intellector the moves, either. The tually able and privately balance in the Cabinet has not tually able and privately charming, do not exactly inspire the country. In particular, they do not go down well on tele-vision, and sometimes not even in the House of Commons.

The reshuffle was intended to provide an answer. It is much bigger than was generally expected. Some of the appoint-ments are welcome. Mr Norman Tebbit, for instance, should prove a very effective party chairman. He is not nearly such an abrasive figure as he is sometimes made out to be. He should be capable of rousing the faithful, and even the apathetic, in a way that his redecessor. Mr John Gummer.

cabinet minister can work efficiently: he will now have a machine behind him and indeed it is in the area of micro-economic policy in which Lord Young specialises where the Government has been at its best. Mr Kenneth Clarke, promoted to the Cabinet, should be an admirable stand-in for him in the House of Commons.

only a curious belief that if grey men are moved they will

example is the despatch of Mr Tom King to Northern Ireland. Mr Doglas Rurd had been there only a year and doing well. Indeed, Anglo-Irish relations are now at a critical stage. vious knowledge of the subject and has been a pawn every Thatcher reshuffle so far. It will be interpreted in Dublin and Belfast as a sign that the Prime Minister is less serious about Ireland than had recently seemed the case.

a good Home Secretary, what-ever might be thought about his handling of the BBC. There is no obvious explanation for moving him to the Department of Trade and Industry. He will be no less exposed to television and has no background in the area. Whatever Mrs Thatcher says, the change will be bound to be seen as a demotion.

There is no political rationale been conspicuously altered— between "wets" and "dries," radicals and consolidators. Some ministers, like Mr Patrick Jenkin, have gone partly because they independently the rash commitments of the last Tory manifesto to abolish the Greater London Council without knowing how to do it. Others, like Mr Peter Walker at Energy, have stayed because the Prime Minister dares neither to sack

acknowledgement that the Government may have made mistakes. There is no immediate evidence that either the

THE battle for control of Trans World Airlines— which Mr Carl Icahn, one

of Wall Street's most ruthless corporate raiders, now appears to have won—is the latest and most dramatic sign of the ferment in the U.S. airline

Since the late 1970s, the delicate competitive balance among the airlines has been upset by a wave of new carriers.

launched a counter-attack to try to retain their hold over the

carrier offering a handful of

widely differing tariffs to the

This year, however, two specific events stand out which

have changed the face of the U.S. airline industry. The first

was United Airlines' \$750m bid for Jan Am's Pacific routes. If

this deal goes through it will

You see Mr Icahn, running a

major airline is a big job, one that we don't take lightly. It's

not like speculating with paper on Wall Street. You have to be

same destination

industry.

Some of the other appointments, however, look simply bizarre, lacking both rhyme and reason. It is as though Mrs Thatcher has fallen for the fallacy that if you reshuffle the pack, you are bound to have a better hand. There is not the slightest him that it may be the policies that are at fault, only a curious belief that if cease to be grey.

Quite the most extraordinary

proven 'fit' to operate an air-line; 'fit' to managed; 'fit' to raise the vast sums of money needed to maintain equipment safely and invest in new modern aircraft; 'fit' to comply with the many important rules and regulations that the various Again, Mr Leon Brittan was federal, state, municipal and international agencies demand it's a commitment you just can't handle "-TWA's open letter to Mr Carl Icahn, May 20 1985. have a major impact on the fortunes of two of America's top half-dozen airlines. It will go a long way towards restoring the shaky finances of Pan Am, America's biggest international airline, while at the same time transforming

them nor promote them.
There is, in short, very little acknowledgement that the

Airlines. Continental is already the leading low-cost carrier in the was not.

It is also right that Lord be any better. It looks remark.

Young, previously minister without portfolio, should be a few winners and a few losers.

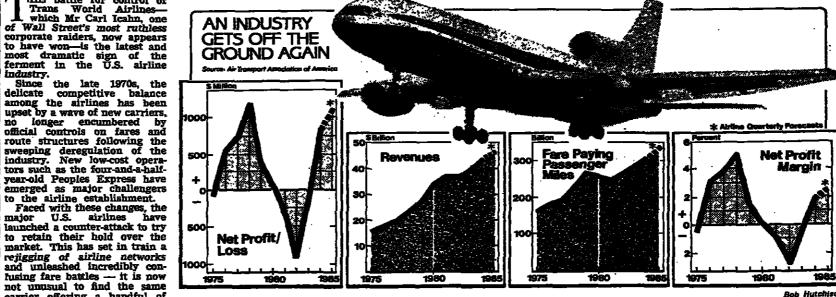
It is also right that Lord be any better. It looks remark.

Young, previously minister ably like musical chairs, with the prospect of Mr Lorenzo gainwithout portfolio, should be

THE U.S. AIRLINE INDUSTRY

Why predators are on the prowl

By Terry Dodsworth and William Hall in New York



immune from the takeover talk. Earlier this summer in a series

affectively insulated its over-

funded pension plan from

Icahn would end up in charge of TWA. It would have seemed even stranger to think that in order to win control he would have teamed up with the com-pany's two major trades

won control of one of the world's best-known airlines in a deal which is being halled as a

tory.
Texas Air's Mr Lorenzo had made his name by slashing wages to unheard of levels at his Continental Airlines subsidiary and when TWA had sought him out to save the air-line from Mr Icahn's clutches, TWA's heavily unlonised staff inevitably took fright. To side with Mr Icahn, a brilliant shortterm speculator but hardly a hands-on "manager, remendous gamble.

Mr Icahn demanded wage oncessions which are probably as tough as Mr Lorenzo would wanted, but the unions their support behind Mr Icahn in return for the promise of a substantial equity stake in the airline. Faced with the threat of major lebour disruption if Mr Lorenzo had won the day, TWA's managers were

an airline.

Over the past few weeks as the battle for control of TWA, once the plaything of eccentric billionaire Howard Hughes, has course, but it still could be tur- Resorts International — have bulent for the rest of the shown an interest in taking it

Three months ago nothing expressed interest in buying with TWA, just like Howard traffic in 1985 will grow by 10 could have seemed more unplum parts

The rumours around TWA,

Mr Crosby made an abortive growth in capacity. bid for Pan Am 10 years ago meanwhile, have spilled over into other airlines which have Wall Street is convinced that he was seriously interested seen their share prices buffeted by rampant speculation. Even in trying to take over TWA before Mr Icahn teamed up the strongest carriers like United Airlines have not been

The surge in speculative levels prevailing in 1978. activity in U.S. airline shares, However, these figures which has seen TWA and are not enough to explain of defensive moves, United splashed out \$588m on the Hertz Car Rental company, spun off some of its hotels and Eastern Airlines stock triple in value in less than a year, fol-lows a return to profitability for most U.S. carriers after several years of appalling

Last year, transatiantic air But in recent days stock market speculation has focused traffic grew by 13 per cent — its strongest gain since 1979 — and overall traffic was up 8 per on Pan Am, America's biggest international airline and one of its most unprofitable. A week ago Resorts International, the cent. In the first seven months of 1985 traffic as measured by Miami-based casino group, dis-closed that it had bought an 8.8 revenue passenger miles (the number of passengers carried per mile) jumped by 13 per cent. More than 1m passengers per cent stake in the airline. Jim Crosby, Resort's reclusive chairman who lives atop his a day are regularly travelling on U.S. airlines and the on U.S. airlines and the Washington-based Airline Quarcasino in Atlantic City, is said

to have always wanted to own an airline and fallen in love HOW U.S. AIRLINES ARE FARING

<u>."</u> i	international airline, while at	tion if Mr Lorenzo had won the	(1)			who believes that over the next	sented a last-ditch effort to		
k V	the same time transforming United into a major interna- tional airline and consolidating its position as the industry's	He could either have made a	Airline .	6-month 1985 revenue	6-menth 1985 net income	on previous		two to three years the number of major carriers will shrink to between six and eight, with	avoid bankruptcy by giving a quid pro quo for wage cuts. If Mr Icahn's bld goes through, TWA will also join the
2		his TWA shares by accepting	American	2,082.0	234.1	+ 77.0	14.45	anomer 20 smaller carriers.	list of the wage-cutting airlines.
+	The second event has been	Mr Lorenzo's offer or gain	United	2,781.4	103.8	NII .	18.01		But there is a growing belief
<u>"-</u>	the fierce battle for TWA.	promises to be far more profit-	Eastern Airlines	2,500.0	49.8 .	NIL	11.31	Air Transport Association to set up his own consultancy, believes	
v.		able as a result of the	Delta Airlines	2,237.0	134.1	+162.6	11.07	that the major survivors will be	trious airlines will depend as
ie (pre-negotiated wage conces-	Trans World Airlines	1,810.0	- 68.3	Nii	6,12	airlines which control large	
k	the head of the U.S.'s second	any secret of the fact that he is	Pan Am Corporation	1,551.1	-219.8	Nil	1.77	hubs—airports where they can funnel local feeder flights on to	
e	America's largest transatlantic	only interested in making a fast	North Western	1,269.7	36.1	- 11.0	4.43	their higher-yielding long-	
e	carrier with his own Continental	buck. He does not have any	Texas Air Corporate.	906.5	53.7	+512.0	4.54	distance routes.	What the past few years of
e	Airlines, Continental is already the	romantic dreams about owning	USAir Group	875.5	59.5	+ 3.4	3.51	for survival, most attention is	deregulated competition have
ie	leading low-cost carrier in the	Over the past few weeks as	Republic Airlines	836.5	63.2	+152.8	3.48	being focused on comparative	market - orientated industry
11	industry and many of major	the battle for control of TWA,	People Express	437.7	- 5.8	Nil	3.46	labour costs. In the 1970s,	there is a hig premium on good
'n	U.S. airlines were not happy at	once the plaything of eccentric billionaire Howard Hughes, has	Pledment Aviation	719.9	32.4	+ 42.9	2.81	rising wage packages were dis- guised by the prevailing high	management. The recent his-
s.	ing such a powerful position.	reached its climax, dozens of	Western Airlines	659.0	24.6	NII	3,61	rate of inflation and the limited	been written by outsiders such
ı	With Mr Icahn at the controls,	would-be investors - ranging						competition which resulted	as Peoples Express and Conti-
	TWA may steer a different	from Eastern Airlines to	† Owns controlling in	terest in	Centinental .	Airunes and	NY Air.	from the industry's bureaucratic	nental Airlines. The next few

growth in capacity.

According to Airline Quar-

ing them back to the \$1.2bn

However, these figures alone are not enough to explain Wall

Street's current love affair with

What seems to be attracting

investors is the belief that the industry is about to witness a

spate of major takeovers Wall Street is already busily

picking its winners and has selected a handful of names

such as United, American,

Delta and NorthWest which it

more heavily integrated indus-try. Most of these have gained

market share since deregula-

tion despite the competition from low cost carriers.

"There will be other winners," says Dr George James, an airline consultant,

expects to form the core of

cent this year.

In a remarkably short time the competitive pressures, un-leashed by deregulation, have led to far-reaching changes in management - union relationmanagement - union relation-ships. The most dramatic evid-ence of the changing balance of power in airline wage bargain-ing came less than two years ago when Mr Lorenzo's Conti-nental Airlines slashed wages by around 50 per cent after suc-cessfully speking protection of cessfully seeking protection of the U.S. bankruptcy courts.

country and labour costs for some airlines accounted for well over 50 per cent of all operating

the U.S. bankruptcy courts.

The airline pilots are still bitterly fighting against this controversial use of the bankruptcy proceedings, which was reflected in their opposition to his attempted takeover of TWA.

This year has been marked by a spate of strikes, notably month-long disputes at both Pan Am and United, as airline managements have taken on the unions in a manner which would have been unthinkable only two or three years ago. In the process the airknes have ploneered the use of the conpioneered the use of the con-troversial two-tier wages sys-tem—in which newly bired workers are paid substantially less for the same job—and in return offered equity and profit sharing.

terly, higher volume will translate into a rise of around one-third in the industry's combined profits this year, tak-Five of the top 15 airlines-

" We think \$24 per share, whic is 33 per cent above Mr Icahan's mittal offer of \$18 per share, is an excellent price for our stockholders... Although TWA initially raised questions about screets current love analy with airlines. By any reasonable standard the industry's profitability is exceptionally low. Since 1978 net profit margin on sales have dropped from 5.2 per cent to an estimated 2.4 per cent this way. leahn's intentions regarding the airline, he has since made numerous statements, pledges and specific ogreements with the TWA unions, all of which indicate that he does not intend to take the harmful action which TWA had previously feared," TWA statement of August 20 following board decision not to block the Icahn

Eastern, Republic, Western, Continental and Frontier-have given away a substantial slice of their equity to their work-force. To some degree this policy can be seen as a spur for staff, but for most it repre-sented a last-ditch effort to avoid bankruptcy by giving a quid pro quo for wage cuts. If Mr Icahn's bid goes between six and eight, with through, TWA will also join the another 20 smaller carriers. list of the wage-cutting airlines. Dr James, who quit the U.S. But there is a growing belief Air Transport Association to set on Wall Street that the future

. 20.€

that the major survivors will be trious airlines will depend as airlines which control large much upon Mr Icahn's manahubs—airports where they can gerial abilities as upon the funnel local feeder flights on to significant concessions being higher-yielding longmade by its 28.000 employees. What the past few years of But in the short-term battle deregulated competition have for survival, most attention is shown above all is that in a being focused on comparative market - orientated industry labour costs. In the 1970s, there is a big premium on good rising wage packages were disguised by the prevailing high tory of the U.S. airlines has rate of inflation and the limited been written by outsiders such competition which resulted as Peoples Express and Conti-from the industry's bureaucratic nental Airlines. The next few regulations. The airline unions months will show whether Mr were some of the most powerful Icahn can pass one of his and uncompromising in the toughest "fitness" tests.

Microchips on a European scale

IF EUROPEAN high-technology a wholly new market sector companies are to stand a real where there is great potential companies are to stand a real where the chance against American and Japanese rivals, they must have the ability and motivation to "custom" the ability and motivation to "custom" curps in small loss, treat Europe, particularly the European Community, as an extended home market. This requires not only reductions in the non-tariff barriers which still divide EEC markets, but also changes in the attitudes of production volumes needed to businessmen and entrepreneurs.

Market of Europe's largest chip industry. Secondly, though

by preferential procurement, especially in defence and tele-communications. As much through the fault of govern-ments as their own, they have often found it difficult to re-focus their strategy and objectives on a European scale.

Hence any move to break out of the national straitjacket, for research, mostly by a few such as European Silicon Systems (ES2), the new identification company announced yesterday, is to be search with would not have been done annually the search with the catery of the company annual of the company annual of the catery of the catery

Avoiding pitfalls

From the outset, ES2 has been conceived and planned as a European, rather than a purely national, operation — in its sources of finance, its selection of senior management, its choice of locations and, above all, in its marketing goals. Its founders have consciously sought to avoid the pitfalls which have beset previous semiconductor initiatives in Europe.
Many of these have been in
mass-produced "standard"
microchips, a business dominated by the Americans and Many of these have been in mass-produced "standard" of change. Unencumbered by the Americans and the Japanese, and where rapid and profitable growth can be achieved only by capturing a substantial slice of the world market.

better placed to act as catalysts of change. Unencumbered by the trappings of the past and with the agility to respond quickly, they need not be constrained by the national barriers which have entrapped so many of their older competitors.

Too often, however, they

There are several reasons for do more to restore Europe's thinking that ES2—provided it can make its technology work—pete in high-technology industrials a better chance of success. First, it is pioneering commercial successes.

By dedicating itself to making "custom" chips in small lots, Many of Europe's largest chip industry. Secondly, though to their national markets by preferential procurement, especially in defence and telecommunications. As much through the fault of governmyth that Europe's high-technology lag is due primarily to a shortage of technology.

This belief has led EEC gov-

> been done anyway. It is even less likely to encourage in managements the entrepre-neurial spirit needed to exploit neurial spirit needed to exploit new opportunities for growth It is doubtful, too, whether Europe's older established electronics companies are well-suited to pioneering high-risk commercial innovation. Many of them already have their hands full trying to up-date traditional businesses and man-agement attitudes

agement attitudes

New companies seem much
better placed to act as catalysts

But to be effective, they must think big from the start. Europe have been condemned from the start because they have been organised on a narrow national opportunities where others see basis.

Wilmot prefers U.S. style

European Silicon Structures (ES2), the newly-formed microchip venture, has made much of its claim to be the first com-

its claim to be the first com-pany organised on a truly trans-European basis.

It is somewhat ironic, there-fore, that it owes a large debt of inspiration to the U.S.

"We are going to operate more like a U.S. multinational in Europe than like other European companies," says Robb Wilmot, ES2's co-chairman. He argues that American companies are much more inclined to divide management authority between several European centres and to get executives of

different nationalities working together.

It is no accident that ES2's founders are all veterans of large U.S. electronics companies. Wilmot was with Texas Instruments for 16 years before moving to ICL in 1981, while chief executive Jean Luc Grand-Clement, and finance director Pierre Lesieur, both joined from Motorola.
The fourth founder, co-

chairman Robert Heikes, is an American who admits to having become infatuated with all



Men and Matters

Dutch descent,

or Dutch descent, and married to a Dutch wife, he now lives near St Tropez, where his wine cellar has achieved a Europe-wide reputation of its by all accounts one of the hardest tasks involved in setting up ES2 has been to convince

prospective investors and customers in Europe that a European high-technology project could succeed. However, its founders now say they are confident of raising the \$60m they need by the end of next month.

Heikes says that if ES2 goes as planned, he and Wilmot will be ready to launch further new ventures together.

Wilmot is paid £80,000 a year for one week's work a mouth at ICL, and he expects to spend about the same amount of time at ES2 once it is past the start-up phase. That will still leave him half the year free to pursue

Cruise line

Wealth can lurk in unexpected The aluminium men and the shipping line P & O Cruises have discovered they have a common interest in the super-structure of the veteran liner

have discovered they have a common interest in the super-structure of the veteran liner Oriana.

The upper decks, made entirely of aluminium and weighing well over 1,000 tonnes, are reckoned by the line's naval architects to be "the biggest lump of aluminium scrap available anywhere."

Now that P & O has announced that Oriana will be retired to the structure of the world.

For the last ten years Ramsser, aged 33, has been studying the Japanese corporate sector.

"Not just wading through analysts' reports," he says. "But studying exactly how the market for Japanese corporate bonds, and become a major investor in Now that P & O has announced that Oriana will be retired

things European while running Alcan Enfield, the British National Semiconductor's operations in Munich.

Alcan Enfield, the British secondary metal subsidiary of British Alcan, is thinking and about making a bid.

the now Oriana was the first big ere his liner to use weight-saving aluminium instead of steel for her superstructure. The con-struction was considered a major advance in ship-building technique when the 42,000-tonnes liner went into service in 1960.

Her sister ship, Canberra, and the rival Queen Elizabeth II, followed the trend later. With hindsight, the use of aluminium has been a splendid investment for P & O. The equivalent superstructure in steel would be worth only about one fifth as much at current scrap metal prices.

Ramsden invades Commodore Matthew C. Perry of

the U.S. navy would have whole-heartedly approved of Terry Ramsden of Glen International Financial Services. In 1854 Perry sailed into Tokyo Bay. Threatening the Japanese with a bombardment he forced them to sign a trading

agreement with the U.S. Now Ramsden has played his own small part in the opening-up of Japanese business life to the rest of the world.

row that P & O has annum-ced that Oriana will be retired from cruise service next year some brisk bidding is expected if the liner is scrapped.

The aluminium industry values the Oriana's upper decks structure at around £500,000 for melting down and recycling.

possibility of a contested take-over of a Japanese company by a foreign company.

Since the sale, Minebea's shares have risen by some 20 per cent on speculation that Knapp may bid for Minebea, which is itself in the middle of a bid for another Japanese com-nany. Sankyo Seiko.

a bid for another Japanese company, Sankyo Seiko.

In the words of one of Knapp's aides, "There has never been a transaction like this in Japanese corporate history."

Also in the Perry tradition is the law suit that Ramsden is bringing against another Japanese company. Tokyo Sanyo Electric. He alleges that the company has issued deliberately misleading facts to its shareholders—and he happens to be one of them.

Ramsden, a keen racing man who both owns horses and sponsors races, is quietly confident that he can overcome the notoriously bureaucratic Japanese approach to corporate

anese approach to corporate foreigners.

PR storm

Gale force winds continue to buffet Good Relations, the public relations group. A few days ago the deputy chairman, Maureen Smith, departed unexpectedly having sold her entire 11.6 per cent shareholding. Fellow board member, Paul Winner, also sold his holding and resigned. his holding and resigned.

As it happened Tony Good, the founder and chairman was in America on holiday when the office storm arose.

Now Good has been beset by another storm. He has been caught by Hurricane Elena which has been advancing on the Florida coast. which has been advancing on the Florida coast.

The word last night was that Good has been evacuated out of Tampa to Oriando

It makes even the London PR world look relatively safe.

Wild guess

Heard in one of the West-minster bars—"She knows so little about politics she thinks a filibuster is someone who breaks-in horses.

Observer

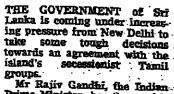
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SRI LANKA PEACE TALK

India tries to force the pace

By Alain Cass, Asia Editor



Prime Minister, has thrown his personal weight behind efferts to find a settlement. The next few days should tell whether he and Mr Romesh Bhandari, his Foreign Secretary, can find a new basis for talks between Sri Lanka's Tannis and the predominantly Simbalese Gov-erment following the college of the talks in Thimphia, capital of the Rimalayan : kingdom of Bhutan

Mr Gandhi thinks Mr Junius Jayewardene, Sri Lanka's President, is dragging his feet. The Indian leader wants to see Mr Jayewardene make an improved offer towards "substantial and meaningful" devolution for the Tamils. In return India would "guarantee" a solution by con-troiling the activity of Tamil gnerrilla groups shekering in the southern India state of Tamil Nadu.

Sri Isnka is an island divided by fear and mistrust. With every day that passes and every new stroctly committed, the chances of reconciliation between the country's two main ethnic groups—the Sinhalese

Battles which began more than 2,000 years ago

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will depend

and the Tamils-grow dimmer. Nowhere is this more evident than in the refegee camps. In Annradhapura, Sri Lanka's Buddhist city, the camps are Setums: Cry, the eamps are filled with people on the edge of despair. They are short of food, medicines and of hope. A family of five receives the equivalent of Rs 115 (23.20) from the Government to live for

homes burnt, women raped, their men and children shot dead. One woman said Tamil task of finding a solution.

guerrillas had cut off the breasts of her sister, backed her have fied north and east into to death and driven the rest of their traditional heartlands.

Burgoyne Alford

ing if these stories, and others like them, are true. What is real enough is the fear and misery eiched on the faces of the refraces.

the refugees of Anuradiapura differ from those in the
east and the north of the
country in one respect only.
They are Sinhalese, members
of the island's majority race.
The refugees around Trincomalee, Sri Lanka's strategic east
coast port—Nelson called it the
"finest harbour in the world"
—and Jaffna in the north are
Tamils, the predominantly
Hindu minority which constitotes around 18 per cent of the
island's 15m population. They island's 15m population. They have been the victims of Sinhalese violence, equally brutal and arbitrary.

the refugees.

The Sinhalese and the Tamils The Simhlese and the Tamis of Sri Lanka are today fighting battles which began more than 2,000 years ago. Since the communal riots of July 1983, when the present round of bloodletting began, hundreds, possibly thousands, of people have died and, as a result, large numbers of refugees have been on the move, slowly partitioning the country in all but name and greatly complicating the task of finding a solution.

the family away at guspoint Over 150,000 more have fied. The urgency to find a solution instability on the island could district level claim that there is before setting their house on abroad 100,000 to Tamil Nadu is compounded by a rapidly spill over into Tamil Nadu, a line beyond which the comfire. There is no way of know where 50m of their kinfolk live, deteriorating economic situa- adding to India's regional prob- try's Buddhist Sinhalese

The Sinhalese-around 30,000 The Sinhalese—around 30,000 of them—have been driven back south into their preserves. Jaffna, "capital" of the Tamil revolt, is no longer, in any effective sense, under government control. Trincomalee, where Tamils, Sinhalese and Moore each account for property. Moors each account for roughly one third of the population, has been cut off from two of the three land routes linking it to the rest of the country by Tamil guerillas. Towns not far north being disrupted by the war, have of Anuradhapura are seriously put our resources under extreme disputed as Sri Lanka's demoralised army comes under

Sri Lanka

growing pressure. autonomous or semi-autonomous state and the predominantly Sinhalese Government's fears of

secession.

For the Sri Lanka Government every square mile gained deficit. Inflation—the one bright by the Tamils and every Sinhalese driven out of his home rise from virtually nothing to reoresents a serious challenge an annual rate of 8 per cent.

"The aid donors have told us

Sinhalese in the Tamil areas is in tatters, insists: "In any settlement everybody must go home. That is fundamental."

tion. Until recently, favourable tea prices—Sri Lanka's chief export—skilful handling of the economy and continued aid from the West succeeded in staving off the worst. But as Mr Ronnie De Mel, the Finance Minister, concedes: "Escalating defence expenditure to cope with the terrorists, declining tes, coconut and rubber prices and the need to import rice because our own supplies are

pressure."
Sri Lanka's aid donors, which gave the country nearly \$500m This new reality on the in the early summer, are ground lends unprecedented urgency to the current search for a compromise by India between Tamil demands for an accounts for 20 per cent of the autonomous or semi-autonomous domestic budget. In the predeminantly fallen off tourism is down fallen off, tourism is down sharply, exports have dropped and both the current account and balance of payments are in

represents a serious channels to the country's unity.

Little wonder that Mr Lalith in no uncertain terms that we should find a political solution as soon as whose plan to resettle 200,000 possible," says Mr De Mel.

An early solution is also An early solution is also important for India which has a vital interest in preventing civil war in Sri Lanks. Continued

Assam and Kashmir. The increasingly effective ing number within the Government to go. An increasing the five main ment, however, reject this view. Tamil guerrilla groups and "This so-called red line," said pressure from India which is one official," is a purely imaginowing impatient with the nary one created by those who

ent of President Junius Jayewardene have injected new momentum into the talks in chance to take power." New Delhi.

The discussion now centres on the setting up of provincial incils in the north and east of the islands and on the powers these bodies would have over such key areas such as educa-tion, land, finance and law and

Mr Gandhi has suggested that India's federal constitution could provide a model for Srt Lanka. But the Colombo Government is resisting this idea, claiming that the country to a small for this decree of is too small for this degree of President

Government is also refusing to allow linkage between the northern and eastern provinces, climing this would amount to creating a state within a state. As for Tamil demands that the largely Sinhalese army, which has committed a number of Freedom well-documented acts of housely well-documented acts of brutar reprisal against Tamil civilians, be removed from their areas, the Government simply says this would be an unacceptable loss of sovereignty.

In the past six months the Government has sharply in-creased its arms procurement creased its arms procurement programme, adding new fast patrol boats, attack helicopters and transport aircraft to its arsenal. It has also hired a Channel Islands company to recruit and train a 900-strong commando unit to fight the

guerrillas.
"There are those," said a Western diplomat "who believe they can win this war. These are army commanders who live in ivory towers or are deliber-ately misleading their political

The problem of finding a compromise is made more diffi-cult by a sense of drift at the top. Sri Lanka's Cabinet is divi-ded between those who want to give the Tamils as little as pos-sible and those who favour a maximalist solution.

Those who argue against anything more than devolution at

lems, which include Punjab, majority will not allow the Government to go. An increaswould benefit from chaos because it would give them a

> The tragedy, as many of the President's critics point out, is that he could have settled the issue in 1977 when his United National Party (UNP) swept into power by a landstide. The Tamil United Liberation Front (TULF) formed the biggest opposition group in parliament and it might have been persuaded to drop its demands for Eclam—an independent home-land in return for modest Eelamdevolution proposals.

Today, after two years of spiralling violence. 21107 brutality and rising terrorist
brutality and rising terrorist
Jayewardene's activity, the battle lines are
llso refusing to drawn more sharply than ever
between the before and there is little instern provinces, climation to compromise, especially among the Tamil guerrilla

> Says Mrs Sirimavo Bandaran-zike, leader of the Sri Lanka Freedom Party and Prime Mini-ster for 12 years: "In the north the army is virtually a prison in its own barracks. Our people are refugees in their own country. The Government is drifting and India is imposing a solu-tion. It's all very sad."

Sad it may be, but the loss of

Instability could spill over to Tamil Nadu

Sri Lankan sovereignty over its immediate destiny, in the circumstances, was inevitable. Only India, with its leverage over the Tamil guerrillas based in Tamil Nadu, can exert enough pres sure to bring about a peaceful

A compromise between the Government, the TULF, and some of the guerrilla groups may still be possible. But to achieve this, as many of his own supporters concede, President Jayewardene will have to accept that Sri Lanka is a multi-ethnic society in which no one race can again be entirely domi-nant

Lombard A toast for feudal England

By Michael Prowse

HOW MANY people, offered a more neatly through fiscal one way trip in H. G. Wells's policy—a tax on dart-boards and time machine, would swop their a subsidy for crossbows.

Modern politicians have the for the rough-and-tumble of 1485? The answer, almost certainly, is very few. The majority of ordinary people would regard the prospect of a short and brutish life in feudal England with something approaching borror. The intrepid time traveliers would be likely to number only a few zealous historians. overwhelmed with curiosity about their "period," and a handful of the more eccentric "greens" who hate all technology and today opt to grow parsnips in Wales.

There is, however, another class of Englishman—the serious drinker—who might be tempted by a trip back to 1485. tempted by a trip back to 1485. It would, after all, present the exciting prospect of a decade of unrestricted drinking in ancient ale houses. For it was in 1495 that Henry VII introduced the first legislation controlling the sale of alcoholic beverages. With brief bouts of intoxicating freedom. England has been under the yoke of licensing laws ever since. The question raised by a new Hobart paper by Professor John Parry Lewis is whether the status quo of 1485 whether the status quo of 1485 should be restored during the reign of Thatcher I.

It must be doubtful whether Professor Parry Lewis's careful libertarian arguments for a speedy liberalisation of licensspeedy liberalisation of ficensing laws would have cut much ice with Henry VII: market economics had a limited following in England 300 years before the writings of Adam Smith (who was in any case a Scotsman). It would have been a dicey business to have asserted the rights (untrammelled drink. the rights (untrammelled drinking hours) of the "sovereign" consumer at the court of a real

sovereign.
Yet it would be wrong to criticise Henry's original decision. It was not a paternal-istic desire to protect his sub-jects from the indignities of alcoholism which motivated the restrictions on opening hours, but a concern for the defence of the realm. Henry clamped down on ale houses because he wanted to discourage the indoor games pursued therein and to encourage the more manly pastume of archery. Nowadays the desired switch in consumer Lewis. Institute of Economic preferences could be achieved. Affairs, £2.50.

Modern politicians have the same priorities as Henry VII: defence policy invariably rides roughshod over market prin-ciples. A relaxation of licensing laws would be inconceivable if it could be shown to endanger the Trident missile programme. Fortunately there is no evidence that it would; nor is there any longer a very strong case for promoting archery. This means that, unlike in 1485, the case for keeping irksome rules on opening hours really does rest on the relative merits of the libertarian and paternalistic arguments (nation; I defence can safely be put on one side).

But the paternalistic argument for restrictions is about as weak as any argument known to man. It is absurd to believe that licensing laws can protect people from alcoholism; even if they could it is doubtful whether the state should intervene in this way. As it is, the absence of restrictions on the private consumption of alcohol means that people can choose to become drunk at any hour of the night or day. And any to become drunk at any hour of the night or day. And any-body who ventures into a London pub on a Friday evening can observe just how easily people can become legless within the existing hours. If anything, the experience of the relaxation of licensing laws in Scotland in 1972 suggests that theralisation, far from encourliberalisation, far from encour-

aging drunkenness, would tend to reduce its incidence. The bewildering panoply of controls over where and when adults can enjoy alcoholic drink is a bizarre and irrational infringement of personal liberty which appears to serve no pur-pose beyond the bafflement of lourists reared in more civilised countries. Liberalisation of licensing laws is desirable in itself but the sweening aside of 500 years of legislation by the Thatcher government would also serve a deeper purpose. It would help to convince a still sceptical public that market economics is not synonymous with misery and cutbacks but concerned to widen the freedom and opportunities of indivi-

Freedom to Drink by J. Purn

assurance - " Letters to the Editor From the Dennia Chairman.

involved and the public is fully, aware that brokers earn brokeraware man drokers earn oroser-age, which is paid by the insurer. That there is a dichotomy is undersible but the alternative is for the broker to charge a fee like other pro-fessionals such as solicitors and be detrimental to public interests as the present and long standing practice means that the public are getting the best deal and obtaining inde-pendent advice without having their hands in their

From your comments it would speer that there is some confusion between agents and brokers. Brokers are independent dent and offer to their clients a choice of security and terms, whereas the agent only normally, acts for a single company.

I do not argue that the difference between these two should be clearly stated but your attack on brokers and their method of remuneration is unwarranted and the alternative I supposed is impatted. nafive, I suggest, is unattrac-tive to Mr Public. Michael J. Till. 87-95 Tooley Street, SE1.

The rating system

natural or man-made, that he enjoys. He therefore sees no justification for being asked to pay high rates for his local government services and would be countered by my experience of six conscripts doing their army service teaching in Transket instead of being boys to the local constraints.

If, however, this per capita poll or residents tax were introduced to replace the present rating system the price of land and buildings would immediately shoot up to capitalise the higher stream of expected future net returns from property owning. There would be windfall gains to existing owners and increased difficulty for others trying to enter the market for the first time.

If the present rating system were altered to site value rating land prices would fall but, as less about the turnoil there than do people in the West. This were altered to site value rating land prices would fall but, as rates on improvements were reduced or abolished, development would become more profit able. Initially the price of bricks and mortar would rise,

is fixed in supply. Low rates on site values raise the price of land without increasing its supply while encouraging specu-lative holdings of idle land; high rates on site values reduce the price of land without reducing its supply but encouraging its more intensive development (subject of course to the usual tions). Site values are higher where

the potential benefits from amenities of all kinds—whether natural beauty or the national or local rail links to which Dr or local rail links to which Dr Catch alludes—are greatest. Site value rating therefore com-mends itself to natural justice rather more than a flat poll tax since individuals do not enjoy natural and community made amenities equally. Dr R. J. Sandilands,

Department of Economics, University of Strathclyde, 100, Cathedral Street, Glasgow

Views of South Africa

From Mr R. Mares
Sir, — My working life in
three countries of southern
Africa, including the "home-land" of Transkei, qualifies me to comment on Bernard Simon's 15). He says that despair con-From Dr R: Sandilands.

Sir.—Dr Catch: (August 29)
complains that the owner of a valuable site has already paid through a high purchase price for the various amenities, natural or man-made, that he swastika on the sole of his shoe should be constructed by my expending the countered by my expensions. prefer the per capita tax on the border," four English instead. well-intentioned to the blacks Simon's correct description of Kwandebele 25 "wretched" should be balanced by accounts I could give of development in Transkei, a country which is as dependent upon South Africa as is Lesotho and with as much right to be recognised as a "free" African country by the

have always been able to hear them on inexpensive transistor radius, not to mention Russia.

Germany, Netherlands and

France.

As for the Press, the Cape Town Argus and the East London Daily Despatch often are critical of Pretoria. To say townships remain remarkably calm is as unnewsworthy as to say that trouble in Ulster does not disturb the citizens of Slough, or that bombs in Beirut still means business as usual in Tel Aviv. It does not just "seem so normal"; it is normal.

There is violence in the Kwa-Mashu township of Durban; my daughter lives just five minutes' walk from the boundary he-tween Indian/Coloured and White; her last letter said:
"There has been a lot of violence in Durban, but as is always the case, it does not affect anybody in suburbla and if we did not see it on the news we would not know it was happening. As usual, the situation is vastly exaggerated overseas and it is certainly not the beginning of a revolution."

If only the West would try to help South Africa and realise that reform can come neither from the bomb nor the ballot box, then progress might be less painful

R. G. Mares. Whitegates, Grigg Lane,

The Sizewell Marathon

From the Director. Town and Country Planning

Sir.—There are two points I would like to raise by way of comment on the excellent article by Andrew Gowers, " The lessons of the Sizewell marathon" (August 30).

It is not true to say that the

objectors were divided among themselves at the inquiry. Quite the reverse in fact, because there was very frequent con-sultation among all the objectrest of the world. Only an accident of history prevents ing parties over a two-year period before the inquiry started, and this continued during the inquiry itself. There was co-ordination of and agreement

Sir.—Your comment under

Sir.—Your comment under

The selling of fife assurance

(August 30) regarding remineration is somewhat off but as the building industry prices

but as the building industry prices

the townships. He asks the BBC and invitations to independent the townships. He asks the BBC witnesses and the commissioning of independent research, were both recommendations by setting up powerful trans
were both recommendations made to the inspector by this setting up powerful trans
were both recommendations made to the inspector by the pre
were of the pre-David Hall

Currency

From the Publisher, Foreign Currency Options Letter Sir,-Your recent correspondents have missed the point about currency options. The respective merits of over the

counter and exchange traded options are a minor point beside the benefits arising from their interrelationships, OTC options are a more con-

vice for corporate treasurers than would be the case were one to exist alone. Andrew Short. 57-61, Mortimer Street, W1.

Recruiting new

Sir, Men and Matters (August 27) says that the GWU's Joe Mills's idea for making all Labour affiliated union members automatically

our members to play a full part in their local Labour Party affairs. Truly, the Labour Party would then be opened up to a wide-ranging debate. supporters are members of the Labour Party. But hey presto! With Mr Mills's scheme at last we will be able to have our

has my backing. He is a fit candidate for No. 2 position in

ment to be pursued on any topic Given the great diversity of the objecting organisations I doubt if better co-operation or co-ordination could have been The two important procedural

made to the inspector by this association at one of the pre-inquiry meetings. We were, of course, very pleased that these recommendations were adopted.

17, Carlton House Terrace,

options .

venient and, usually, cheaper route for the corporate treasurer to take. But the ability of banks to offset part of their open positions on the exchanges is important in enabling them to underpin their service to customers and keep their fees competitive.

So, the existence of both varieties of option results in a more flexible and economic service.

From the Campaign Director, Freedom Association

members of the Labour Party too is guarantied to induce apoplexy at the Freedom Asso-

circumstances we would advise

At present far too few of our The scheme may be half-baked. Never mind, Joe Mills

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FINANCIALTIMES

Tuesday September 3 1985



Guy de Jonquieres in London looks at the confused state of world telecommunications policy

Diverse strategies for similar challenges

is in a state of confusion, as policymakers struggle to come to terms with a bewildering array of economic and technological pressures which are radically transforming the industry's structure, according to a report published yesterday by he International Institute

Communications (IIC).

Though many of the challenges are broadly similar, responses in different countries diverge widely the report suggests. The conse-quence of this diversity is to "disrupt consensus, prevent the de-velopment of new rules and create anarchy in the international tele-

UK telecommunications policies. for example, face an uncertain aims are contradictory and incon-

Office of Telecommunications (Of-tel) is up to the task of ensuring fair competition and says a much stronger regulatory authority may be needed. It also says liberalisa-tion may be frustrated because too many different parts of Government are involved in supervising it. The IIC report, which consists of analyses by three U.S. lawyers of a dozen countries, was sponsored by result," the report says.

ment bodies in France. West Germany and Canada and Citicorp and

The London-based IIC is a research body whose members in- as France, have also begun to clude telecommunications adminis- reformulate their tariff policies. trations, governments and private companies in 75 countries.

The report emphasises that policies towards the telecommunicaare having a huge impact on differidentifies two main currents of

Tariff structures: Pressures on munications operators to abandon their traditional policies of cross-subsidy and price individual lecommunications but also between services in line with cost will conthese industries and the financial

involves raising tariffs for residential subscribers faster than for business users. "Policymakers are being confronted with the agonising dilemma of weighing the short-term political costs of implementing new term economic benefits likely to

12 organisations including AT & T. Tariff restructuring is most adv-Cable and Wireless and Nippon anced in the U.S., Britain and Ja-Telegraph and Telephone, govern- pan, which have all introduced competitive policies. But the impact is spreading far beyond their home still have monopoly carriers, such

Other countries, notably West Germany, continue to resist such changes. But the report argues that they will pay a heavy price in lost revenues because large business users will tend to avoid those counent countries' economic growth and tries which keep tariffs high. "It has productivity and on international become increasingly clear that inaceconomic and trade relations. It tion and indecision are not viable

tional dividing lines are crumbling not just between computing and te-This is a delicate issue, because it "As these differences are becoming ever more difficult to discern, policymakers are confronted with the task of referreeing a game that has rules that are in constant flux." At the same time, national satellite services are proliferating in a largely unco-ordinated way, notably in Western Europe, and leapfrogging terrestrial networks. Because of the

these projects to the private sector.

A major problem bedevilling relators is how to arrive at satisfactory definitions in the face of these fast-changing boundary lines. Poli-

cymakers everywhere are groping, in particular, with the task of differ-entiating between "basic" and "value added services, and between communications "facilities" and

even U.S. decisions to reduce regulation by opening the telecommunications market to competition have not resolved these problems. The sion has been reluctantly obliged to act as referee in disputes between different parts of the industry about how the new rules should work. Though Britain and Japan have followed the U.S. in allowing competition in basic transmission services, the IIC report believes tries will maintain their monopolies

networks for the foreseeable future. But many of them are considering liberalising "enhanced" or "value added" services to different de-

tive, it says, in liberalising the tele with its "ideological commitment to selling shares in nationalised industries and the consequent need to satisfy private investors.

*Any government effort to ensure the success of the newly privatised British Telecom could trustrate the goal of introducing competition into the British telecommunications market," it says. "In addition, the particular regulatory measures adopted to pursue these broad objectives involve their own series of potentially conflicting goals."

"The Government cannot avoid having to choose between these obectives in the coming months. The fact that the Government's policies may frustrate each other means that the ultimate outcome of new British telecommunications policies

The report suggests that, in its effort to avoid creating a cumbersome regulatory system, the Government has denied Oftel the resources needed to do its job properly. Inadequate staffing could leave Oftel struggling permanently to control British Telecom and keep up with

Re-enter Pertini, stage left

By James Buxton in Rome

SIG SANDRO PERTINI, who was Italy, is planning to return to the political fray and to launch a campaign that appears to threaten the palance of political forces on which Sig Bettino Craxi's Government is

He wants the Socialist Party, of which Signor Craxi is the leader, to mprove its relations with the opposition Communist Party. If necessary, he says, he is prepared to tour the country, holding political

Despite being 88 years old, "I am glad to say that I lack neither pas-

sion nor energy," he says. Sig Pertini, who is now a Senator for life, is a veteran member of the which the party was in the shadow

In so doing, the Socialists have abandoned much of their left-wing doctrine. The party has greatly reduced the size of the hammer and sickle on the party emblem, virtually obliterating it with a big red car-

Thanks in part to those change the Socialist Party has not only attracted a new type of middle class membership but has for the first time achieved the prime minstership, ruling in coalition with the much larger centrist Christian Democrat Party.

It has openly attacked the Com-munists and Sig Craxi has often positively revelled in the Communist Party barbs against him. He was delighted by the Communists' big setback in the local elections earlier this year. In several leading cities, the Socialists have now abandoned coalition administration with the Communists to go into partnership

with the Christian Democrats. But Sig Pertini says in an interview in today's issue of the weekly magazine Panorama that the So-cialist Party is making a mistake in cialist Party is making a mistare in taking an anti-Communist line. "Craxi should remember that by doing this he is not simply offending a few party bosses, but also a hig chunk of the working class, of which we represent a part."

He says that by doing so, Sig Craxì is playing into the hands of Sig Ciriaco De Mita, the Christian Democrat leader, who Sig Pertini claims wants to make the Socialist Party into the party of the petite

bourgeoisie.

A campaign by Sig Pertini for a rapprochement between the Socialists and the Communists, with the Socialists being expected to change their tune might be both irritating and embarrassing to Sig Craxi.
Sig Pertini is less than unstinting
in his praise for Sig Craxi in the interview, although he says that his "overall judgment" of him is "posi-tive" and that Sig Crexi has the

qualities of a "statesman."

The former president shows no regard at all for Sig Alessandro Natia, the Communist Party Isader, who last year replaced the late En-rico Berlinguer. He implies that Sig Natia is "weak and indecisive." He says he would like to see Sig Luciano Lama, the popular leader of the Communist – majority CGIL union,

THE LEX COLUMN

Relaxing voyage around the Cape

African freeze fell predictably into the anodyne and possibly hysterical camps yesterday. The publishable though officially confidential line is that nothing of consequence has changed. South Africa was manifestly in difficulties for several weeks, if not months, before Dr de which had in any case apparently been planned some time ago. The country's underlying solvency has not yet deteriorated to the point where it makes sense for banks to write off South African loans; it ems clear that interest will be paid like clockwork and principal is still expected to be forthcoming without too costly a delay.

From this anaesthetic viewpoint the only thing that has happened is that the maturity of the shorter loans on the book – perhaps \$3bn was due to be repaid or rolled over in six months or less - has now slipped a little. But since there is supposedly no final risk, there is equally no point in providing against loss of capital. Yet even on this argument, there will be a no-ticeable reduction in the liquidity of the assets in question.

Doubts about the liquidity of the

sterbank market are, however, exactly the point. Successfully smoothed over by the public relations steamroller before the week-end, questions about the safety of interbank deposits included in the total of loans - but excluded from any normal rescheduling package -have yet to be settled. The amount at risk internationally could be as much as half the short term total of \$12bn. This issue will be put properly to the test only when the U.S. banking system comes back into ac-tion today. If the freeze and the extended public holiday have had their intended effect, there should be nothing amiss; if not, the banks' sudden fit of political sensitivity may cost them much more than the

loss of a few South African assets. As to the two-tiered currency arrangement, it too is capable of a fairly relaxed interpretation; it is scarcely more than a reversion to the old - now fondly remembered days of South Africa's financially controlled prosperity. The commercial rand opened just as high as everyone thought it would, under the obvious bear-squeeze from the Reserve Bank. The financial rand, on

FT GOLD A INDEX 400 380 340 320

der pressure, since trading in South Afircan securities was understand-

Any thaw that may follow the freeze will have to be as unilateral as the moratorium itself. Commo cial banks may get away with having a quiet discussion with the offimediator, rather than a public round of rescheduling talks, but they presumably cannot be seen to offer comfort by reaching formal ents. They will get what the Reserve Bank chooses to offer them, and whether they accept with good grace will depend on how well political needs.

Norsk Data

It is difficult enough these days for computer companies to show any increase in profit; for Norsk Data's profits to have more than doubled over the first six months of niche markets and its highly reput-ed product. Relatively lightly exposed so far to the really difficult U.S. market, Norsk seems to have

Given these looming difficulties which could so easily be translated into disorderly marketing around Europe - it is not too hard to see why Norsk has decided to play down, by such methods as deferring orders into the following year and

heels

it merely represents the way that Norsk plans to run its business; there is plenty to be said in favour of a smooth earnings progression towards the next rights issue. Yet the fact of making such a strategy public carries its own risk in the stock market. Nork's share price of £33% represents no more than about 13 times the earnings that moderate optimists would expect in 1986; yet that is currently a multiple which probably assumes that 40 per cent growth can be reliably delivered. Let Norsk's control mechan-ism undershoot only a little - to produce 35 per cent instead of 45 - and the market will be poised to drop the shares like a hot potato.

IMI has come a long way from its West Midlands metalbashing origins, but so have market expectations of its performance. So when its interim figures came out yesterday, showing that profits from drinks dispensing - possibly IMI's most exciting division - were marginally down, the shares dropped to 106p, only 2p down on the day, but a fall of 5p from the peaks they had scaled just before the announce-

Building product profits were predictably lower, but other divisions showed increases respectable enough to push pre-tax profits up by nearly 30 per cent to £22.6m. Ti-tanium, in particular, is moving along nicely in the slipstream of an 1985 is the more remarkable, even along nicely in the slipstream of an given Norsk's ability to trade in aircraft construction boom; refined and wrought metal profits rose from £800,000 to £4m.

Prospects for the second half are U.S. market, Norsk seems to have still good enough for pre-tax profits remained insulated from the loss of to reach £55m, but the composition orders and margin erosion that has will probably not please the market. affected even the strongest combatants in North America. most people would rather buy plastic bags in cardboard boxes will drag down profits from that division, leaving the more traditional metals and engineering activities to make up the difference. But on a down its growth prospects for the make up the difference. But on a second half. The message is that if prospective p/e of eight, the market profits growth looks like getting out does not seem to be demanding of hand, Norsk will try to cool it anything more glamourous, even if the yield has come down from over 9 per cent in the dark days of the rethe other hand, scarcely came un- accelerating investment; controlled cession to under 7 per cent now,

Belgian coalition split over constitution

By Paul Cheeseright in Brussels THE BELGIAN general election campaign moved into full swing yesterday as the four parties mak-ing up the centre-right coalition Government of Mr Wilfried Martens haggled over whether there should be a programme of constitu

Meetings of the coalition party leaders from the Dutch-speaking Christian Democrats, the Frenchspeaking Social Christians and Liberals of both linguistic groups failed to reach any agreement as the par-ties staked out their positions for

The arguments signalled the death throes of the Martens Government, his fifth and the longest running in Belgium for 20 years. But the administration has been comatose since July when the French-speaking Liberals agreed to continue in power only if the elec-

solved by King Baudonin either tomorrow or shortly afterwards. The practical effect of the arguments will be to decide whether, for the period until the election, Belgium as a caretaker government or one with full power.

As speculation about a Government resignation mounted - the running of the administration checked by the constitutional dispute - senior officials noted that it

The dispute is centred on whether the constitution should be revised to allow education to be fully controlled at communai level, replacing the national system. If the next parliament is to have the powers of a constitional assembly then a list of articles for revision must be presented to the present parliament by the Government and approved by both houses of the legislature.

But the Martens cabinet has failed to agree on the articles to be submitted for revision. The Christian Democrats have been pushing for change to a more federal structure for education. The Social Christians have refused to relax

The argument between these two centre parties is likely to compli-cate talks after the election on the formation of a new Government, if the existing parties making up the

Attack on UK employment laws set to widen unions' split

call for a recognition that the Wem-

bley principles are now out-dated and must be reviewed will be

turned down. The general counci

has already voted by a 3-1 margin

tains provision for a "major review of industrial legislation" which will

be seized on by those unions willing to moderate Congress policy. How-

ever, the speed of change is likely to be too slow to grapple with the crisis with which the TUC is still

Mr Todd's resolution also con-

BY JOHN LLOYD, INDUSTRIAL EDITOR, IN BLACKPOOL

BRITAIN'S Trades Union Congress (TUC), is today set to reaffirm its defiance of the Government's employment legislation - a vote which doubt that the resolution reassertwill widen the gulf between the Congress majority and the two major craft unions committed to tak-

ing state aid for postal ballots.

Mr Ron Todd, the new General-Secretary of the Transport and General Workers Union made a passionate plea for a return to the principles adopted at the TUC's special conference in Wembley in 1982. One of these stated that no union bould accept state aid to finance ballots of its membership.

Referring directly to the two dissident unions – the Amagamana Union of Engineering Workers and the Electricians Union the EETPU – gripped.

The AUEW executive meets toident unions - the Amalgamated Mr Todd said "Some unions, had set themselves against the TUC in defi-ance – but how do we stand in the eyes of our members - if we reject the Wembley principles and throw them away. Why would we need a TUC centre except as a centralised data bank? How do we talk to Gov-

said: The world outside will see acthat the expulsion of the two unions tion against us as partial and divi- would not necessarily be followed sive - we cannot surrender powers given to us by members."

Continued from Page 1

Singapore and London.

Hambro Pacific said that as soon

as it was clear that the new credit

lines had succeeded in "securing

longer-term financial position. Pro-

ernment, even a future Labour Gov-

by their being stripped of party af-filiation. "The precedents are very HK\$1bn credit to keep Tung unit afloat

clear; it would quite impossible to envisage the AUEW and the EET-PU not playing a full part. The La-bour Party has had affiliates in dis-Voting on the range of motions on ed until this morning but there is no ing defiance moved by Mr Todd will pute with the TUC before." carried, while Mr Hammond's Mr Norman Willis, TUC General

cretary, calling for Congress unity to support the cause of the trade unionists at the Government's commimications headquarters at Cheltenham where trade unionists have en banned said: "If this battle is to be won we need the electricity unions (who are to ballot on a 24 hour power cut in support of GCHQ unionists) altogether. We need the engineers in this Congress. We need a national centre."

A group of GCHQ trade unionists in the gallery were given a standing ovation as Congress began.

night to make a final response to The divisions between unions the General Council's demand that were emphasised still further in a it desists from any further applicamotion which condemned single motion which concerned single union agreements of the kind signed by both the EETPU and the AUEW. Mr Tony Dubbins, General Secretary of the National Graphical The General Council meeting yesterday morning voted narrowly by 24-22 to support its previous decision to give the engineers until to- Association, said that the motion's Craxi has moved the Socialists to-In contrast, Mr Eric Hammond Mr Roy Hattersley, deputy leader morning - would mean that the General Secretary of the EETPU of the Labour Party, made it clear EETPUs single union deal at a new national daily newspaper would not be supported by the TUC.

GCHQ unions dehate, Page 6

Continued from Page 1

The shipper has a reputation for being well managed, and in any previous foreign-exchange deals. case container operations have been seen to be less depressed than

many other shipping operations Hongkong Bank is OOHL's main creditor. The new credits, terms for which have not been disclosed, will be secured against various OOHL assets, among them properties owned in New York, Sydney,

the short-term position of the group, then as financial advisers they would set about assessing its exempted from the new regula-tions, the ability of individual banks to settle was less certain, the

posals would be made on a reorga-nisation of its businesses in due course, he said, and until then, trading in the group's shares is likely to remain suspended.

spur recovery in rand

That concern was being translated into an unwillingness to enter into new transactions. "If someone reto new transactions." If someone reto new transactions. The argument may are most marking to officials in Brussels and Luxembourg, is to wait and see, given that the dealing is to wait and see, given the dealing is to wait and see, given that the dealing is to wait and see, given the dealing is to wait and see, given that the dealing is to wait and see, given that the dealing is to wait and see, given that the dealing is to wait and see, given that the dealing is to wait and see, given that the dealing is to wait and see, given that the dealing is to wait and see, given that the dealing is to wait and see, given that the dealing is to wait and see, given that the dealing is to wait and the dealing is to wait

Bankers are concerned about the possible knock-on effect in the in-terbank market if foreign exchange transactions are not concluded when they fall due. Information so far received from

South African moves

about the ability of the London tions for or against economic sanc-branch of one South African bank tions to put to their colleagues next to meet the obligations arising from week.

neges you tend not to risk dealing current international with them again," one senior pressures on the South British banker said.

the reserve bank had not fully clarilast Wednesday are theoretically

They reported particular concern day without any firm recommenda-

pressures on the South African amount to more effective action than any specific sanctions which could be imposed by EEC govern-

M Jacques Poos, the Luxembourg Foreign Minister who headed the fied the situation. Although foreign exchange deals contracted before ond-rate importance" compare with the pressure already faced by the South African Government.

The big Swiss banks will contin bankers said.

Leading members of the EEC foreign ministers' mission to South
Africa, Mr Max Kupp, a member of
the management board of Credit
Africa returned to Europe yesterSuisse, said in Geneva yesterday.

WOONOT OL SI HONOGER HOW COSS. hus John Bouldin, Peterborough Development Corporation, PO Box 3, Peterborough PEI 1UJ. Telephone (0733) 68931

World Weather

Belgrade-IMF talks BY ALEKSANDAR LEBL IN BELGRADE

standby credit arranged last May. in consultations that there is an im-

A few days earlier Yngoslav nego-tiators received the latest proposals of the International Co-ordinating Committee of creditor banks re-Committee of creditor banks re-garding the rescheduling of the Yu-the time of the standby agreement.

provement on conditions earlier this year but that the economy is still not up to the estimates and Inflation, for example, is still high: retail prices were up 74 per cent in

A TEAM from the International grade that the reply will be positive. Monetary Fund is due to start regular consultations with Yugoslav authors a link between the release of

thorities today. At the end of Au- the tranche and the reaching of the gust the IMF released the SDR 80m rescheduling agreement.
(\$82.4m) tranche of a one-year The IMF team is likely to find out

They still have to send a reply to July this year compared with the the co-ordinating committee, although it has been assumed in Belhave been some signs of its abating.

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The Peterborough Effect



SECTION II – COMPANIES AND MARKETS

FINANCIAL TIMES

Tuesday September 3 1985



BASF rights issue reflects revival in chemicals industry

BY JOHN DAVIES IN FRANKFURT

group, is raising DM 760m (\$271.4m) in each through a one-for-14 rights issue in a major new capttal increase reflecting the group's business expansion.

The company, which has substan-

tially built up its U.S. interests through takeovers this year, is offering its new shares, with a nominal value of DM 50, at a price of DM

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9 to 10 Mag

The curk days n ber Tiger (S)

This is more than DM 30 below recent trading values of BASF shares on the Frankfurt bourse. The new shares carry an entitle-ment to half of this year's dividend. Under its expension strategy BASF agreed a few months ago to pay a total of \$1.13hn to take over the Inmont motor vehicle coatings and printing ink group, and the car-bon fibres and associated opera-tions of Celanese Corporation of the

Dr Hans Albers, the BASF chief executive, pointed out recently that the company had adequate scope to cover these acquisitions from its liquid assets and from the DM 500m

bond issue with share warrants launched earlier this year. BASF said yesterday that the new rights issue was aimed broadly at providing for the "future capital needs" of the group. Apart from the bond issue with

warrants BASF's last major public share issue was in August 1983, when it raised DM 310m in cash for a one-for-18 rights issue at a price BASF, like a number of other

chemical groups, has been rapidly

BASF, the West German chemical increasing its sales and profits in a sharp rebound from the industry's 1982 setback

> Its worldwide sales reve 15 per cent to DM 43.5bn last year and its sales in the first half of this year at DM 24hn were 11.9 per cent ahead of the same period last year.

The group's pre-tax profits rose 50 per cent last year to DM 2.52hn, and showed a further 37.3 per cent increase in the first half of this year of DM 1.7bn.

After cutting dividends on their 1982 results BASF and the other two big chemical groups, Bayer and Hoechst, increased their dividends to DM 7 for 1983 and DM 9 for 1984. Dr Albers indicated recently that BASF had plenty of financial room for manoeuvring to take advantage of any opportunities to pursue its development strategies by take-

As well as strengthening its raw materials business, BASF is intent on building up its specialised opera-tions involving advanced technolo-gy and high value added work.

It has also targeted the U.S. and Asia as areas with strong potential for its business.

The Slbu Immont takeover gave BASF a sizeable market share in the supply of coatings to the U.S. automobile industry and in the sale of printing inks worldwide.

The takeover of some Celanes operations is part of a longer-term aim to build up BASF's role in the supply of new materials, such as

J. Lauritzen shows signs of recovery

J. Lauritsen, the Danish shipping rationalisation is having the decompany which made a loss of DKr 200m (\$20m) in 1984, said it will show some recovery this year but the budget.

remain in the red.

four offshore drilling units and 79 100m to DKr 1.05bn in the first half, ships, mainly in refrigerated car-goes, said that a process of ship 400m, while total assets were re-sales, discontinuation of lossmak-duced from DKr 4bn to DKr 3.5hn, ing activities, cost reductions and said the interim report.

Norsk Data profits more than doubled

NORSK Data, the Norwegian computer group, reports more than doubled profits for the first half of

On sharply higher sales, profits before tax for the six months have risen to NKr 111.1m (\$13.5m) from NKr 50.6m in the comparable 1984

half-year. The group looks forward to further progress in the current six months. It says a significant in-crease in production and distribution rates are budgeted for the rest of 1985.

Sales rose to NKr 789,2m from

NKr 503.4m, and with margins widening rapidly, operating profits in-creased by more than half to NKr 87m from the NKr 42.2m of 1984. Operating profit margins improved from 8.4 to 11 per cent partly as a result of economies of scale But the sales mix also improved, with computer systems accounting for a larger proportion of the half-

year's turnover. New orders at the end of June totalled NKr 977m, with computer equipment accounting for NKr 806m. The comparative numbers TRUSTCO TAKEOVER ONE MORE STEP ALONG AN UNUSUAL CORPORATE ROAD

'Cautious' Genstar becomes major player

REVENUES

BY BERNARD SIMON IN TORONTO

GENSTAR has raised a few eyebrows in the past decade. During a period when conglomerates have supposedly been going out of fash-ion, the company has transformed itself from a straightforward western Canadian building materials supplier to a widespread North American network of businesses as diverse as waste disposal, coastal barges and mortgage lending.

Genstar's operating style is equally unusual. Its joint chief executive officers, Mr Ross Turner and Mr Angus MacNaughton, have switched titles as chairman and president each year since 1981. Al-though head office is in Vancouver, operations are directed from San Francisco. The 1984 annual report describes Genstar as "always

The company has caused another stir in the past month by its unex-pected success in taking control of Canada Trustco, the country's biggest trust company with corporate assets on June 30 of C\$12.8bm (U.S.\$9.38bn) and another C\$13.6bn of personal and pension trust funds under administration.

Genstar managed to out-manoeuvre both Trustco, which was anxious to preserve its position as the only major Canadian trust of a 94 per cent stake in Trustco

82 83 tional insurer Manufacturers Life.

GENSTAR

which Trustco turned to in an effort to thwart the raids from California. Manulife ended up selling Genstar its own 27.6 per cent stake in

NET INCOME

Joking about the cautious Scots heritage which he shares with Mr Turner, Mr MacNaughton disses the widespread perception of Genstar as a buccaneering, risk-oriented company. We view ourselves as being conservative," he

True or not, the C\$1.2bn purchase

among Canada's emerging financial star hopes that the contribution from Trustco will bring more stability to its earnings. The company lurched to a pre-tax loss of a C\$45.9m pre-tax profits in the first half of this year. Revenues reached C\$1.1bn in the six months to

June 30. Chief executive Mr Ross Turner said: "We believe that the financial services industry will take some of the cyclicality out of the earnings of our other businesses." Canada CS39m in January June 1985. Genstar began life 34 years ago

as a subsidiary of the Belgian investment company Société Gén-èrale de Belgique. The Belgians still have a 14.3 per cent interest and directors on the board.

The company made its first big move into financial services by acquiring another leading trust company, Canada Permanent, in 1981. The following year it grouped its financial services activities into a new holding company, Genstar Financial. These interests include real estate development, rental of electronic equipment, container leasing, leveraged lease brokerage, and portfolio investments in high-

Earlier this year, Genstar bought a 10 per cent stake in Gordon Capital Corporation, a successful Toronto securities firm. The two groups have set up a new investment company initially capitalised C\$100m.

The recent performance of Genstar's financial service subsidiaries has been disappointing. Secondquarter earnings were substantially lower than a year ago. Lower soles of venture capital investments accounted for about half the decline, company without a controlling brings another dimension to Gen-shareholder, and the big multina-star, turning it into a major player steadily from CS28.2m in 1980 to ment rental markets are depressed. The container and electronic equip-

denting earnings from these sources too.

Genstar plans to amalgamate Trustco and Canada Permanent The merged company will manage assets of almost CS50bn and may be used later as a vehicle to buy a U.S. financial institution.

One of the first tricky decisions which Mr Turner and Mr Mac-Naughton say they have not yet taken - is which of the two trust companies' chief executives, both of them highly regarded, will lead the enlarged group. Mr John Hilliker, Canada Permanent's chairman, was recruited less than two years ago from the Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce to breathe new life into the conservative trust company.

Investors' initial response to the Trustco takeover has been cool. Genstar's share price on the Toron-to Stock Exchange has slipped from CS34 to CS22 in the past few weeks as the market contemplates the impact on Genstar of the extra debt burden needed to finance

Mr MacNaughton concedes that the purchase 'is going to put a strain on our balance sheet in the short-term." Long-term debt already stood at C\$668m on June 30, compared with common shareholders equity of C\$905m and a pre-

tope company also renerated its after-mousting companies, now-forecast that earnings for all of 1985 ever, reported lower profits, would exceed last year's F1 75.8m, although growth probably will slow from last year's 43 per cent surge.

Resever is one of the largest publishes at Reside In profits and Reside In profits and Indian Profits Indian except the Indian Residence in Indian Residence In lishers of English-language scienti-fic journals in the world and has launched an aggressive U.S. expansion programme aimed at doubling American sales by 1990. That would

per cent to F1 50.7m (\$16m) thanks the end of June for a price believed mblications.

Dutch-language book and maga-The company also reiterated its zine-publishing companies, how-

printing company that has returned less than satisfactory profit will be

erable" reserves for the paring of

Sales edged up a modest 4 per cent to F1 748.5m in the first half. give the company about one-half of After discounting acquisitious and its turnover from the U.S., up from minority interests, however, turnover rose 9 per cent.

First-half progress for Elsevier-NDU

BY LAURA RAUN IN AMSTERDAM

one third at the moment.

ELSEVIER-NDU, the leading As part of this initiative, Elsevier Dutch publishing company, lifted acquired Gordon Publications, a its first-half earnings a robust 25 U.S. publisher of trade journals, at to English-language to be between \$30m and \$40m.

spun off on October 1.

Neptune Orient plans \$100m share issue

BY CHRIS SHERWELL IN SINGAPORE

NEPTUNE Orient Line, the Singa-pore Government-controlled ship-ping company, is raising \$100m from the operation of Singapore through the issue of cumulative re-deemable preference shares by two deemable preference shares by two wholly owned subsidiaries.

wholly owned subsidiaries. ETA and Neptune Lota – each own a This is the first instance of such 86,400 deadweight crude tanker regcheap fixed rate medium term istered under the Singapore flag. By raising \$50m through the issue. The issue, which emphasises the growing sophistication of the local \$100,000 per share, each can offer capital markets, takes advantage of an attractive dividend while raising found at the state of the local state. a provision in the Singapore tax funds at relatively low cost to belp

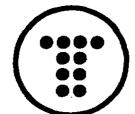
the parent company's other deposit rates are dipping to 5 per subsidiaries. Under the proposed arrangement

each preference share will pay a by the subsidiaries, the issue is in five years. For Singapore institutions which pay 40 per cent tax, this is equivalent to a gross yield approaching 11 per cent, while even offshore institutions may find that 6% per cent attractive when bank 6% per cent attractive when bank

half yearly dividend of 6% per cent guaranteed by the parent company per year on the issue price, net of income tax, and will be redeemable in five years. For Singapore institution in five years. For Singapore institution in five years.

fessional investors.

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.



Telefónica

COMPAÑIA TELEFONICA NACIONAL DE ESPAÑA, S.A.

> LISTING on The Stock Exchange in London

PLACING

of 15,000,000 ordinary shares Ptas. 500 nominal value

Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited **Savory Milln Limited** Cazenove & Co.

W. Greenwell & Co.

Quilter Goodison & Co.

July 1985

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

UK building societies to tap Euromarket

with the Eurodollar market quietened by the closure of the New
York markets for the Labor Day
holiday, the £150m Halifax deal
provided the main focus for the
Eurobond market yesterday.
Until April 6 1986, building societies will not be allowed to pay interest in Eurobonds free of tax. In the
past this has prevented any issues.

Otherwise the market was healtened with bidding for an Italian
European currency unit issue, likeby to total Ecu 600m, with the possibility of fixed and floating
tranches.

Two Australian dollar Eurobond
issues were launched yesterday,
continuing the stream of deals.

Swedish Export Credit came first
with a \$\$40m three year issue pay-

soon. The UK tax authorities have appartently assured the building societies that the regulations will be acceptable.

The bonds have a seven-year life, apparamately equal to the average life of marrigages in the UK. Fees on the issue tetal 40 basis points, and though some trades felt the terms to be tight it was agreed that the borrower's name is excellent and the bords rank above ordinary deborrower's name is excellent and the bonds rank above ordinary designity easier in quiet trading. Sanpositors. The bonds were trading wa Bank launched a \$100m convergist outside the 25 basis point tible, led by Sanwa International. This has a 15-year life and the cou-

offered rate.

The tax treatment was changed in the Finance Act 1985 and will be covered by regulations to be issued soon. The UK tax authorities have appartently assured the building societies that the regulations will be acceptable.

Deutsche Bank led the deal.

Deutsche Bank led the deal.

Despite in the low coupon, the issue was trading well at a level comfortably inside the 1% per cent coupon and par issue price. Traders regarded the terms as acceptable.

Final terms were fixed at a 5% per cent coupon and par issue price. Traders regarded the terms as acceptable.

THE HALIFAX Building Society has led the way for other UK building societies having ing societies, with the first European an informal queue.

With the Eurodollar market quiet cupied with bidding for an Italian Flore Flore support The convertible at the indicated at 2% per cent. Is support the private of the building societies having around 103%. Fees are launched today.

A DM 150m issue by the National Bank of Hungary is expected to be trading around 103%. Fees are launched today.

Sanwa Bank is also raising SwFr 100m through a convertible private placement The convent is placement.

two deals were launched. The first, a DM 150m 12 year issue for Eurofima, continued the downward trend in coupons in this market, setting by Royal Bank of Canada 1 a 5% ner

Otherwise the market was prececupied with bidding for an Italian
European currency unit issue, likely to total Ecu 600m, with the possibility of fixed and floating tranches.

Two Australian dollar Eurobond

Two Australian dollar Eurobond trading around 104%.

In the D-mark Eurobond market cent. Credit Suisse led the deal.

gal, a less popular name, but with a 7 per cent coupon on the eight-year issue this was also well received. The DM 200m deal, led by Commerzbank, was priced at 100%. It traded at a discount of around % point, again within the 1% per cent selling concession.

The rest of the D-mark market was weaker, however, with prices down around % point on average although trading activity was quiet. South African issues fell by around % point on average, with lower yielding bonds falling further.

By a nighter dollar. However, that currency's gain helped the recent dual-currency issues.

Swiss Bank Corporation International placing of 10,000 voting shares of Bank Leu. Around 20 to 25 per cent of the issue will be sold in London with SBCI and S.G. Warburg underwriting the shares. The placing will be at the market price of the shares, and will raise close to SwFr 40m.

International bond service, Page 19

First sterling CD option is launched

deposit (CD).

The option, which has been sold to a large UK company at an unspectfied premium, gives the holder the right to buy £10m worth of sixmonth CDs at a 10 ner cent interest. month CDs at a 10 per cent interest bank with a six-month maturity, rate in six months' time.

be of a CD issued by a UK clearing bank with a six-month maturity, give or take seven days.

rate in six months' time.

The rate is similar to that which could be achieved through the forward/forward market but adds the Marshall believes that more such flexibility of an option. If, when the options will be written. Eventually exercise date arrives, the company decides it does not need the CD it able.

Enel wins new terms for £200m facility

BY PETER MONTAGNON IN LONDON

Warburg and will allow Enel to raise cash through the sale of bankers' acceptances in sterling, bank advances in sterling, dollars and Ecus or through the sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it are sale of short firmed that it and Credit Susse that the sale of short firmed that it are sale of short firmed

MERCANTILE House, through its money broking subsidiary M. W. Marshall (Sterling), has arranged what is thought to be the first option on a sterling certificate of the state o The 10-year deal is led by S. G. cility also bore no alternative op-tions. The maximum yield on the

> First Boston are arranging a \$75m. Underwriting banks will receive five-year Euronote facility for an annual commitment fee of 7% Klöckner Humboldt Deutz, the enbasis points a year for the first six gineering group, only the second years, rising to 10 points for the last such facility to be arranged by a

INTL. COMPANIES & FINANCE

Record results for Boral and APM

THE FLOW of strong industrial THE FLOW of strong industrial profits in Australia continued yesterday when Boral, the big building materials concern, reported a record earnings of A\$117.6m (U.S.\$2.3m), and APM, Australia's largest paper products group, one of A\$83.8m (U.S.\$58.7m), both for the year to June 30.

(U.S.\$58.7m), noth for the year to June 30.

Boral's after-tax profit was 24 per cent higher than last year's figure, and was accompanied by a one-for-five scrip issue. Turnover was A\$1.60n, while earnings per share rose 8 cents to 42.3 cents.

The commany is naving a final

The company is paying a final dividend of 7.5 cents, making a total of 15 cents, with the new shares participating in the final

day announced plans for an 1983-84 a A\$100m (US\$70m) public trust R236.1m. A\$100m (US\$70m) public trust to acquire a 10 per cent stake in the Portland aluminium smelter in Western Victoria.

Alcoa of Australia will fund 55 per cent of the project, and the state government of Victoria 35 per cent, though negotiations are continuing with potential equity partners.

The A\$100m trust is already fully underwritten. Its A\$1 units will initially be paid to 40 cents, with further calls of 30 cents each in January 1986 and

units will initially be paid to 40 cents, with further calls of 30 cents each in January 1986 and January 1987.

During the latest period the average U.S. gold price fell 18.6 per cent to \$310 per cunce from \$381 a year ago, while the

Sime Darby suffers from tractor division losses

BY WONG SULONG IN KUALA LUMPUR

SIME DARBY, the diversified Malaysian group, has reported much improvement, with pre-tax profits for the 12 months to from 21.4m ringgit, while June falling by 2 per cent to 210.7m ringgit (US\$ 86m)
Net profits were 2 per cent many years of losses.
Net profits were 2 per cent many years of losses.
The plantations division while Tractors Malaysia suffered a net loss of 37.2m ringgit compared with the previous loss of 2.2m ringgit.

DMI made a six-month net profit of 2m ringgit. The company's year-end has been changed from December to SIME DARBY, the diversified Malaysian group, has reported a lacklustre year, with pre-tax profits for the 12 months to June falling by 2 per cent to 210.7m ringgit (US\$ 86m). Net profits were 2 per cent higher at 86.5m ringgit. Turnover fell by 5 per cent to 2.35hm elegation.

over fell by 5 per cent to 2.35hn ringgit.

To comemorate its 75th anniversary. Sime is paying a special dividend of 2.5 cents, in addition to the final dividend of 6.8 cents, making a total of 13.3 cents for the year compared with 10.8 cents previously.

Profits were affected by blg losses in the tractor division, which suffered from a standstill in the timber logging industry and high stocks, and also from much reduced earnings from Singapore, where the economy has nose dived to zero or even negative growth.

many years of losses.

The plantations division contributed 136.5m ringgit to pre-tax profits and although this was nearly 15m ringgit less than previously, Sime said it had been "another excellent year" for plantations. The slightly lower earnings reflect softer palm oil prices.

The results of Sime's four

softer palm oil prices.

The results of Sime's four major publicly listed subsidiaries—Consolidated Plantations. Tractors Malaysia, Duniop Malaysian Industries, and Benta Plantations—and its associate. United Estates Projects were also announced yesterday.

or even negative growth.

On the brighter side, Sime's little changed at 78.5 ringgit

while Tractors Malaysia suffered a net loss of 37.2m ringgit compared with the previous loss of 9.2m ringgit the previous loss of 9.2m ringgit. The company's year-end has been changed from December to June in line with the parent's.

Benta's net profit was 3.7m ringgit, a drop of 23 per cent, but at UEP interim earnings were nearly 70 per cent higher at 15.8m ringgit, due to good response to its residential houses.

Consplant's final dividend is 18 cents, making 26 cents for the year (same), Tractors is not paying a final dividend (20 cents), DMTs interim dividend is 1 per cent (2.5 cents), Benta's final is 35 cents, making 45 cents for the year (58.3 cents), and UEP is maintaining its interim dividend at 7.5 cents.

Amgold interim earnings show advance of 37%

shares participating in the final dividend.

Group profitability improved in all divisions, thanks partly to continued high levels of home and road building and general construction activity.

At APM net profit was up 19 per cent, while turnover was 50 per cent higher at A\$1.8bn. This partly reflected the acquisition of a 56 per cent stake in Mayne Nickless, the transport and security group.

The dividend total has been lifted by 1 cent a share to 19 cents. Tax jumped sharply from A\$13.8m to A\$48.3m, while interest charges rose from A\$27.7m to A\$35.3m.

FIRST NATIONAL, the merchant banking arm of National Australia Bank, yesterday announced plans for an A\$100m (U\$\$70m) public trust to acquire a 10 per cent stake to acquire a 10 per ce the company's first-half results will be repeated in the second

EARNINGS of Anglo American rand price rose 29.9 per cent to Gold Investment (Amgold), R622 per ounce from R479. Because of the volatility in exchange rates and in the dollar price of gold, Amgold says only that it cannot be assumed that

> THE South African Gencor mining finance group's Genbel Investments (formed from the merger of UC Investments and Sentrust) earned net profits of R59.18m, or 183 cents per share, in the year to June compared with R59.05m in 1983-84.

The figures include amounts written of investments of R7.12m and R2.6m in the respective years. Genbel is declaring an increased final dividend of

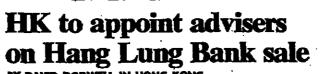
Pancontinental sees jump in profits

By Our Mining Editor SIGNFICANTLY

earnings are expected in the year to June 30 by Australia's Pancontinental Mining. For the Pancontinental Mining. For the year just ended the company made a first net profit of A\$5.59m (f2.82m or \$3.94m), equal to 4.39 cents per share, compared with a loss of A\$4.48m. The profit reflects the benefit of the 3 per cent stake in the Central Queensland Coal Association and Gregory joint coal ventures which was acquired in April last year for U.S.\$75m. Pancontinental exercised an option to acquire a further 2 per cent stake in the coal ventures for U.S.\$50m in July of this year.

Apart from the increased earnings from the enlarged coal stake, the company can also

105 cents making a total of 170 stake, the company can also cents against 150 cents. At June 30 the net asset value equalled 3,182 cents per share.



Sir John Brembridge, the published, but are expected territory's financial secretary, within the next four wasks. In told reporters that advisers would probably be appointed in the next two months, with followed a HK\$300m capital the aim of selling the bank next injection, and the transfer of HK\$315m from reserves.

Sir John has insisted for more than a year that the government has no intention of operating any bank in the long term. He reiterated yesterday:

Writs amounting to more than HK\$700m have been filed by the government against debtors to Hang Lung, including former bank executives.

THE HONG KONG government is preparing to appoint external ment to be saddled with management."

It is absurd for the government is preparing to appoint external ment to be saddled with management. The sale of the Hang Lung Bank, it's tying up able management. The government has said it would foat the Hang Lung rescued by the government at a cost to the Hong Kong taxpayer of at least HK\$18bn (US\$128m).

Sir John Brembridge, the published, but are expected territory's financial secretary, told reporters that advisers the previous year, losses

HK\$81.5m from reserves.



The Republic of Italy

US \$500,000,000

Floating Rate Notes due 1999

in accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest for the first Interest Period from September 4, 1985 to March 4, 1986 has been established at 8% per cent. per annum. Interest payable on March 4, 1986 will be US \$421.08 for each US \$10,000 Note and US \$10,526.91 for each US \$250,000 Note.

Bank of America International Limited

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The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd.

(Kabushiki Kaisha Tokyo Ginko) (Incorporated with limited liability in Japan)

Can. \$ 75,000,000

10%% Bonds due 1995

Issue price: 1011% of the principal amount

Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A. Chase Manhattan Capital Markets Group

Bank of Tokyo International Limited

Amro International Limited

Crédit Commercial de France

Morgan Stanley International

S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

DG BANK

NEW ISSUE

A/S Eksportfinans

(Forretningsbankenes Finansierings - og Eksportkredittinstitutt) (Incorporated in the Kingdom of Norway with limited liability)

> **8% Dual Currency** Yen/U.S. Dollar Bonds Due 1995

Issue Price: 101.375 per cent of the issue amount.

Issue Amount: U.S. \$96,160,900 Redemption Amount:

The following have agreed to subscribe or procure subscribers for the Bonds:-

Nomura International Limited Christiania Bank og Kreditkasse

Morgan Guaranty Ltd Tokai International Limited

¥20,000,000,000

Wood Gundy Inc.

Morgan Guaranty Ltd

AUGUST 1985

Orion Royal Bank Limited

Bankers Trust International Limited

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

Citicorp Investment Bank Limited Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. Crédit Lyonnais Crédit Commercial de France Deutsche Bank Capital Markets Limited **Credit Suisse First Boston Limited** Merrill Lynch International & Co. Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise Mitsui Trust Bank (Europe) S.A. Mitsubishi Trust & Banking Corporation (Europe) S.A. **Morgan Stanley International** Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited Toyo Trust International Limited Salomon Brothers International Limited

Application has been made for the Bonds, in bearer form in the denomination of U.S.\$4,808 each, constituting the above issue to be admitted to the Official List by the Council of The Stock Exchange, subject only to the issue of the temporary global Bond. Interest will be payable in yen annually in arrears on 18th September in each year from and including 18th September, 1985. The first interest payment will be due on 18th September, 1986.

Yasuda Trust Europe Limited

Particulars of the Bonds and the Company are available in the statistical services of Extel Statistical Services Limited. Copies of the listing particulars relating to the Bonds may be obtained in the form of an Extel Card during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) from the Company Announcements Office of the Quotations Department of The Stock Exchange, Throgmorton Street, London EC2P 2BT, up to and including 5th September, 1985 or during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) at the addresses shown below up to and including 17th September, 1985:-

Simon & Coates 1 London Wall Buildings, London EC2M 5PT and The Stock Exchange

Citibank, N.A., Citibank House, London WC2R 1HB

3rd September, 1985

This notice is issued in compliance with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the tation to the public to subscribe for or to purchase, any securities. blic of Ireland, it does not constitute an offer of, or revi

A/S EKSPORTFINANS

(Incorporated in the Kingdom of Norway with limited fiability)

¥20,000,000,000 Zero Coupon Bonds Due 1995

Issue Price of the Bonds: 54-5726 per cent. plus accrued amortisation of original issue discount (if any)

The following have agreed to subscribe or procure subscribers for the Bonds:

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

Morgan Guaranty Ltd

Bergen Bank A/S

Nomura International Limited

Bank of Tokyo International Limited

Banque Indosuez

Christiania Bank og Kreditkasse

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Deutsche Bank Capital Markets Limited

Den norske Creditbank Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft

Fuji International Finance Limited

Generale Bank

Girozentrale und Bank der österreichischen Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft

Mitsubiski Trust & Banking Corporation (Europe) S.A.

Mitsui Trust Bank (Europe) S.A.

The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd. Société Générale

Nippon Credit International (Hong Kong) Limited Sparebanken Oslo Akershus

Yasuda Trust Europe Limited

Application has been made for the Bonds, in bearer form in the denomination of ¥1,000,000 each, constituting the above issue to be admitted to the Official List by the Council of The Stock Exchange, subject only to the issue of the temporary global Bond. Particulars of the Bonds and the Company are available in the statistical services of Extel Statistical Services Limited. Copies of the listing particulars relating to the Bonds may be obtained in the form of an Extel Card during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) from the Company Announcements Office of the Quotations Department of The Stock Exchange, Throgmorton Street, London, EC2P 2BT, up to and including 5th September, 1985 or during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) at the addresses shown below up to and including 17th September, 1985:—

Simon & Coates, 1 London Wall Buildings, London EC2M SPT

Citibank, N.A., Citibank House, 336 Strand, London WC2R 1HB

3rd September, 1985

INTL. COMPANIES & FINANCE

Intershop reduces U.S. retail exposure

INTERSHOP Holding, the international property-development company has cut back on its new company has cut back on its new commitments in the U.S. retail field. SwFr 18.5m. international reputation in shopping centre development. Most of E. Mueller, referring to the U.S. op-

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To Visit

3

its registered shareholders are Enropean banks and insurance no longer invest in sectors which it
groups. In the business year ended considered "largely saturated," and

been or would be sold, he added.

In Europe Intershop has expanded its holdings in Swiss retail further increase in earnings for

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

The list shows the 200 latest international bond issues for which an adequate secondary market exists. The following are closing prices for September 2.

SESA Frames 13 SE A State IK MSB 1294, 90 A Ames, 194, 90 CS Genster Fin 174, 95 CS Hand-Wength 104, 95 CS Lobber Cos 115, 92 CS New Brusseck 174, 95 CS Shell Causek 114, 92 CS Wilsonian Car 116, 90 CS NOTES Banço di Roma 51, 92

Statell 18 98 S Wales Trsy 112, 90 Swed Exp Cred 10 92 Swed Exp Cred 124, 890W

107% 11% -1% -3% 102% 102% -8% -1% 103% 184 -8% -8%

Change on the control of the control Avon Cap Corp 51, 94 Brit land Comp 61, 99 Council of Europe 6 92 Creditarstalt 5½ 94
Deutsche Bk Fin 5½ 95
E.I.B. 6½ 94
Esport Dev Corp 5½ 92

El Corte **Ingles lifts** earnings

EL CORTE INGLES, the leading

Spanish department store group, has announced a 32 per cent in-crease in its net profits for 1984, its second consecutive year of rapid earnings growth in the face of gen-erally stack household consump-

meeting profits had risen to Pta 6.17bn (\$38m) from Pta 4.68bn, after a 28 per cent increase the previous year. Sales climbed to Pta 251bn from Pta 214bn, an increase of 17.5 per cent or almost twice the rate of in-flation. This followed a 21 per cent

growth in sales in 1983. The group, which has always prided itself in financing expansion 6.47bn last year, principally on a new commercial centre in Seville. It is currently planning a new depart ment store in the north-we

union fears that the measure will affect jobs in the sector by driving small shops out of bus

Consortium takes over at watch, group

CONTROL of SMH, Switzerland's pool of banks behind the former company. In: 1983, these banks financed a rescue scheme for the

supported their merger.

The banks always intended to give up control of the Swit 300m (\$131.6m) capital as soon as the company had been successfully reorganised Last year, the group showed consolidated cashflow of SwFr 86m and said it expected a further improvement for 1985.

MINING BRIEFS

SHAREBOLDERS in Hill Minerals of Australia have approved the purchase of the Lights of Israel gold prospect in Western Australia from the associated Carr Boyd Minerals for A\$960,000, (\$676,000) which will be funded by the issue of 1.5m Hill Minerals shares.

The issue will raise Carr Boyd's holding in Hill Minerals to 32 per cent. The latter holds 24 per cent of Carr Boyd. The deal opens the way for a mining operation involving Lights of Israel and Hill Minerals Makai prospect, which have a combined resource of some 400,000 tonnes of ore grading 4 gram gold per tonne.

AUSTRALIA'S Ferrovanadium Corporation has changed its name to Great Australian Resources. The change is to reflect the company's country of origin and general min-eral exploration activities rather than its major asset when it is incorporated.

LAC Minerals, best known for its Canadian gold mining interests, is to manage a joint venture with bearing areas in Larimer County, Colorado

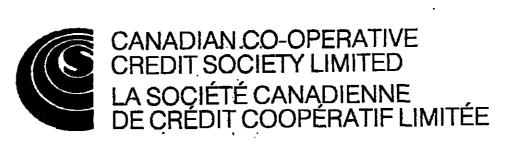
Diamonds have been already re covered from exploration of kimberlite pipes and dykes. From a bulk sample of 2950 tonnes of material processed in Sti-

perior's pilot plant; a sampling of 500 carats of diamond has been offered for sale to determine the

FREEPORT Minerals is farming-in on the Karangahake gold prospect of New Zealand Goldfields, and may earn a 50.1 per cent interest by spending NZS6m (\$3.3m) on exploration and development.

The Karangahake area has an established mining industry and produced around 4m ounces of gold in the last century.

THE WORLD VALUE



U.S. \$90,000,000

Revolving Underwriting Facility

Arranged by Merrill Lynch Capital Markets

Lead Managing Underwriters

Irving Trust International Limited

Kansallis-Osake-Pankki

Mitsui Finance International Limited

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Reuters Monitor DABF/G/H/I/J - Further Information for Delive Europe Limited, 14 St Paul's Churchyerd, London EC4M 88D

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EXCHANGE OF CERTIFICATES

Following the recent sub-division of US\$10.00 Par Value Shares into shares of US\$1.00 Par Value, new Certificates are now available and may be obtained in the following manner:— Registered Certificates should be sent for exchange to the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company, by registered post-

Banque Paribas, 19 Avenue D'Ostende,

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FINANCIAL TIMES Motor Industry Survey

WEDNESDAY 11th SEPTEMBER 1985

For further details contact: COLIN DAVIES Telex 885033

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Period 4th September, 1985 to 4th December, 1985 the Notes will bear interest at the rate of 514% per amount. The Coupon amount per U.S.\$10,000 Note will be U.S.\$208.54.

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DUE 1996

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2142 101% 102% +8% 10.00 1078 119% 210% -1 -0.23 1078 88% 82% -9% -0.78 762 88 -8% 40.5 762 88 68% -13% 10.78 1052 103% 104% -8% 25.03 801 86% 88% 48% 48% 14.78 1052 103% 104% -8% 25.03 801 86% 88% 48% 48% 14.80 529 107% 109% 8 14.22 33 202% 203% -2% -4.02

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shares.

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unds: The yield to redemption of the salf-price; the amount issued ups of corpumy units except for You loads where it is in billion on week — Change were price a week surfac.

This is SPAROL The SPAROL fuel additives are divided into five different kinds: 1) for Gas-oil; 2) for Fuel-oil; 3) for Diesel-oil; 4) for Coal-burning; 5) for combustion in refuse disposal plants.

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Expansion-minded IMI surges to £23m

BY MARTIN DICKSON

end totalled £1.04m.

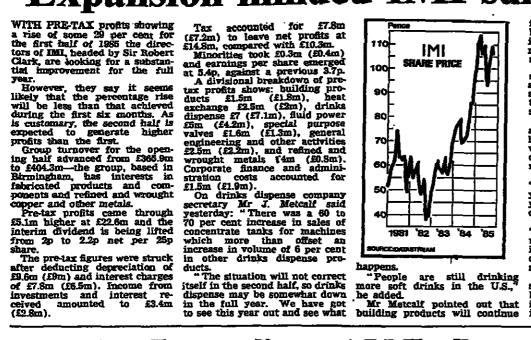
Fitch Lovell, a major meat processor, has virtually no interests at present in the fish industry, so the acquisition represents an expansion into a new field at a time when dietary fashion is switching from red meat to white meat and fish.

We Geoffrey Henking chairman

Mr Geoffrey Hankins, chairman of Fitch Lovell, said: "We see a growing market for fish in response to the demand for healthy eating." We also believe

Fitch Lovell expanding

into fish business



baskets. We'd like to be more in the U.S. and Europe and more into products with higher added

flat, reflecting problems in the building industry generally—the imposition of VAT, high interest rates and cuts in local authority spending.

He said titanium would be strong for the rest of this year and next but that plastics were still losing money. "They're in the middle of a price war," he said.

Exchange rates had a slightiv value like drinks dispense.

For the 1984 year group turnover rose by 9 per cent to \$437.9m (£676.34m) and profits hefore tax by 43 per cent to \$45.1m. A contributing factor in the profits improvement was a lower above the line charge for rationalisation and redundancy—£3.4m, against a previous £5.1m.

At the annual meeting in May

Exchange rates had a slightly advantageous effect in the first half, but Mr Metcalf said that half, but Mr Metcalf said that will be slightly more than wiped out in the second half on today's rates.

On gearing be was expecting "no significant change at the year-end compared with last year assuming no acquisitions or disposals."

Mr Metcalf summed up: "We're a changing company. We used to have no overseas interests and now 20 overseas interests and now 20 overseas."

E5.1m.

At the annual meeting in May Sir Robert reported a heartening overall improvement during the first quarter of 1985 atthough not all of the group's subsidiaries had been able to achieve better figures.

He revealed that the U.S. companies in fluid power and drinks dispense (last year's biggest single source of profits) had experienced some decline in activity level.

Sir Robert hand meeting in May Sir Robert reported a heartening overall improvement during the first quarter of 1985 atthough not all of the group's subsidiaries had been able to achieve better figures.

He revealed that the U.S. companies in fluid power and drinks dispense (last year's biggest single source of profits) had experienced some decline in activity level.

disposals."

Mr Metcalf summed up:
"We're a changing company. We used to have no overseas interests and now 30 per cent of our assets are abroad. But that's still not high enough.

"We want to have our eggs spread around different economic baskets. We'd like to be more in the U.S. and Europe and U.S. and Europe and U.S. and Europe and U.S. and Europe and U.S. and

Brook Street margins trimmed by growth costs

MARKETING and branch expansion costs have held back the more rapidly than expected, and profit growth of Brook Street should be contributing to profits bareau, the clerical and administrative staff agency in the first half of 1985.

The tax charge for the half year comes through at £204,000 (Fig. 1000) to leave the part profit.

Cole shareholders not

enthusiastic about bid

Cole Group shareholders have of cumulative convertible pre

shown little enthusiasm for the ference shares but last night fem all-paper offer from Hartons Cole's ordinary were unchanged Group, the USM listed plastics at 228p. It seems unlikely that and consumer products Hartons will increase the terms distributor.

majority.

There seemed little chance shares, but would not comment yesterday that Hartons could last night on market speculation reach 50 per cent by then. The offer values Cole at around 200p Low's shares closed at 383p, up

BOARD MEETINGS

Bureau, the clerical and administrative staff agency in the first half of 1985.

Trading in all parts of the group continues at buoyant levels, the directors report, and they say that prospects for the year remain encouraging. They are raising the interim dividend from 1p to 15p net.

In the half year group turnover expanded by 36.8 per cent, from £9.52m to £13.02m. The UK accounts for some \$5 per cent of this and in the period lifted its share by more than 40 per cent. Overseas, particularly in Australia, results were also satisfactory.

At the pre-tax stage, profits showed a rise of some 17.7 per cent, from £459,000 to £517,000. Far greater profits are produced in the second half (nearly film last time), the directors state, because, in part, revenue from temporary placings is at its highest in the third quarter, whereas the marketing and promotion costs to attract applicants are chiefly incurred in the new technology towns of the south east, the group has inthe new technology towns of the south east, the group has invested heavily in refurbishing the branch network and in extending the word processing and computer training center. These developments affect profits in the short term.

However, the new units are Mr Robert Helmes a'Court Nondnees, a subsidiary of

Pergamon sold these shares and another 5.76 per cent Newspapers in January 1985. United launched a £286m bid

for Fleet last week. Mr a'Court gained control

poration.
Thorn EMI has appeared

Growing doubts in the City executive, in July. tors are also to leave, it was

about Thorn EMI's strategy and a fall in prefits in the year ended March 1985 led to the resignation of Mr Peter Laister, chairman and chief

ACC builds up stake in battered Thorn EMI

By Charles Batchel

ASSOCIATED Commun ASSOCIATED Communica-tions Corporation (ACC), the British entertainments group headed by Mr Robert Holmes a Court, the Australian busi-nessman, holds a stake of between 3 and 4 per cent in Thorn EMI, the battered UK electronics group.

ACC is understood to have

ACC is understood to have built up this holding by market purchases over recent weeks. The late buoyancy of the share price, ou rumours that a hid for Thorn EMI was imminent, has put a stop to further buying by ACC —for the time being at least. Thorn's share price fell 7p to 412n vesterday to value

to 412p yesterday to value the ACC holding at between £26.4m and £35.2m and Thorn's entire equity at Thorn said yesterday it was definitely aware only of a 2 per cent helding in its shares held by Ambassador



"We are watching this with interest," Thern said.
"We are aware they have at least 2 per cent but we have no way of knowing what their current holding is. It was in early August that we first became aware of their holding."

There added that it know

Thorn added that it knew nothing of any holding in its shares by RCA, the U.S. entertainments and communications group, which was also reported to be buying its shares. RCA could not be contacted for comment. ACC's intentions were not

clear yesterday but the com-pany has a stated policy of only "buying shares in com-panies we would like to own." panies we would like to own." It claims not to be a share

However, in June 1984, it sold the 10 per cent stake it owned in Fleet Holdings, publisher of the Daily and Sunday Express, which it had built up over the previous year. The Fleet shares went to Mr Robert Maxwell's Per-gamon Press publishing

of ACC, a company built up by Lord Grade, in April 1982. He was forced to raise the value of his bid from £36m to £60m by counter-bids and ittigation initiated by Mr Gerald Ronson's Heron Cor-

valuerable to an offer since it launched an abortive £650m takeover hid for British Aerospace just over a year ago. It followed this up with the pur-chase of Inmos, the semi-conductor maker, just before world semi-conductor markets

Three other main board direc-

Rio Tinto-Zinc pays £36m cash for Tarmac oil offshoot

Tarmac has sold its oil and gas exploration subsidiary. Plascom, to Rio Tinto Zinc, the minerals company, for £35.8m cash.

In April Tarmac announced its intention to float Plascom on the Stock Exchange, but the plan was delayed by the weak conditions in the oil market. At the same time a number of companies, including RTZ. approached it with offers for the company.

But the oil industry was surprised yesterday by the price that RTZ paid. Plascom has stakes in the Audrey. Hewett and Forties fields in the North Sea, with proven reserves valued by James Capel, the stock-

and Forties nells in the Notal-Sea, with proven reserves valued by James Capel, the stock-brokers, at only £11m. That suggests that RTZ puts a very high value on the exploration acreage in the North Sea, the U.S., Holland, France, Germany and Spain.

One oil company executive said yesterday: "We might have paid about £20m. It is difficult to see how RTZ can justify its

However, Mr Peter Woodman. However, Mr Peter Woodman, chief executive of Tr.mac's oil and industrial division, said yesterday that it might have got even more if it had sold off the assets in smaller packages, but it preferred to make a clean

sale.

RTZ said that Plascom would fit very well with RTZ Oil and Gas, which last year made net profits of £13.2m.

RTZ is set on a rapid expansion of its oil and gas business.

Last year it acquired a 29.9 per cent stake in Enterprise Oil, and present the set of intends to take a controlling stake after the Government's golden share in the company expires at the end of 1988.

Mr David Hooker, who has been running Plascom, has decided not to stay with the company but to pursue other business interests. RTZ said

business interests. RTZ said that it hoped to take on the other employees of Plascom. Tarmac had a 92 per cent stake in Plascom, with the quoted energy investment company TR Energy having another 4.2 per cent. Yesterday TR Energy's share price leaped 5p to 29p. RTZ gained 5p to 583p, while Tarmac added 4p to close at 356p.



Sir Alistair Frame, chairman

Tarmac said that it sold Plascom because it was highly capital-intensive and did not relate to any of its mainstream activities.

Mr Woodman added that the company had a dimmer view of the oil market than a few months ago, and was therefore happy to quit the oil exploration business altogether It would retain its interests in two UK oil refineries which produce bitumen out of heavy crude oil, since this was integral to Tarmac's main husiness.

The sale is the largest in a recent series of disposals by non-oil companies of North Sea oil and gas interests.

Non-oil companies which have quit the North Sea in the past year include Sears, Distillers, Unigate, BTR and Societe Generale de Belgique.

RTZ, however, Is moving

Generale de Belgique.

RTZ, however, is moving against this trend. Yesterday the company said that it was constantly looking for opportunities to expand its oil and gas business, adding that there would be other deals in the future.

The Department of Energy has approved the acquisition by Burmah Oil of interest in 12 UK onshore oil and gas licences from Taylor Woodrow and James Finlay.

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

•		Date	Corre-	Total	Total
	Current		ponding	for	last
		payment	div.	year	year
		Nov 1			_
Associated Steelint	4				- 85
Benford Concreteint	: 1	Oct 1	1	Ξ.	3.75
Brook St. Bureauint	1.5	Oct 25	1	_	4
F. Copson	15		1.5	1.5	1.5
r. Copsum	1.0	O-+ O1			4.5
Datint	22	Oct 21	2	_	
KCA Drilling Grp int			Q.5	_	2
Macfarlane Groupint		_	0.92*	: —	2.15
Parlan Property	0.00+	Oct 25		0.09	0.09
Ragian Property	0.001	OC. 20	0.00		
Dividends shown pence	ner sna	re except	where o	Derwise	BIRTEO.
* Equivalent after	Alloudan	for sort	n lesua	t On	capital
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increased by rights a	und/or a	cquisition	issues.	1 02W	stock.
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152 Armitage and Rhodes...

153 108 Bardon Hill

154 42 Bray Technologies

155 104 CCL Ordinary

155 104 CCL Ordinary

150 10 Cerborundum Ord. ...

171 1618 Group

150 10 James Burrough PpcPi.

150 171 John Howsrd and Ce.

150 10 Linguaphone Ord.

150 11 Torday and Carlisie

151 17 Unilock Holdings

152 17 W. S. Yeates

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Prices and details of services now available on Prestal, page 48146

Société Générale



U.S.\$250,000,000 Floating Rate Notes 1990/1995

For the six months 4th September, 1985 to 4th March, 1986 the Notes will bear an interest rate of 8½% per annum and the coupon amount per U.S.\$100,000, will be U.S.\$4,273.61.

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A FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY **CLWYD**

The Financial Times proposes to publish a Survey on the above. The provisional date and editorial synopsis are set out

Publication Date: October 11, 1985

INTRODUCTION New and expanding industrial ventures are being attracted to selves. An introduction to the county, an explanation of the recent changes in incentives available to promote its industrial regeneration, the changing communications infrastructure.

CLWYD INDUSTRY A series of articles looking at the current activity and future ets of industrial sectors prominent in the county's

aerospace chemicals and pharmaceuticals fibre optics
food processing and distribution
paper, packaging and forestry products
steel and other metals
textiles and clothing

OVERSEAS INVESTMENT

Japanese companies, Sharp Corporation and Brother Indus-tries, have recently joined the range of overseas manufacturing companies established within Clwyd's borders. The attractions of the county for stepping up inward investment from the U.S. and Continental Europe, as well as Japan. LABOUR, EDUCATION AND TRAINING

Labour relations in Clwyd are good. There is also close co-operation between local authorities, educational institutions and industry to improve the quality and range of higher education and training. The work being done to promote the skills required for a successful modern economy. PROPERTY

Clwyd has had some success in improving its tourism industry. Rhyl's Suncentre is a particularly striking example of the benefits of imaginative tourism investment. The efforts being made to enhance Clwyd's attractions and the contribution it makes to the local economy.

For further information and advertisement rates, please contact:

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FINANCIAL TIMES EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

BASF Aktiengesellschaft

Copies of the interim report (first half-year 1985) are available from

Kleinwort, Benson Limited. 20 Fenchurch Street London EC3P 3DB

S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd. 33 King William Street London 4R 9AS

BASF Aktiengesellschaft D-6700 Ludwigshafen

BASF

declared.

this year.

Bluecrest, a privately-owned company founded eight years ago, deals mainly in frozen food and specialises in fish and value added fish products. It supplies the retail and catering markets and is a substantial producer for the customer label retail sector, supplying multiples such as J. Sainsbury, Waitrose and the Comparity Society.

against a hostile bld from Linford. It hought Jacksons of Piccadilly, the up-market tea business, for £1.7m in July and last April agreed to pay £13m for Trent Mest Company.

Mr Hankins said yesterday that Trent was "living up to expectations." By putting it together with two of the group's existing mest a hostile bld from Linford.

It hought Jacksons of Piccadilly, the up-market tea business, for £1.7m in July and last April agreed to pay £13m for Trent Mest Company.

Mr Hankins said yesterday that Trent was "living up to expectations." By putting it together with two of the group's existing mest against a hostile bld from Linford. mr mankins said yesterday that Trent was "living up to expecta-tions." By putting it together with two of the group's existing meat husinesses—Robirch and Truran and Tarr Holdings—he operative Society.

Bluecrest's pre-tax profits in 1984 were £538,000 on sales over £20m, and net assets at the year end totalled £1.04m.

The Lovell, a major meat butive opportunities for all three butive opportunities for all three somewhates."

Fitch Lovell has paid an initial £3m for Bluecrest, with £250,000 of that satisfied by the issue of new shares. There will also be a deferred payment of 5.75 times the amount by which Bluecrest's profit exceeds £425,000 in 1985. This payment will be not less than £1m and not more than £9m.

there is a big growth opportunity to must the requirements of the major multiples for innovation pletion. Fitch is believed to have other, smaller acquisitions near com-

LMI sells part of Allied stake

Fitch Lovell, the food manufacturer and wholesaler, is expanding into the fish business with the acquisition of Grimsby-based Bluecrest Foods. It will be paying a minimum of £4m and maximum of £12m, dependent on Bluecrest's profits performance this year.

Bluecrest, a privately-owned and modern distribution services."

Fitch has been acquiring companies at a rapid rate over the past year or so, since selling its be paying a minimum of £4m and modern distribution services."

Fitch has been acquiring companies at a rapid rate over the past year or so, since selling its beautiful food—now Dee Corporation—for £45m as part of its defence against a hostile bid from Linfood—food. By Martin Dickson By Martin Dickson
London and Midland Industrials, which earlier this year mounted an unsuccessful takeover bid for Allied Textile Companies, disclosed yesterday that it had sold much or all of its 11 per cent stake in Allied. However, LMI declined to say precisely how much of its stake had been sold and whether the shares had gone to one or more had been sold and whether the shares had gone to one or more buyers. It merely said that it had "ceased to have a notifiable interest" in Allied, which means that its holding must now be lower than 5 per cent, the level at which a stake must be declared.

declared.
Since the failure of LMTs takeover attempt, there have been vague market rumours that Allied could attract another bidder. Allied shares closed last night unchanged at 425p, with LMT also unchanged at 199.

Mr Bill Beddow, LMTs chairman, said his company had sold the shares for more than sold the shares for more than it paid for them, but he also pointed out that LMI had incurred various costs in its bid

Milbury Homes (North) in liquidation

By David Goodhart

Milbury Homes (Norfa) is understood to have been put into voluntary liquidation by its new owners Poco Properties—which recently bought a 78.7 per cent stake in Milbury Homes from financier Mr Jim Raper for £1. Before the sale Mr Raper transferred the two most valuable parts of Milbury—Milbury Homes (South) and the Westminster Property Group—to his own holding company St Piran, and Milbury is now consequently

own holding company St Piran, and Milbury is now consequently the subject of a Department of Milbury—is to be auch tioned on Thursday by order of Salford County Council and the Sheriff of Greater Manchester. A spokesym for the County Court.

The consumer products of that the products of the bid.

Coles shares were lifted above the terms of the Hartons offer by the intervention of Low & board of Hartons of the bid.

Coles shares were lifted above the terms of the Hartons offer by the intervention of Low & board of Hartons will increase the terms of the bid.

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Low & Bonar, which acquired a stake of around 25 per cent in Cole soun after the Hartons offer by the intervention of Low & board of Hartons will increase the terms of the bid.

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Low & Bonar, which acquired a stake of around 25 per cent in Cole soun after the Hartons will increase the terms of the bid.

Sheriff of Greater Manchester. A spokesman for the County Court said yesterday that Mikhury was now in voluntary liquidation. Nobody was available for comment at Poco.

Several winding up orders have already been sought by Milbury creditors including one by Tangible Properties Ltd., which was to have been heard on November 4.

Ewart share split being reconsidered

Shareholders in Ewart New Northern, the Belfast-based property concern, have been advised by the board not to accept the proposed ten-for-one share split at next week's extra-ordinary meeting.

ordinary meeting.
However, it emerged last night
that Dalkeith (Ceylon) Holdings, that Dalkeith (Ceylon) Holdings, which requested the meeting, which requested the meeting, would not press the original proposition, and would be prepared to settle for a subdivision of the fl shares into denominations of 20p or 25p.

Mr Roger Lewis, Dalkeith chairman, explained that the share split was intended to increase the market in the shares. He admitted, however, that there was some validity in the Ewart argument that a tenfor-one split would leave the new shares at too low a level.

The Merchant Navy Officers' Pension Fund, which last week won its takeover battle for Murray Growth Trust, yesterday moved to dispel market speculation that it might also bid for related Murray Electronics and Murray Technology Investments. Morray Growth has a 10 per

Navy pension fund dispels bid rumours

Murray Growth has a 10 per cent stake in Murray Electronics and one of 30 per cent in Murray Technology and the share prices of both have risen significantly since the persion fund launched its bid.

However, the fund said yesterday that, prior to launching its offer, it had reached an understanding with Murray Growth and Murray Johnstone, the manager of the trust. This was "that it would not, in the foreseable future, seek to acquire any shares in any of the investment companies presently managed by Murray Johnstone if its offer succeeded."

The following compenies have notified detes of board meetings to the Stock Exchange. Such meetings are usually held for the purpose of considering dividends. Official indications are not available as to whether the dividends are interies or finals and the subdivisions shown below are based usinly on lest year's timetable.

TODAY

Intering:—Ignes Seattle, Brammer,

ties.
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Nigel Pullman,

The Financial Times proposes to publish a survey on the above

Publication date is subject to change at the discretion of the Editor

UK COMPANY NEWS

Associated Steel well up midway

Benford

Concrete

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Mrs Stella Brumell

Construction equipment profit improved to £401,000 (£333,000) but galvanizing was down to £87,000 (£120,000). Interest and

investment income rose to £245,000 (£150,000). Mrs Stella Brumell, chairman

IN VIEW of a satisfactory first half, with profits up £0.83m, and continued confidence for the full 1985 year. Associated Steet Distributors is paying an interim dividend of 4p.

Some 12 per cent of the company's equity was placed on the Very a restated \$60.000.

The company is engaged in steel stockholding and has been built up by Coutinho Caro, the UK associate of the large West German international trading group.

No profit forecast was made for 1985 but the directors predicted a dividend total of \$p.

In the half year turnover aforement but the directors presented from January 1. They contributed significantly to correspond while the base of significantly to turnover already by the inclusion to developing the existing USM is a shade better than the Caro, the UK associate of the large west German international trading group.

No profit forecast was made for 1985 but the directors present the profits and profits before tax in the half year turnover aforement and profits before tax in the half year turnover aforement and profits before tax in the half year turnover aforement and profits before tax in the half year turnover aforement and profits before tax in the full than the directors state.

The directors describe the supprison to £450,000 as previously enjoyed allowances are no longer available. This leaves the net profit at £913,000 as previously enjoyed allowances are no longer available. This leaves the net profit at £913,000 (£789,000) for earnings of 13-59 (£789,000) is not obtained to pursuit the previously enjoyed allowances are no longer available. This leaves the net profit at £913,000 (£789,000) for earnings of 13-59 (£789

Raglan strong for the future

Benford Concrete Machinery, a construction group based in Warwick, increased pre-tax profits by 21 per cent to £783,000 in the half year to June 30 1885 compared with £603,000 in the first six months of last year.

Turnover was up 9.6 per cent to £11.23m (£10.24m) and, after a £293,000 tax charge (£265,000), attributable profit was up 37 per cent at £440,000 (£320,000). Minorities took nothing, against £18,000 last time. Earnings a share were 1.98p (1.44p) and the interim dividend is unchanged at 10.

WITHOUT THE exchange of significant contracts in the year ended March 31 1985, the Ragian Property Trust has suffered a profit fall from £363,000 to 250,000 a year ago to £582,000 bandally.

Further lettings and rent reviews, particularly of the principal property acquired from Glynwed and due for review at the company agurs well for the dividend at 0.085p net.

Principal activities are property development and investment in shops and commercial premises in the UK. Results are dependent upon the timing of exchange of contracts and this year turnover was only £587,000 (£53.55m), and the gross profit for the property investment portfolio without substantially increasing financial gearing has resulted in a significant strengthening of the company, from which it will be contracts are depondent upon the timing of the £10mt town centre with its largest store outside of a significant strengthening of the company, from which it will be contracts and the property investment portfolio without substantially increasing financial gearing has resulted in a significant strengthening of the contracts will be structured contracts will be structured contracts will be structured to smooth the profits line and contracts will be structured to smooth the profits line and contracts will be structured to smooth the profits line and contracts will be structured to smooth the profits line and contracts will be structured to smooth the profits line and contracts will be structured to smooth the profits line and contracts will be smooth to smooth the profits line and contracts will be structured to smooth the profits line and contracts will be structured scheme will provide Waitrose famine, especially as the Slough development profit, worth say famine, a significant strengthening of the company, from which it will be able to grow further.

The directors are, therefore, confident that more good progress will be made during the current year.

In March, the company announced the acquisition from Glynwed International of various freehold and leasehold properties from £425m in cash and shares. Glynwed retained some 33m shares of its entitlement—equal to nearly 29 per cent of the enlarged capital—and the balance was offered to existing shareholders for subscription.

After a tax credit £25,000 (charge £157,000 the net profit comes out at £98,000 (£206,000) (charge £157,000 the net profit comes out at £98,000 (£2

ISE rises to £1.7m but sounds warning

the Government's attitude to the construction industry, she says, it is not possible to forecast group results for the rest of the group results for the rest of the construction industry, she says, it is not possible to forecast group results for the rest of the construction industry, she says, it is not possible to forecast the directors warn that as most (£106,000 charge).

Tax rose to £221,000 (£100,000) titues and the exploration prospects in France are described as particularly exciting. results for the full year will be and net profits emerged at £1.48m particularly exciting.

Mrs Stella Brumell, chairman and managing director, says the new products of Benford Ltd continue to make progress and the recent reduction in the cost of zinc, if maintained, should help Walker Brothers (Galvanizing), a subsidiary.

Export orders, however, remain difficult to come by, she says, with margins on attainable business almost non-existent because of worldwide competition.

With so much depending on the Government's attitude to the Government's attitude to the service of the Service of the Government's attitude to the service of the Service of the Government's attitude to the service of the Service of the Government's attitude to the service of the Service of the Government's attitude to the service of the Government's attitude to the service of the Service of the Government's attitude to the service of the Service of the Government's attitude to the service of the Service of the Government's attitude to the service of the Government's attitude to the service of the Service of the Government's attitude to th

Cut in drill ship losses helps KCA Drilling

WITH LOSSES on its drill ship operations showing a large fail, interim profits at KCA Drilling interim profits at KCA Drilling they are looking forward to a satisfactory outcome for the full ship. On improver up by 34 per cent to 220,26m (515,6m), profits for the first six months of 1985 rose from £115m to £219m. From earnings per share of 225p (0.05p), the interim payment has been tribled to 1.5p.

Last year there was a total payment of 25,55m. The directors are supported and for the samings of £25m. The directors of the support of the sup

Macfarlane confident as profits rise 26%

Macfarlane Group (Clansman), manufacturer of packaging and plastics, specialist printer and office supplier, which produced record pre-tax profits of £3m in 1984, continued the trend in the first half of 1985.

Pre-tax profits increased by 26 per cent to £1.75 compared with £1.4m in the first six months of last year on turnover up 20 per cent to £23.6m

The interim dividend is being ruised to 1.012p from 0.92p, adjusted for a one-for-

one scrip issue. Sir Norman Macfarlane, chairman of the Glasgow-based group, also involved in warehousing, haulage and factory maintenance, says all of its companies have benefited from an improvement in trading conditions. The out-look remains encouraging he

trading conditions. The outlook remains encouraging he says.

Tax accounted for £723,000 (£643,600), leaving a net profit of £1.03m (£747,000). Earnings a share were 3.36p (£44p, adjusted for the scrip issue).

Abbott's Packaging, A. and W. Fullarton and Daniel Montgomery and Son continued to make good progress and each profited from the investments made in 1884, says Sir Norman.

Clansman Cases of Brackley and Controlled Packaging Services of Westbury, Wilfshire, traded attractively and made increased contributions to group profits, while R. Mitchell of Grantham is now shewing potential.

FIG-Pak (UK) is trading strongly, he says. N. S. Macfarlane and Co. of Glasgow performed well and is still busy. Smith Brothers of Kilmarnock improved results considerably following a disappointing performance.

a disappointing performance last year.

M.B.F. (Clausman) of Paisley, the marketing last year.

M.B.F. (Clausman) of Paisley, the marketing products of which have featured prominently in its improved performance, again made splendid progress, he says, and there will be several interesting developments in this sector control. ments in this sector soon.

N. S. Macfarlane (Furni ture) made a useful contribution to group prefits. But trading was difficult for A.C.W. of Aberdeen, which

makes thermoplastic mould-ings for packaging and industrial use, and C. miliams of Liverpool, which makes rubber stamps and marking devices and is involved in engraving and vitreous enamelling.

Cyre and Farquharson

Bros., both in the copying
products sector, also experienced difficult trading

Renishaw buys 75% of MAE

RENISHAW, the high-technology company based in Wotton-under-Edge, Glouc-estershire, is acquiring 75 per cept of Micro-Aided Engineering of Thetford, Norfolk, which designs and manufactures computer-aided design and computer-aided manufacturing systems and equipment, for £780,000 in cash. Of this, £252,500 is being injected into the business for the purchase of new shares, £452,500 is to buy out the interests of outside share-holders and £75,000 is.for part of the holdings of MAE em-

The employees, who will retain a 25 per cent holding, will have an option to sell their remaining shares to Renishaw on a profit-related MAE, which will be

operated as a subsidiary, was established three years ago. It made a pre-tax loss of £19,000 in 1984 on a turnover of £1.6m. Net tangible liabilities were £157,000.

COMPANY NEWS IN BRIEF

MILLER RAYNER and Hays maker of uniforms, has lifted sales from £2.97m to £3.27m and profits from £29,000 to £118,000

LADBROKE INDEX 1,919-1,014 (-2) Based on FT Index Tel: 01-427 4411

HELTON MOLDINGS, Dublings of fuel and builders' merchant says it is in talks which may lead to the introduction of new investors and to an increase in the capital base. Shareholders tavised to await further announcement.

MILLER RAYNER and Hayson.

STEAUA ROMANA—Ambrit Inc has acquired from Clabir Inter-national Corporation 1426m ordinary (restricted voting) and

1.74m deferred shares in Steams which together represent 78.8 per cent of the combined voting interest in the company Clabir Corporation (directly and through Clabir Intl Corp) owns

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has changed its name to:-A member of the Laurentian Group of Companies which also includes the Imperial Life Assurance Company of Canada and the Trident Life Assurance Company Ltd.

approximately 84 per cent of the outstanding common stock of Ambrit Inc.

NEW DARIEN Oil Trust says (214,837). Earnings per share in Ensource, a Denver-based company with a New York listing. Over the year to July 31 1985 New Darien raised net asset value per 25p New York listing. Over the year It has been announced that to July 31 1985 New Darien Industrial Equity (Pacific) Holdraised net asset value per 25p ings has increased its holding to

August Low

MONTHLY AVERAGES OF STOCK INDICES

	August	July	June	May
Financial Times				
Government Securities	83,44 88,54 973,5 316,3 21,116	82,92 87,74 935,2 386,9 20,181	61,80 86,32 980,4 487,9 22,200	80,75 85,55 1003,8 481,5 25,242
F.T.— Actuaries				
Industrial Group	643,23 685,58 481,60 626,33	1610.58 652.86 465.33 1599,88	657.42 679.04 469.81 621.04	652,77 696,95 470,78 635,44
FT-8E 100	1298.9	1243.9	1284.7	11319.9

August High

the Daily Express and Sunday Express, will provide information on its results for the year ended June 1985 once United Newspapers has issued the formal document detailing its #2280m takeover bid. Yesterday in a letter to shareholders, Lord Mathematical Process and Sunday Sun Matthews, Fleet chairman, repeated his advice that they should take no action in relation to the United offer.

SEDGWICK GROUP'S merger with the Fred S. James Group has been completed. Under the terms of the investment agreement, Transamerica Corporation has received 73.73m ordinary and 68.47m "A" ordinary—39 per cent of the enlarged equity capital of Sedgwick and 29 per cent of the voting rights.

F. COPSON, supplier of heating equipment and builders material based in Birmingham, reduced pre-tax profits by 40 per cent to £113,213 in the year to April 30 1985 (£190,280). Turn-over £8.8m (£8.6m). Earnings per share were down sharply to 1.79p (4p). But the dividend is being maintained at 1.5p. Annual meeting. Sutton Coldfield, on September 26, at 3 pm.

Interim Report for the Half Year to 30 June 1985

·	1985 first six months £ million	1984 first six months £ million	1984 Year £ million
Turnover	404.3	365.9	737.9
Trading profit	27.0	21.2	52.6
after charging depreciation	9.6	9.0	18.9
Income from investments and interest received	3.4	2.8	6.1
Interest payable	<u>(7.8)</u>	(6.5)	<u>(13.6</u>)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	22,6	17.5	45.1
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	(7.8)	(7.2)	(15.4)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	14.8	10.3	29.7
Applicable to Minority shareholders of subsidiaries	(0.3)	(0.4)	(0.8)
Profit applicable to shareholders of IMI plc before extraordinary items	14.5	9.9	28.9
Extraordinary loss after taxation	=		(3.1)
Profit applicable to shareholders of IMI plc after extraordinary items	14.5	9.9	25.8
Earnings per share (excluding extraordinary items)	5.4p	3.7p	10.7p
Note:			

The charge for taxation includes overseas taxes of £3.7 million (1984 £5.) million). The balf was require shown above are assumed. The require by the full year lifet grown raged upon the authoritational which have been by hereaf in the frequency of Demonstra.

DIVIDENDS

The Directors have declared an interim dividend for the current year at the rate of 2.2p per share (1984: 2.0p per share). This dividend will absorb £5.9 million (1984: £5.4 million) and will be paid on 21st October 1985 to shareholders on the Register on 26th September 1985.

BRIEF REVIEW OF ACTIVITIES

The analysis of turnover and profit on ordinary activities before taxation by class of business for the first half of 1985 and the first half of 1984 is set

	first six	months	first six months	
	Turnover £m	Profit £m	Turnover £m	Profit £m
Building products	83	1.5	83	1.8
Heat exchange	40	2.5	38	2.0
Drinks dispense	73	7.0	62	7.1
Fluid power	44	5.0	40	4.2
Special purpose valves	20	1.6	17	1.3
General engineering (and other activities)	43	2.5	36	2.2
Refined and wrought metals	137	4.0	121	8.0
	440	24.1	397	19.4
Corporate finance and administration costs	~	(1.5)	_	(1.9)
Intra-group sales	(36)	_	(31)	_
	404	22.6	366	17.5
				==

First half pre-tax profits of £22.6 million were 29% higher than those reported last year.

The Board expects that IMI's customary pattern of trading will be followed in which the second six months of the year generate higher profits than the first. It seems likely that the percentage profit increase for the year as a whole will be substantial but will be less than the percentage increase achieved in the first half.

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How an electronic paintbox adds power to the designer's elbow

DESIGN and consumer-goods companies are turning to a new generation of powerful computers to add a burst of speed to producing artwork in activities such as packaging and book-

ties such as packaging and book-publishing.

The computers produce high-quality graphics in a fraction of the time required using pencil and paper. They are making their presence felt in a variety of areas, including the design of labels for beer bottles and packaged food, illustrations for children's books and marketing new formulations of cosmetics. new formulations of cosmetics. The computers are made by Quantel, part of the £85m-turn-over UEI group of UK highover UEi group of UK nigh-technology companies and one of the world's leading companies in computer graphics. Quantel's machine is the Paintbox, a device that generates high-quality graphics on a screen at the touch of buttons on a key-

pad.
The device contains a library of thousands of images capor thousands of images—tap-tured either from photographs and printed drawings or pat-terns that the designer himself can generate on the computer

with an array of keypad com-mands, the images can be moved around the screen and coloured in a variety of shades.
Lettering can be added in a
number of styles and sizes.
Most of the 300 Paintboxes Quantel has sold since 1981 have been bought by TV broad-

Designers are deserting traditional pencils and drawing boards for electronic graphic aids which dramatically speed the transformation of rough drawing boards for electronic graphic aids which ture images from photographs dramatically speed the transformation of rough dramatically speed the transformation of rough sketches into finished art work. Peter Marsh reports how one design consultancy has benefited from making the switch

designs of packages for customers such as Safeway, Boots George Bassett (the con-

establishments use Paint

Bozes in simulation exercises,

for example to show images of tank; and other military vehicles as an aid to training

soldlers.

Sin sheido, a Japanese cosmetic manufacturer, is with a

Painthox producing images of how different faces look when

the BBC and Independent felt-tip pen," says Mr David Broadcasting Authority in Harris, sales and marketing Britain and NBC in the U.S.

In recent months, Newbury-based Quantel has made sales to non-broadcasting organisa.

Hertfordshire. to non-broadcasting organisa-tions, which use the hardware to generate images used in packaging design, publishing and other areas.

Herifordshire,

Towers Noble, one of several
design companies to buy a
Paintbox (see panel), is a filmturnover group specialising in

"We have accomplished with our machine in an hour what would have taken a day using a

AMONG the non-broadcasting companies to use Quantel Painthoxes are:

British Home Steres—appli-cation in label design. • AID, a design group in Loudon, is involved in similar

Headline a Newbury design agency is using its machine to design advertisements.

and Coleman.
The Painthox, with acces

enabled the company to speed up the design of labels for a number of clients including Greene King (the brewer), Nesbitt a children's book pub-lisher, and Buckingham Foods,

lisher, and Buckingham Foods, which makes packaged foods for supermarket chains.
Originally, says Mr Harris, his company bought the Paint-box to increase designers' productivity. His staff of 30 could not manage a particularly heavy workload, and Towers Noble was having problems recruiting more people.

But the Paintbox has increased the company's capabilities so much that contracts from clients are continuing to pile up—which means he is still on the lookout for extra staff.

pile up—which means he is still on the lookout for extra staft. The request from Buckingham Foods came one Friday night. The food company wanted a set of label designs for the foods—which included braised kidneys, stir-fry pasta and chicken chow mein. Using Paintbox graphics, the Towers Noble designers produced a range of final designs by the following Tuesday—a task that would normally have taken at least a fortnight. least a fortnight.

The Paintbox has helped Towers Noble in the first two of the three stages in which design teams work on a piece

of artwork for a client.
Using the computer, Towers
Noble staff first experiment
with a range of images until
they come up with a design they
think suitable for a specific
job. This is equivalent to a designer scribbling on a notepad
to get a rough idea for the layout of a drawing or label.

Next, a graphics artist would
normally go to the drawing
board to produce high-quality
artwork. With a series of painstaking manual techniques—line
drawing, printing, photography,
air brushing, pasting and so on of artwork for a client.

the designer would come up with a series of proposals for the finished design.

But with the Paintbox, the

designer can move directly from the "scribbling" to the "rough design" stage with very little effort. Using the computer con-trols, he or she can modify the artwork extremely easily, whereas with the conventional artwork approach based on pen and paper, a new drawing means tearing up paper and starting

Only at the third and final the production of the piece of artwork ready incorporation in the finished product — do Towers

conventional methods based on manual techniques such
photography and printing.
In the case of the work
Buckingham Foods, for
stance, the designers stance, the designers Stevenage created a number of rough designs using computer-generated images of foodstuffs together with letterings. With

together with letterings. With the Painthox, images of individual pieces of, say, pasta or chicken could be moved around on a screen until they looked particularly appealing.

For the final designs to be printed on supermarket packets, the designs had to instruct

on the screen. They were then photographed for incorporation in the items on sale in the

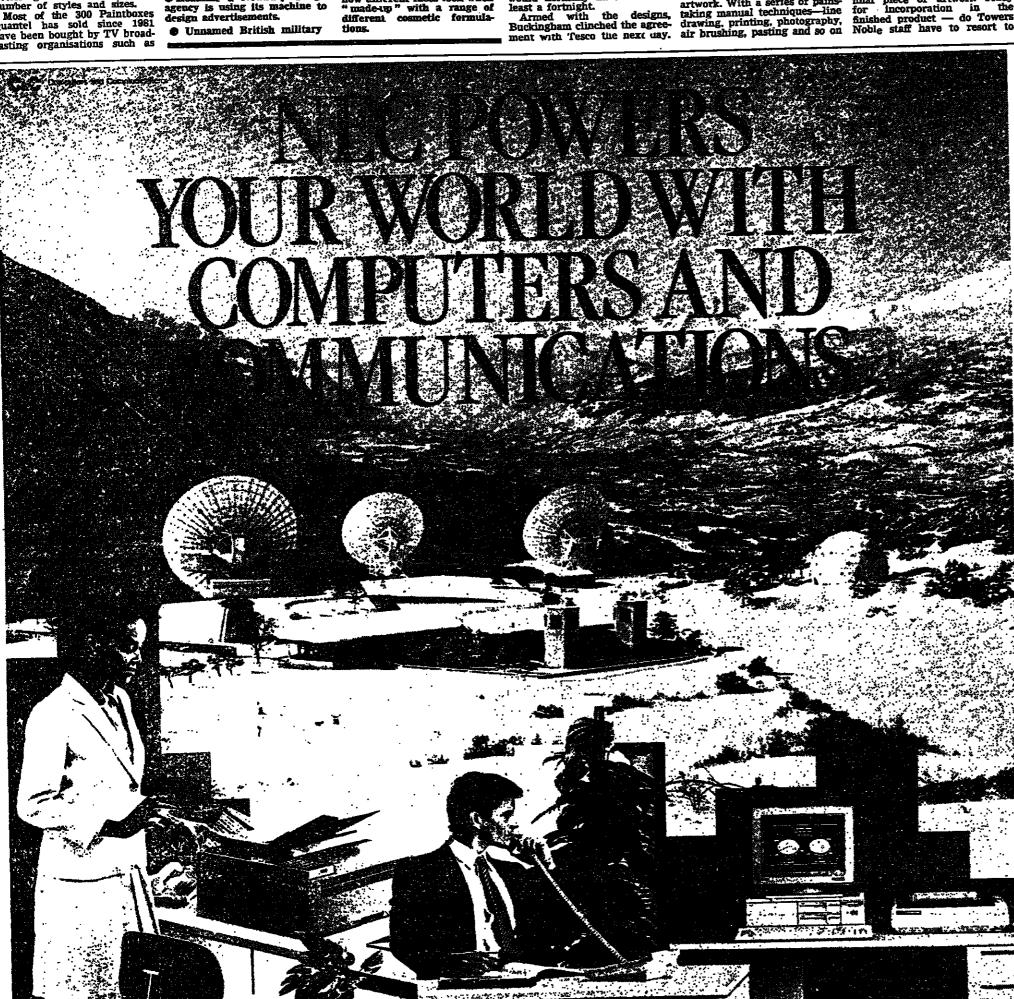
Look at

FOR REFURBISHMENT

With a new version of the Paintbox, which Quantel is due to sell next year, this final manual stage — in which designers have to abandon the computer and resort to conventional techniques—may not be

or chicken could be moved around on a screen until they looked particularly appealing.

For the final designs to be printed on supermarket packets, the designers had to instruct cooks to prepare samples of the pasta and chicken—as near as possible to how they appeared



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TV quality: cleaning up the picture

Video&Film

BY JOHN CHITTOCK

IN the cinema's battle to main-tain if not increase box office tain it not increase ook office receipts, one factor in levering audiences away from their TV sets remains unchallenged. The quality of properly projected film, seen on a large screen, offers an experience which television and wides here to face vision and video have so far failed to equal. But the arrival of direct broadcasting by satellite and related technologies may bring a shift in this balance of power, and with it—para-doxically—unexpected problems

for the programme providers.
Subject to the purely commercial and political considerations which surround the DBS debate, the availability of satellite transmission offers broad-casters a chance to introduce casters a chance to introduce substantial improvements in the quality of TV pictures seen in the home. The now widely accepted proposals to use a different transmission system on DBS—the so-called C-MAC devised by the IBA (and variants of this wanted by the French)—will provide higher Variants

French)—will provide higher
quality pictures with better
resolution and open the way for

The basic MAC proposals will enhance picture quality by eleaning up various faults incleaning up various faults inherent in existing TV systems, such as noise on picture (visible as "snow" on dark areas), moire or shot-silk effects. It will also provide subjective sharpness of the image, absence of flicker in bright areas and improved sound quality.

Although MAC is essentially a different method of processing and transmitting TV pictures, its full benefits will come only with the use of a new genera-

with the use of a new generawith the use of a new gatera-tion of TV receivers, incorporat-ing frame stores (to increase the effective scanning rate) and even wider-format, larger screens using displays different from the familiar cathode ray

6High definition television is the most significant of the developments on the horizon?

tube.

There is a chain of commercial, technical and political decisions which will determine sions which will determine exactly when the public enjoys this new experience—even though most of the technology is ready to provide it (and will be demonstrated at the Royal Television Society's convention in Cambridge later this month). On the horizon are further developments. The most significant of these is high definition television which uses more than the 625 lines standard to Europe. It could employ 925 lines; or even 1,125 lines, equal to the resolution of 35m cinema to the resolution of 35m cinema film.

Mr Tom Robson, head mr form known, head of engineering at the IBA, estimates the lead time on C-MAC as about three years, so that if the right political and commercial decisions were and commercial decisions were made today, improved quality TV could be operational by 1988. An upgraded version with wide screen formats (so-called "enhanced TV") could be ready by the 1990s. On the other hand, Robson sees high definition TV as unlikely to happen within 20 years.

Others are more optimistic. A specialist report, Strategies for Higher-Definition Television

(Tim Johnson, Ovum), predicts that HDTV theatres will start to open in the early 1990s, replacing cinemas. Certainly Robson and others do hot see HDTV as a domestic system and regard enhanced TV as the optimum in quality needed for optimum in quality needed for fireside viewing.

Either way, it means that within the next ten years the television viewing public may have the opportunity to see cinema-quality pictures in their to 3ft wide

The impact of this on the tine impact of this on the tinema may be too depressing to contemplate — the more so when, ironically, cinema screens are getting smaller. But there is another effect which industry seems so far to the industry seems so far to have ignored. All programmes shot on videotape for PAL 625

6At worst, material shot on videotape for PAL 625 line systems could be rendered obsolete?

fine systems could, at worst, be rendered obsolete, at best need conversion or up-grading.

Technically it is possible to clean up a PAL videotape for use on enhanced TV, but it is hardly the best way to pro-

unfamiliar to the television industry, which has virtually scrapped its old, two-inch videotape machines in favour of the newer and better one-inch. This has meant converting much old material, using outside facility houses. Anyone who remembers the Forsyte Saga or some of Tony Hancock's great TV series will regret that they were shot in black-and-white.

It need not happen again because the law of diminishing returns is ensuring that picture quality will not continue to progress at an exponential rate. What is does require, however, is that the industry—now reaching peaks of technical perfection—should originate programmes to a picture quality comparable to the performance of these newer delivery systems.

the performance of these newer delivery systems.

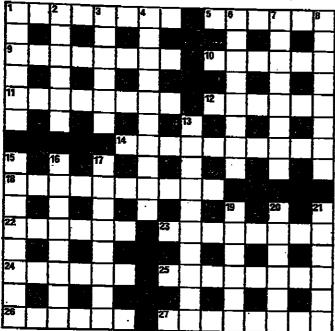
Few in the industry would argue that the safest way of ensuring standards that will be acceptable to any electronic systems of the future is to shoot on sprocketed film.

Not only is film capable of resolution to optimum standards, but its ability to reproduce a greater brightness range than videotape means its picture quality will invariably excel that of any future electronic developments.

Programme makers, whether independent producers or broadcast TV companies, are thus in some instances shooting expensive, and perhaps culturally important, material on a medium that may not be best suited to the television standards of the next decade.

Film still rules for many major TV productions, especially drama with its elaborate location work. But there are still cases where producers using videotape should give greater attention to forward planning, recognising that today's great performances may be tomorrow's priceless classics.

Financial Times Tuesday September 3 1985 F.T. CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 5,811



ACROSS

1 Quietly heads advocates (8)

5 Seethe when about two thousand is sent back (6)

9 In public accountants appear

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gloomy (8)

10 Suspend a man having a name for being good and sound (6)

12 Underworld boss offering to make deal (10)

13 A sad bore changing on the beach (8)

sound (6)

11 Urge turning round in trains
with some caution (8)

12 Sanctimonious, yet almost
making a bit of a bloomer
(6)

14 A production:

15 A sad bore changing on the beach (8)

16 The fence is a dunderhead existing in colourless surroundings (8)

17 Guiding 10 across about a point reneatedly (2)

set centrally (5, 3)
26 Scrape the bottom (6)
27 Worries about the birds'
protection (8)

DOWN 1 Fail examinations till

2 cast off (6)

3 Worker taking a cut? (6)

4 18 across writing on the subject of peace absorbing one (10)

6 Scheme to raise interest (8) 7 In it a man may find support

(8) 8 Gun returned with a note put in order (8)

13 Underworld boss offering to

(6)

14 A professional person getting to work on foot (10)

18 This allows for inflation (10)

22 Cooked with oil in bed! (6)

23 Its end is frayed—otherwise all is neat (8)

24 Slow to give a girl soldier a ring (6)

25 A small round window that's set centrally (5 2)

17 Guiding 10 across about a point repeatedly (8)

18 Liberal backed and allowed accommodation (6)

20 Not all Midsummer's Eve revels are serious (6).

21 Like companies' resources (6)

25 A small round window that's set centrally (5 2)

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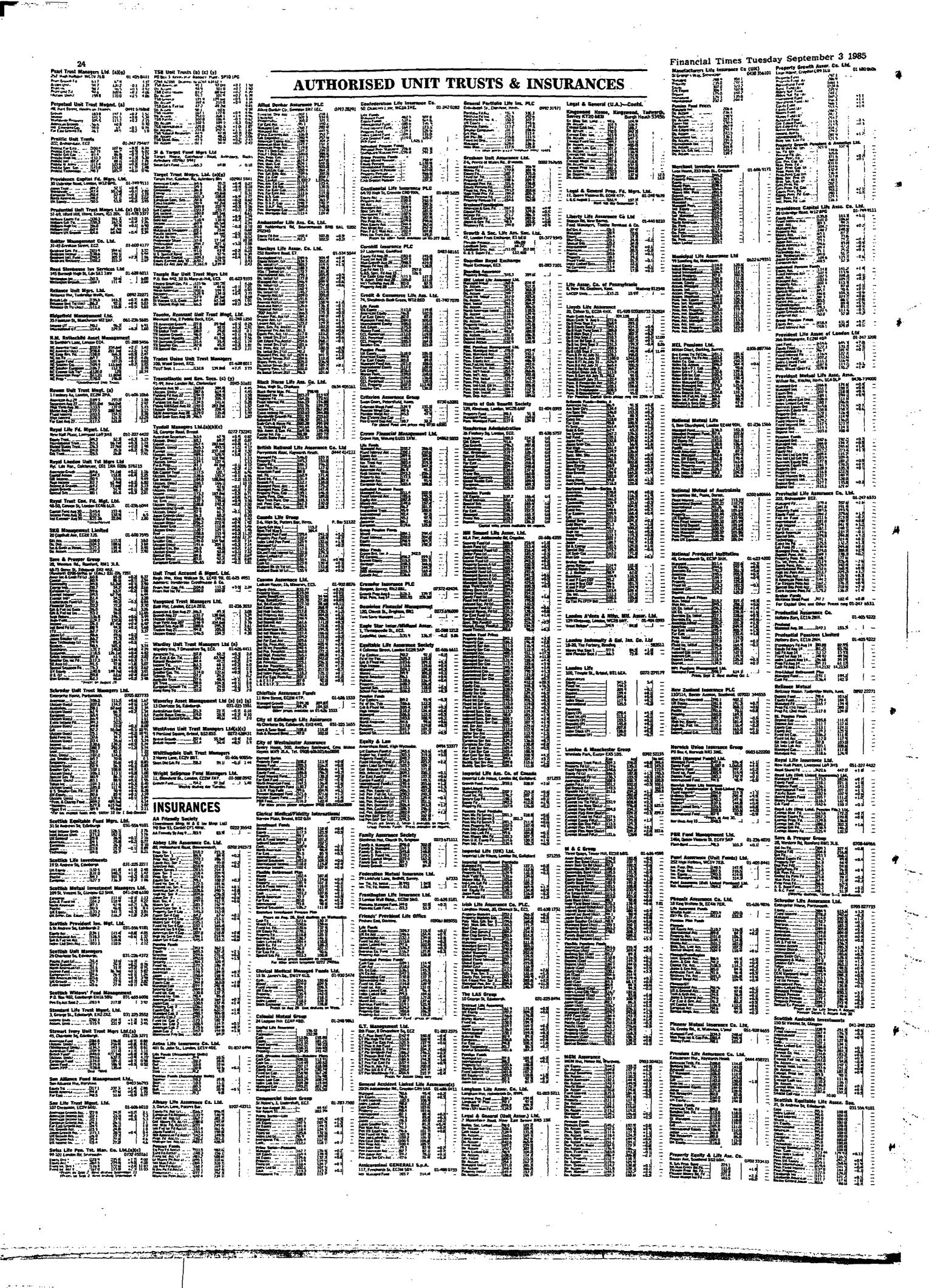
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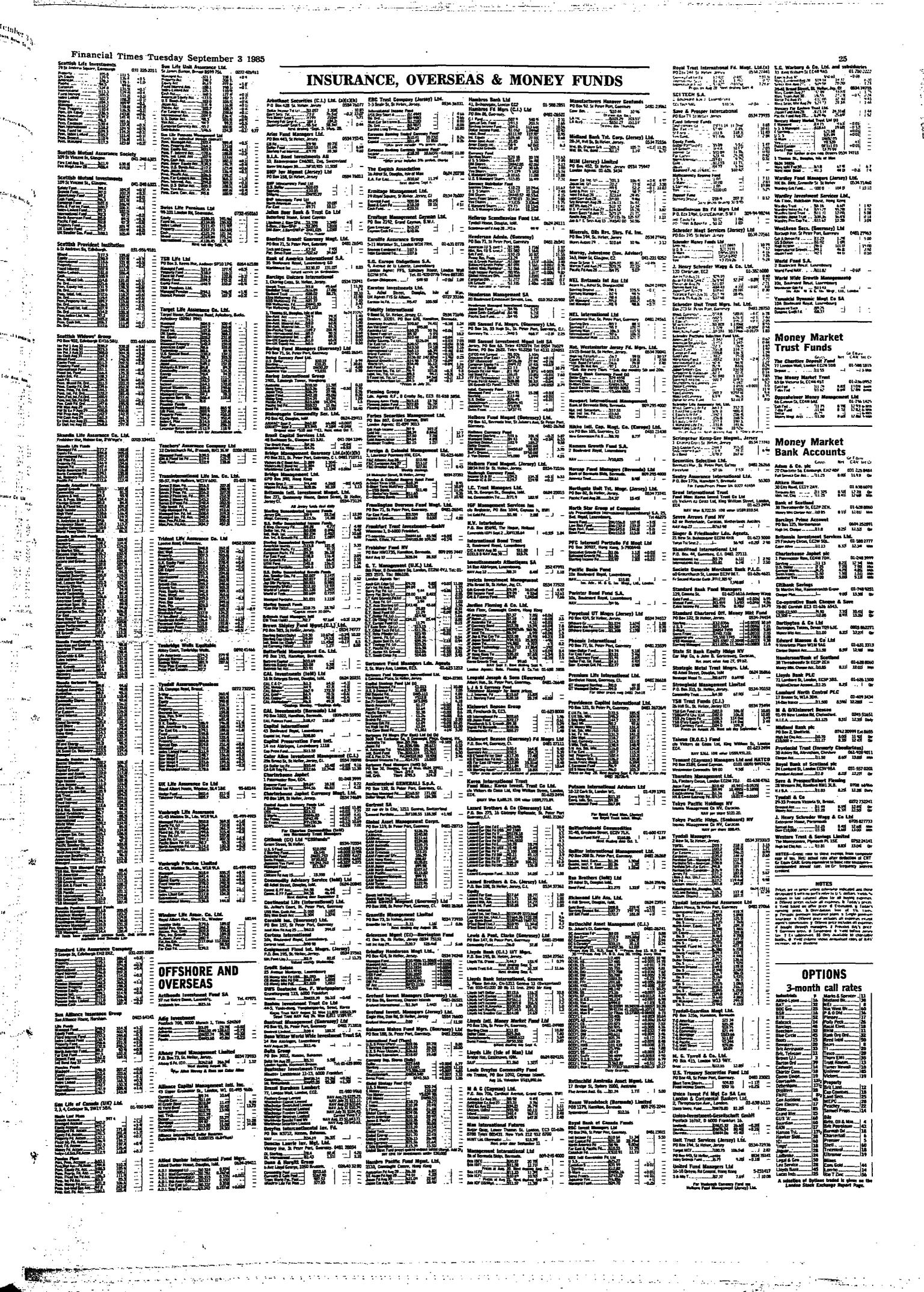
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The IEA's London-based coal research (eam says that despite official estimates that exports of steam coal from new open cast pits could reach 35m

tenth of the world trade in steam coal by the year 2000 through a major expansion of output may have to slow down because of falling sales forecasts and tightening credit restrictions by international banks, according to a new report from the International Energy Agency.

The IEA's London-based coal distance of the world trade in Atlantic coast region, says that the Carbocol might recover costs at current prices, Intercor may be less able to do so and the reduced tax returns to the Colombian Government will fall short of balance of payment targets.

The report, by Mr Eric is being constructed as a 15m tonnes a year open pit with the correspondence of the five other major properties. Intercor may be less able to do so and the reduced tax returns to the Colombian Government will fall short of balance of payment targets. The report, by Mr Eric Jamieson, says that the Cerrejon North project will require
"a significant real" rise in coal prices over currently depressed international prices to achieve an acceptable return on

will exceed 16m tonnes a year until the 1990s.

The report, which discusses several major coal projects in several major coal projects or the Cerrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year wholly owned subsidiary of Exxon, as operator, and Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes a year in the Carrejon Central p

full output in 1989.

The Carrejon Central project, currently producing 1.5m tonnes

COLOMBIA'S drive to supply a the South American republic's co-operation. The study says year life may be less than 5 per and so will not amount to more than 16m tonnes a year until tenth of the world trade in Atlantic coast region, says that that while Carbocol might cent because of the slow than 16m tonnes a year until the mid 1990s."

The combined marketing the combined of longerity to which Colombia is recovery of world prices.
Expansion of this project to
10m tonnes a year, a declared
objective of the Colombian
Government, depends on higher

payment targets.

The Cerrejon North project is being constructed as a 15m tonnes a year open pit with associated rail and port facilities. Production, which began last year, is progressing on schedule and within budget to the IEA, "a According to the IEA, "a delay or reduction in the Correjon Central expansion, and consequent postponement of other new projects, appears to be a strong possibility until there is clear evidence of real price increases.

efforts of Carbocal and Exxon Coal International for Cerrejon production "have not been a resounding success," the report says. Firm sales and letters of intent amounted to about 50 per cent of the output from the North and Central projects, and Carbocol was heading for credit problems.

be a strong possibility until there is clear evidence of real price increases.

"It seems likely, therefore, that Colombian thermal coal exports will be limited to the production from the two Cerrejon projects now under way, to the production of the production of

Andrew Gowers reports on the futures industry meeting in Buergenstock

A bandwagon in danger from overloading

TAKE THE heads of virtually all the world's leading commodities, futures and options exchanges, put them in a cluster of hotels atop a Swiss mountain. with a herd of brokers, bankers and media folk, and what do you get?

A high-powered discussion of financial markets, trading techniques and regulatory issues? A niques and regulatory issues? A noisy and highly competitive bazzar? An endless round of control parties?

cocktail parties? The answer is a mixture of all three, known as the annual Buergenstock meeting of the Swiss Commodities and Futures

ideal meeting-ground: it is barriers between different side the U.S.—the Sydneys, neutral territory in both the political and the financial senses (there are as yet no futures or options exchanges with a poset.

The closuest improvement of all of the political manufacture of the sydneys of this world—are trying to pile on to the bandwagon. Fears were evitable to the property though such a poset.

SWISS COMMODITIES AND FUTURES ASSOCIATION

montory overlooking Lake
Lucern, and it has over the past
for years become the location
of the most prestigious annual
get-together—in Europe, at
least—of the growing international futures community.
Switzerland is seen as an
ideal meeting-ground: it is
neutral territory in both the
political and the financial senses
(there are as yet no futures or

country, though such a possibility is currently being studied), yet its status as a tax shelter and financial turntable tradicular to the bandwagon. Fears were evident at the Buergenstock this studied, yet its status as a tax shelter and financial turntable to the bandwagon. Fears were evident at the Buergenstock this provident in futures trading in the bandwagon. Fears were evident at the Buergenstock this provident at the Buergenstock this studied, yet its status as a tax shelter and financial turntable commodities has sunk. Despite

Association.

Buergenstock is the name of a breathtakingly beautiful promontory overlooking Lake Lucern, and it has over the pastion.

Judging by their presentation of those in Chicago and Philadel-

More forthright still were some of the brokers' representatives present. To listen to some of them, you would have thought that the conference was taking place on the Titanic taking place on the Titanic rather than in a Swiss luxury

notel.

One American participant delivered a blistering attack on the assembled exchange heads for apparently falling over each other to introduce new contracts or to compete by imitating each other.

This was having two effects: two distinct strategies for this to dilute the marketplace in particular products, and to impose extra costs on the brokers having to handle them. As an example, he clited the European Currency Unit (ECU), contracts in which are planned on four exchanges despite the minuscule size of the existing ECU market.

Two distinct strategies for this —either to move to extend their trading hours to overlap for longer with Far Eastern and European markets, as at the Chicago Board of Trade, or to develop link-ups with foreign (ECU), contracts in which are planned on four exchanges despite the minuscule size of the existing ECU market. This was having two effects:

to gear up for a new product. Don't be surprised if there isn't a great deal of enthusiasm for some of these ideas."

for some of these ideas."

Interestingly, Mr Robert
Goldberg, chairman of the
Chicago Board of Trade, still
the world's largest futures
exchange, did not dissent. But
he said there was no obvious
way to call a halt to the race.
"The commetition smoon way to can a that to the late.

"The competition among exchanges won't allow us to ignore new products," he said.

"Utimately, the marketplace is going to decide which exchange offers the hest service at least offers the best service at least cost . . and the others will

oners the dest of the others will fall by the wayside."

The increasing internationalisation of markets is a complicating factor. The dominant U.S. exchanges are adopting two distinct strategies for this two distinct strategies for the extend new Singapore International Monetary Exchange,

Broker estimates 10% rise in tea output

TEA OUTPUT in main produ ing countries to the end of July totalled 505,753 tonnes this year compared with 457,153 tonnes in the corres-ponding period of 1984, London broker Wilson, Smithett estimated yesterday.

It put North Indian produc-It put North Indian production at 165,800 tonnes, up 26,700, South Indian at 81,300, down 8,000, Bangladeshi at 20,100, up 5,300, Kenyan at 83,432, up 24,300, Sri Lankan at 128,960, up 300, and Malawi at 26,161, up 600.

Stocks of tea in the UK at the end of August amounted to 67,261 tonnes, 82 per cent higher than a year earlier, Wilson Smithett said.

Demand at yesterday's weekly London tea auction was good, the Tea Brokers' Associagood, the Tea Brokers Associa-tion said, but prices were little changed. Quality grade tea was again unquoted. Medium grade was unchanged from the last sale at 135p a kilo, and low medium was up 2p at 108p a

• EGYPT has raised its light crude oil price by 40 cents a barrel and the prices of its heavier grades by 25 to 30 cents. a senior official of the Egyptian General Petroleum Corporation official of the Egyptian (EGPC) said.

(EGPC) said.

The rises reflect higher spot market prices, he explained.

The price of light crude Suez blend, Ras Al-Bahar and Zeit Bay, goes up to \$25.65 a barrel from the \$25.25 set in July. The bearing Balanim and Budgan heavier Balayim and Budran grades are \$24.55, up from \$24.25, while Ras Gharib oil rises to \$23.25 from \$23.00. UGANDA's military government appointed Mr John Bosco Oryem, a former MP, as chief executive and chairman of the Coffee Marketing Board. He is not known to have any experi-ence of the coffee industry,

 LABOUR leaders at Centromin, Peru's biggest state-owned mining company, have post-poned the beginning of a threatened strike.

LME aluminium stocks jump

ALUMINIUM stocks in official ALUMINIUM stocks in official warehouses of the London Metal Exchange rose sharply last wek, according to figures published by the LME yesterday.

The news, however, did not make much impact on the aluminum market, which has been decreased for morths by the high depresed for months by the high level of non-Communist world stocks and excess production capacity. Cash aluminium was £3 per tonne down on the day at the unofficial close in a metal market otherwise largely dominated by currency move-

LME stocks rose by 30,050 tonnes to 180,600 tonnes, their bighest level for several months. The increase largely months. The increase largely reflected heavy deliveries of T-Bars—which are not a commonly traded shape of metal on the LME—into Rotterdam ware-

Analysts said the figures were analysts said the neures were not entirely unexpected. Some said the arrival of such a large amount of metal in Rotterdam may go some way towards explaining the unusually large drop in non-compunist world drop in non-communist world stocks reported by the Interna-

tional Primary Aluminium Insti-tute (IPAI) last month.

The IPAI said stocks fell by 94,000 tonnes in June, but the market was sceptical at the time as to whether that much metal had been genuinely drawn for consumption or had simply disappeared from the system.

simply disappeared from system.
"Prices are just going to keep moving sideways within a narrow range until there's a sustained drawdown in IPAI stocks," said one analysts. However, a trader said he thought the LME stock news would further dampen any prospect of a significant price rise.

LONDON METAL EXCHANGE WAREHOUSE STOCKS (Changes during week ending August 16)

	(DOMICS)		
Aluminium Copper Lead Nickel Tin Zinc	+30,050 to 180,600 + 3,400 to 206,650 - 200 to 35,950 - 216 to 6,150 + 1,185 to 31,860 + 125 to 35,975 (ounces)		
Silver	+262,000 to 53,622,000		

Australia counts costs of EEC farm policy

where, realise that its econ-omic costs are far greater than just the EEC's annual budget

outlays.

This is the main conclusion of a study on EEC agricultural policy published yesterday by Australia's Bureau of Agricultural Economics in Canberra.

The Bureau, a Government. funded research organisation, argues that the CAP is bad for other agricultural producers and for the European Community itself. The transfer of 60bn to 70bn

European Currency Units in assistance to European farmers

THE PROSPECTS for radical from consumers and taxpayers reform of the EEC Common
Agricultural Policy are likely to
remain dim until Europeans,
both in government and elsewhere register that its likely to remain the common and reduced incomes
by distorting production and consumption. Transfers from

and taxpayers since 1973 had been on average equivalent to been on average equivalent to about 2.3 per cent of the Com-munity's gross domestic pro-duct, representing about Ecu 860 a year per family of four. Of the value added by EEC agriculture, about 60 per cent had been transfers from taxpayers and consumers.

* Agricultural policies in the European Community — their origins, nature and effects on production and trade; A\$25.95 from Bureau of Agricultural Economics, Canberra

LONDON MARKETS

UPWARD PRESSURE on gold and platinum prices, resulting from the start of a miners strike in South Africa and worsening fears about the political and economic situation there, were largely counteracted yesterday by the bearish effect of a strength-ening in the value of the U.S. dollar against other

The London gold price finished \$1.25 higher at \$334.75 a troy ounce while platinum gained \$2.25 at

Prices on London's soft commodity markets generally finished little changed. Coffee prices moved lower early on, but regained losses later as sterling weakened. The November futures quotation closed £1 higher at £1,633 a

December ended £4 up at £1,734.50 a tonne after trading in a narrow range, and December sugar lost 30 cents to \$131.50 a tonne.

LME prices supplied by

Amalgamated Metal Trading

ALUMINIUM Unofficial + or Highilo

	£ per t		
Cash 3 months	724.5-5.6 7505	3.0 2,5	726/726 784/747
6.5 (723.	closing (6 4): three settlement se: 751-2.	779.5 (724). Find
	Unoffic	'i _i +or	1

de piose — High Cash 1010.5-1.5 + 6.25 1010.0, 1010 3 months 1088.5-7 (+ 6.0 , 1034, 1088 Official closing (am): Cash 1010.5-1 (1005-5): three months 1039-5 (1027-5-8.5): sertlement 1011 (1005.5). Final Kerb Close: 1039-9.5. 985-7 1014-5 +7.5 1014/1014

Official closing (am): Cash 983-4 (974-5); three months 1013-4 (1003-4); settlement 984 (975). Turnover 18,750 ronnes. U.S. Producer prices 68,00-68,00 cants per pound. LEAD 1 Unofficial +or |

	olose(p.m 2 per 1	tonhë	High/low				
Cash 5 months	3005 3025	-5,5 +0,125	202/302 303,5/381.5				
Official closing (sm): Cash 301.5-2 (306.5-7); three months 301.5-2 (304.5-6); settlement 302 (307). Final Kerb close: 302-2.5. Turnover: 4,900 tonses. U.S. Spot: 19.00-20.00 cents per pound. NICKEL							
	Unoffici close(p.7 £ per	al +or n.) - tonne	High/low				

Cash 3450-607 + 10.0 3580-5 7.5 5586-3526 Official closing (am): Cash 3450-80 (3446-55): three months 3520-5 (3515-25); settlement 3460 (3455). Final Kerb close: 3520-5. Turnover: 438 tonnes. ZINC

Unofficial + or | close(p.m.) - | High! low £ per tonne 499 501 +5.75 519,5183 Official closing (sm): Cash 496-8 (482-3); three months 500-2 (495-7); sattlement 498 (493) Finel Kerb Closet 522-3, Tumovor: 3,175 tonnes. U.S. Prime Western: 41,00-41,75 cents per

MAIN PRICE CHANGES

METALS

High grade Unofficial + or High/low for day 2 per tonns 9088-4 —5.5 9050-2 —2,5

Official closing (am): Cash 9085-8 (9085-6); three months 9060-2 (9060-1); settlement 9088 (9086).

Official closing (am): Cash 9085-8 (9085-6); three months 9090-2 (9060-): settlement 9088 (9088). Final Karb close: 9061-2. Turnover: 1,825 tonnes. Straits tin \$M30.65 (30.85) kile. GOLD

Gold finished at its lowest level of the day, but still higher overeit, despite the stronger dollar. The dollar is more into a new higher trading range depressed the metal, but it remained auported by the racial conflict in South Africa and the strike by black miners. Gold rose \$1½ to \$3342-\$335. It opened at \$3337-\$335 and was fixed at \$335.45 in the enternoon. The metal touched a peak of \$3355-\$3364.

Close \$534 te -585 (£: 42.242 t_d)
Opening \$5351 t_d 555
M* ni'g fbt. \$435.45 (£241, 243)
Aft'n'n fix \$354,65 (£241, 257) GOLD AND PLATINUM COINS Kr'p'r'nd \$5411a 542 le Krus 51771e 178 1 Krus 51771e 178 1 Krus 551 435a 178 Krus 557 871e Mapiolest 5346 3451a New Sov. 579 793a 18New Sov. 5471a 4614 Old Sov. 500-611e SSO Eagles 5470 510 Noble Pisa \$305.5321a

SILVER

Buillon + or L.M.E. + or p.m. Unoffic'i per troy LME—Turnover: 43 (42) lots of 0,000oz.

Copra Phil Soyabean (U.S.) | 5215 GRAINS
Barley Fut. Nov. £104,35|+0,45,2101.9
Malze
Wheat Fut. Nov. £103.35|+0,86,2101.90
No. 2 Hard Wint 2

Unquoted. z Sept-Oct, y † Per 76-lb flask, c Cents per po

FREIGHT FUTURES The market opened fractionally steadier and remained inactive until the closing call, when fresh buying interest in very thin conditions pushed velues up 10 points. There was no fresh fundamental news to justify the move, raports Clarkson Wolff. The Seltic Fraght Index was 738.5, up 0.5 points.

Oct. 820;824 820;810 807;808 Jan. 878;880 878;673 850;862 April 281,5785 950 910;911 July 850;878 950 930;970 930;990 930;990 930;990 980;1030 980;1030 April 950;1060 985;1040 July 950;1000 940;1000 Tumover: 101 (76).

GRAINS

Soth markets were thin but pro-gressed steadily, rising on lack of selling pressure. Values reached con-tract highs before meeting profit-taking, reports Murrpace. BARLEY WHEAT

LONDON GRAINS—Wheat: U.S. dark northern spring no 1 15 per cent Oct 123.30. Nov 124.70. Dec 128.70 transhipment east coast. U.S. no 2 transhipment east coast. U.S. no 2 to 106.25. Nov 107.75. Dec 104. EC Sept 105.25. Nov 107.75. Dec 104. EC Sept 115.50. English feed tob Sept 101. Oct 103. Oct/Dec 104.25-105.00 buyer/seller, Jan/Mar 105 seller. Melze: U.S. no 3 yelow/French transhipment east coast Oct/Dec 131, Jan/Mar 140. Barley: English feed tob Sept 102.50. Oct 105. Oct/Dec 107.75. Dec 109 sellers. Jan/Mar 12.50 bid. Rest unquoted.

HGCA—Locational ex-farm spot prices. Feed barray: Eastarn 90.00, E. Mids 98.50, Scotland 100.80. The UK monetary coefficient for the week beginning Monday September 9 (besed on HGCA calculations using lour days' exchange rates) is expected to remain unchanged. RUBBER PHYSICALS — The London market opened unchanged, moved narrowly throughout the day and closed on a quiet note, reports Lewis and Peet. Closing prices (buyers): spot 81,259 (sams): October 57.00p (sams): November 57.00p (sems). The Kusia Lumpur lob price for R5S No 1 was 182.26 (182.5) cents a kg and los SMR 20 was 145.5 (146.0).

INDICES FINANCIAL TIMES. Sept 2 Aug. 30 M th agolyearage 253.88 264.34 254.99 293.09

Aug. 30 Aug. 29 M th ago Year ago 1696,1 1693.1 1694.8 1867.8 (Base: September 18 1931 - 100)

DOW JONES Dow Aug. Aug. Month Year Jones 50 29 ago ago Spot | 113.65113.75 - | 129.79 Fut. | 114.71114.47 - | 128.85 (Base: December 31 1974 = 100)

COCOA In quiet conditions, with New York on holiday, futures traded in a con-fined range. Manufacturers and origins remained sidelined, reports Gill and Duffus.

Yesterday's
Close + or Busines
E per tonne 1702.1704 5.0 1712.1886 1734.1735 +4.0 1741-1728 1756.1759 +10.0 1761.1746 1768.1778 +4.5 1772.1787 1781.1762 +3.5 1768.1775 1781.1762 +3.5 1768.1778 1788.1790 +0.5 1788.1778

Sales: 2,875 (4,270) lots of 10 tonnes. ICCO indicator prices (U.S. cents per pound). Daily price for August 30: 105.38 (105.22) five-day average for September 2: 120.51 (120.51). COFFEE

Sales: 2,754 (8,736) lots of 5 tonod ICO Indicator prices—(U.S. cents t pound) for August 30: Comp. delty 19 119.49 (120.00); 15-day average 120, (120.61). SUGAR LONDON DAILY PRICE—Raw sugar 5127.09 (131.50), unchanged (up 50p) a tonne for Sept-Oct delivery. White sugar \$163.00, down \$1.00.

\$ per torne 127,6-127,8 126,4 128,6 128,4-127,8 151,0-132,4 151,6-132,9 132,0-151,9 150,0-150,4 150,4-150,9 139,4-157,5 140,8-141,4-141,8-141,9 144,0-147,8-146,8-144,9 140,0-151,0 151,8-151,5 150,0-151,0 151,8-151,5 Oct Dec..... Mar May Aug Seles: 545 (2.184) lots of 50 tonnes.
Tate & Lyte delivery price for granulated bests sugar was 192.00 (194.00)
a tonnes for export.
International Sugar Agreement—(U.S.
cents per sound fob and stowed Caribbeau ports.) Prices for August 20
Daily price 4.05 (4.78); 15-day average
4.36 (4.34).

COTTON LIVERPOOL—No spot or shipment sales were recorded. Lack of enterprise persisted and deslings were exceedingly rare. Inquiry centred on specialist quelities.

SOYABEAN MEAL SOYABEAN MEAL — The market opened 50p up in mixed trading, reports T. G., Roddick. Prices moved higher on weaker starling to close on the highs.

per tonne | 115.5 | 115.5 | + 1.50 | 113.5 | + 1.50 | 113.5 | + 1.50 | 113.5 | + 1.50 | 122.0 | + 1.50 | 122.0 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 | + 1.50 Sales: 421 (514) lots of 20 tonnes.

With the U.S. merket closed for labor Day, spot crude trading was particularly thin and prices stable to firm. No deels were reported for September North Sea cargoes, but October Brent traded simost 10c over followed my master's september North over England, but October Brent traded simes: 10c over Friday's high. In the refined products market there was little change. Gas oil and naphtha firmed tentatively but gsoline and heavy fuel were stable—Patroleum Argus, Lendon.

SPOT PRICES CRUDE OIL—FOS (8 per barrel)—Sept. 97.75.27.55 -26.59-29.80 -25.60.27.00 +0.05 27.58-28.00 +0.29 Brent Blend 27,55-28,06 +0.28 W.T.L (Ipm est) 28,15-28,28 +0.025 Forcados (Nigeria) 28,15-28,28 +0.025 Urais, (off NME) 28,95-27,05

GAS OIL FUTURES 251 00 246.75 244.00 243.25 241.25 242.50 Turnover: 1,242 (1,323) lots of 100

POTATOES

Sales: 725 (252) lots of

PIGMEAT

Month close 109.58-.49 British sheep sector

Farmer's viewpoint: by John Cherrington

in double jeopardy

to grow in the spring I accom-panied him to markets where he bought the animals he thought he needed to eat that grass as a profit. So did a great many other graziers and in con-sequence prices for this class

example. Farmers on the whole are more hard headed now, but the seductive appearance of fields full of grass still has a powerful effect on their buying judgment. This autumn the grass prospects look excellent and as an added inducement the dairy quotas have reduced cow numbers.
Farmers are desperate to replace the cows with other In particular the sheep trade

is buoyant and prices at the opening sales have been at record levels. Lambs for further fattening and breeding ewes of all classes are very sought after. This is just as well as, according to the June return, sheep num bers are up again on the year and in addition, due to the poor grazing conditions earlier in the season, there seem to be plenty of store lambs about. For the unimitiated the term store

Take the ewes first. Unless the Government can persuade the EEC Council of Ministers to change its mind all British ewes, rams and very light lambs sheep under one year old. In fact these other classes of sheep do not get the premium but are credited with it on export them is another matter. French

grazier. As soon as grass began of export is that it makes up 25 has worked and are believed to grazier. As soon as grass began of export is that it makes up 25 has worked and are believed to grazier. As soon as grass began of export is that it makes up 25 has worked and are believed to make the per cent of all British sheep be insisting on further restrictions on the UK's imports from New Zealand, possibly by means of a minimum import price. This is also supported

The EEC's beef management committee is holding a special meeting in Brussels temorrow to discuss additional support measures for the depressed beef market. the European Commission may reluctantly propose a campaign of full-carcase intervention buying as it did last year, though officials declined

to comment on this yesterday.

The Commission has been under high-level pressure from France and Ireland in rrom rrance and Ireland in recent days to mount such a campaign, but has resisted thus far because of the cost and the high level of beef stocks already in Community cold stores.

mainly go to France. Should the clawback have to be borne without being cancelled out by the premium it could make for a substantial drop in returns for this class of sheep which would in the end have to be borne by farmers. This change has been brought

plenty of store lambs about. For the uninitiated the term store applied to any growing animal means that it needs further feeding to make it fit for final sale.

But the UK sheep business is facing two serious hazards in the near future. One concerns the disposal of surplus ewes which have done with breeding, and the other will affect all sheep under 12 months hold which are sold to the butcher.

Take the ewes first. Unless the first step in the campaign.

This change has been brough:
This sheep meat premium is about 30 per cent that imports of British sheep.
It represents about 30 per cent the sheep sold and if the new sheep farmers' economy.
The sheep meat premium is about by the French, who have long the domage of the damage of the sheep sold and if the new grading standards were applied rigorously many flock masters to enjoy the same premium arrangements as the British, and have put great to get some change in the special proposal to deny the first step in the campaign.

This change has been brough:

This sheepmeat premium is about 30 per cent that imports of betal returns on average of the sheep sold and if the new grading standards were applied rigorously many flock masters to government to get some change in the same premium arrangements as the British, and have put great to government to get some change in the special proposal to deny the first step in the campaign. the first step in the campaign. It would be bound to reduce UK returns from the old ewes and so increase the depreciation costs of the national flock.

The British Government and the National Farmers Union ewes, rams and very light lambs exported to the Continent in carcase form will have to suffer the clawback levy, which is equivalent to the variable premium paid by the lambs and shape present the care that in this case the Famult

MY FIRST experience as a and then the clawback taken off. farmers are still bitterly farmer was as a pupil to a The importance of this class aggrieved by the way the regime has worked and are believed to grazier. As soon as grass began of export is that it makes up 25 by British farmers.

The Meat and Livestock Commission, which handles the grading standards qualifying for the premium also proposes to bring in January new standards which could cause serious problems for many farmers. At present the conformation stand ards on which the graders work include five main grades. Grade five is classified as overfat and the carcase does not qualify for the premium. There is also a grade 4 which in some cases does not either.

The new standards could mean loss of premium not only for many of the lambs which have been bought for further feeding this autumn but also for those sold next summer. The amount of fat cover put on by a lamb depends not only on its breeding but on the amount of milk given by the ewe and the weather at the time of grow-ing. Plenty of sun helps them to thrive, but a sunless summer such as this one has been keeping them thin, often too thin to gain the premium.

This sheepmeat premium is

regrettably most of the rams used these days tend towards fat formation, especially if the lambs are from heavy milking ewes. It will be some time before sheep farmers are able to eliminate the excess fat cover of their product in the way in which pig farmers have ceeded in doing over the last 50 years.

The U.S. markets were closed yesterday for the Labor Day holiday

OTHER MARKETS

MEAT

MEAT COMMISSION—Average letteratock prices at representative markets, attack prices at representative markets, and according to the control of the control o

PARIS

ROTTERDAM

WHEAT—(U.S. \$ per tonne): U.S. two rad winter spot 130, Sept 127, Oct 130, Nov 132, U.S. nurthern spring 14 per cent protein Sept 182.50, Oct 154.50, Nov 155, Dec 158, U.S. northern spring 15 per cent protein Sept 170, Oct 167.50, Nov 170, Dec 173, U.S. three hard amber durum Sept 170, Ct 163, Nov 166.50, Nov 16/Dec 168, April/May 171, June 171, Canadian western red spring 13.5 per cent Sept 159, Oct 163, Nov 166.50, MAUZE—(U.S. \$ per tonne): U.S. three yellow affoct 119, Sept 177, Oct 10.50, Oct/Dec 108, Jan/Mar 112, April/June 14, Argentine Plata Sept 125, Oct 125, Mar 106, April/June 108,

TO MARK

Arate

CURRENCIES; MONEY and CAPITAL MARKETS

The D-mark weakened agains

the dollar as a result of data on Friday showing a stronger than

Friday showing a stronger than expected U.S. economy. The dollar was underpinned by a sharp drop in the U.S. July trade deficit and a slightly higher than anticipated rise of 0.4 per cent in leading indicators. This may have led to short covering of position ahead of the long holiday weekend in the U.S. The dollar was also supported by the unrest in South Africa, producing light selling pressure on

ing light selling pressure on German bank stocks in a nervous

equity market Euromarks were

slightly firmer, showing gains of about 18 per cent, but domestic

interest rates were easier, with

call money fall back to 4.90 per cent from 5.25 per cent as month-end pressure eased. The Bundes-bank did not intervene when the

dollar was fixed at DM 2.8281 compared with DM 2.7818 on

Friday. At the close the dollar was DM 2.8330, against DM2.7975. This was the highest finish for the U.S. currency since August 9.

Sept. 2 Prev. close

£ IN NEW YORK

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Dollar quiet but firm

DM 2.79, after Friday's unexpected cut in the U.S. July trade deficit. Trading was quiet, with the U.S. closed for the long weekend for Labour Day. Attention is expected to focus on Friday's U.S. unemployment figures, which are forecast to be unchanged at 7.2 per cent for the seventh consecutive month, and providing further evidence of sluggish growth in the U.S. economy. On September 20 the flash estimate of U.S. third quarter gross national product growth will be published, and this may decide whether the dollar is to consolidate within

the new range, or turn down and test new lower trading levels. The dollar rose to DM 2.8355 from DM 2.8110; FFr 8.6450 from FFr 8.5850; and SwFr 2.3865 from SwFr 2.3080, but eased to 1238 50 from 1238 60 Y238.50 from Y238.80.
On Bank of England figures the dollar's index rose to 138.4 from 137.5.
The rand traded nervously and erratically as a reflection on the political and economic problems

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The dollar rose steadily on the foreign exchange market yester-day. The U.S. currency established itself in a new trading spread of 42.44 cents, compared range above the previous peak of the time of suspension of the time of the tim London interest rates. The pound finished near the low of the day, falling 1.55 cents to \$1.3770. 1.3780, but was unchanged at DM 3.9150 and FFr 11.9525, at the time of suspension of currency trading in Johannes-

turrency trading in Johannes-burg last week.

STERLING — Trading range against the dollar in 1985 is 1.4920 to 1.0525. August average 1.2638. Exchange rate index fell to 82.3 from 82.7. It opened at 82.3 and was steady throughout, touching a peak of 82.5 at 11 am. Sterling lost ground to the stronger dollar, but was steady to firm against other major currencies, supported by high against 118.6 six months 2go.

while rising to SwFr 3.22 from SwFr 3.2150, but falling to Y329 from Y332.50: Next week's UK money supply figures are not expected to reinforce hopes of expected to reinforce hopes of lower bank base rates and in tight conditions recent money market rates are beginning to justify a small rise in base rates.

D-MARK — Trading range against the dollar in 1985 is 3.4510 to 2.7425. August average 2.7936. Exchange rate index 125.6 against 118.6 etc. months 250.

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES from lettes ete: rates rates +0.73 -0.47 -0.33 -0.74 -0.50 -1.11 -1.91 Beigren Franc ...
Danish Krone ...
German D-mark
Franch Franc ...
Dutch Guilder...
Irlab Punt
Italian Lira 士1.6425 士1.6421 士1.1456 士1.2654 士1.5162 士1.6673 士4.0856 8.08024 2.23100 6.81316 2.50859 0.716548 1481,56 -0.31 -0.17 -0.58 -0.34 -0.95 -1.91 Changes are for Eco, therefor

£ Spot \$1,588-1,5895;\$1,3880-1,5898 1 month \$47-0.45 pm |0.44-0.43 pm 5 months 1.85-1.21 pm |1.22-1.20 pm 17 months | 5.00-2.90 pm |3.05-2.97 pm DOLLAR SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST DOLLAR p.e. months p.s.

3.79 1.20-1.16 pm 3.41
1.96 0.80-0.40 pm 1.92
-1.10 0.35-0.40 dis -1.10
2.26 1.85.1.82 dis m 2.34
-1.26 20-23 dis -1.51
-0.29 3-11, dis -0.39
3.50 2.54-2.49 pm 3.56
-15.91 450-100 dis -18.44
-6.89 225.325 dis -6.63
-4.28 225.325 dis -6.90
-3.97 83-94 dis -4.90
-3.97 83-94 dis -4.90
-1.87 5.40-5.90 dis -2.62
-6.81 133-14 dis -6.57
1.56 1.08-1.03 pm 1.77
2.64 14-112 pm 2.57
3.51 2.00-1.94 pm 3.39
orwerd premiums and individual currency. spread
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57.25-57.36 5-7c dis
2,8350-2,1390 0.55-0.80c) pm
100-350c dis
155.95-166-10 65-120c dis
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8,318-8,314 8-7-järe dis
8,318-8,314 1,27-1,42c dis
232,45-238.85 0.33-0.29c pm
13,88-19.91 47-dgro pm

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1 franc 78.50-78.70 onth
3.00-2.85c pm. OTHER CURRENCIES Argentina Austi, jl., 1044-1, 1086 0, 2000-0, 2010 | Austria Australia Dollar | 1,9890-1,9820 | 1,4555-1,456 | Belgism ... | 9,522-9,637 | 6,970-6,980 | Denmark ... | 9,522-9,637 | 6,970-6,980 | Denmark ... | 9,522-9,637 | 138,90-135,60 | Denmark ... | 1,970-10,786 | 138,90-135,60 | Denmark ... | 1,970-10,786 | 138,90-135,60 | Denmark ... | 1,970-10,786 | 1,980-5,980 | France ... | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 1,980-10,786 | 27.35-27.65 79.40-80,20 14.12-14.25

POUND SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST POUND

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS CURRENCY RATES Banki Special raze Drawing % Rights French Fr... 104 4 1980-1982=100. Bank of Engl (base srarage 1576=100).

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES Italian Lira (Canada Dollar | Belgian Fran Dutch Guild Sept. 2 Pound Stilling U.S. Dollar | Deutschemk, J'panese Yen 11.95 8,677 D,796 1 124 13.37 667.4 7948. 0.484 5.754 20,20 240,4 8.058 36,83 84,04 1000. 0,352 4_187 0,865 3,040 11,90 Deutschemark Japanese Yen 1,000 2186. 811.5 10. 3,712 275.5 102.2 0.837 0,311 1,158 0,498 French Franc 10 Swiss Franc 593,9 1000, 0.480 0.724 17.98 30,27 0.732 1,232 1, 1,584 2.716 4,574 0,513 0.890 Dutch Guilder Malian Lira 1,000 41.79 F 1.701 4.071 1. 2,395 8.314 15.11 8,068 4,949 173,8 415,9 Canadian Dollar Belgian Franc 100

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES (Market closing rates) 834.914 9 912 812.914 812.9 9-912 45g-434 476-416 476-416 476-416 424-479 411-418 Short-term 7 days' notice....

Asian S (closing rates in Singapore): Short-term T_0 -8 per cent; seven days T^{13}_{21} -9 per cent; one month 8-8 per cent; three months 8^{1}_{22} -9 per cent; three months 8^{1}_{22} -9 per cent; three years 10-10% per cent; four years 10-10% per

MONEY MARKETS

UK rates continue to rise

Interest rates were generally firmer in London yesterday. Trading was rather quiet with the closure of U.S. centres but steriling's weaker trend tended to push period rates firmer. Short term funds were a little easier to come by but only after the authorities had provided more assistance than the published forecast, the help including a repurchase agreement. Three-month interbank money rose to 111-112 per cent from 114-112 per cent from 114-112 per cent from 114-112 per cent, unchanged from

balances brought forward £15m; lesut.

A further revision took the bills, £14m of local authority bills and £29m of eligible bank bills and £20m of self-unch account the early help and the bank bills at 112 per cent and in band 2 purchases of £20m of local authority bills and 4 it bought £15m of local authority bills and 4 it bought £15m of local authority bills and 4 it bought £12m of eligible bank bills at 112 per cent and in band 2 purchases of £2m of local authority bills and 4 it bought £12m of eligible bank bills at 112 per cent and in band 2 purchases of £2m of local authority bills and 4 it bought £15m of local authority bills and 4 it bought £12m of eligible bank bills at 112 per cent and in band 2 purchases of £2m of local authority bills and 4 it bought £12m of eligible bank bills at 112 per cent and in band 1 (up to find the purchase agreements of £3days) at 112 per cent and in band 2 £144m of eligible bank bills at 112 per cent and in band 2 £144m of eligible bank bills at 112 per cent and in band 2 £144m of eligible bank bills at 113 per cent In band 3 band 2 £144m of eligible bank bills at 113 per cent In band 3 band 2 £144m of eligible bank bills at 113 per cent In band 3 band 2 £144m of eligible bank bills at 113 per cent In band 3 band 2 £144m of eligible bank bills at 113 per cent In band 3 band 2 £144m of eligible bank bills at 113 per cent In band 3 band 2 £144m of eligible bank bills at 113 per cent In band 3 band 2 £144m of eligible bank bills at 113 per cent In band 3 band 2 £144m of eligible bank b

UK clearing banks base lending rate 11; per cent since July 30.

Friday. Overnight interbank money started at 12-12½ per cent and rose to 12½ per cent before slipping away to around 9 per cent. Some late demand pushed rates slightly firmer at the end. The Bank of England forecast a shortage of around £900m with factors affecting the market including maturing assistance and a take up of Treasury bills together draining £658m and Exchequer transactions a further £615m. These were partly ther £615m. These were partly offset by a fall in the note circulation of £345m and banks'

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING

(11,00 a.m. Sept. 2)

3 months U.S. dollars

514-514 6.28125 1434-1434 6.75 1714-1714 534-514 6.8875 1374-1414 876-218 1066-1076 1014-10345 576-514 6.34375 1414-1412 914-914 1014-10345 576-514 6.34375 1414-1412 914-914 1014-10345 10 Discount Houses Deposit and Bill Rates

11度 MONEY RATES

| Local Auth. | Local | Finance | \$ Cert | \$ DR | ECU | Linked | Linked | Linked | Deposits | Depos

ECGD Fixed Finance IV: Average rate of interest period July 3 to August 6 (Inclusive): 11.989 per cent, Local authority and finance houses seven days' fixed. Finance Houses Base Rate (published by the notice, others seven days' fixed. Finance Houses Base Rate (published by the notice, others as a fixed finance houses Association): 12 per cent from September 1 1985. London and Finance Houses Association): 12 per cent. Gentling 11½ per cent. Bank Deposits Rates for sums at seven days' notice 6.25-6.025 per cent. (not). Treasury Bills: Average sums at seven days' notice 6.25-6.025 per cent. (not). Treasury Bills: Average to take the finance of th

Ιœ

Two-year
Three-year
Four-year
Flue-year
Seven-year
10-year
30-year

FINANCIAL FUTURES

Short £ weak

Sterling based instruments pared with Friday partly in vere lower in the London Inter-reaction to a firmer cash market ational Financial Futures late last week. The December were lower in the London Inter-national Financial Futures Exchange yesterday, reflecting contract claimed a support level of 91.48 but values only touched a firmer cash market and a weaker pound. Trading was rather lacklustre overall with the closure of Chicago tending a low of 91.50 before finishing at 91.51 compared with an open-ing level of 91.53 and a close to reduce volume considerably. Short sterling prices tended to The prospects of an early reduction in U.S. interest rates took a slight knock after finish above the day's lows on late short covering so that the December contract finished at \$9.36, up from a low of \$9.34 encouraging trade figures re-leased on Friday. However the Gilt prices followed much the same pattern with the December market has little else to feed on in the way of economic price touching a low of 112-01 statistics at the moment with the from an opening of 112-11 before finishing at 112-04, still down from 112-16 on Friday.

Eurodollar values traded with a very narrow range all day and finished weaker com-

LONDON THREE-MONTH EURODOLLAR Cicae High Low Prev Sept 91.53 91.86 91.81 91.90 Dec 91.51 91.53 \$1.50 \$1.50 March 91.13 91.14 31.12 91.20 June 90.73 90.76 90.74 90.80 Extimated volume 1.547 (4.291) Previous day's open int 19.688 [19.403) /o-us i volume 229 (3,667) CHICAGO U.S. TREASURY BONDS (CBT) 8% \$100,000 32nds of 100% THREE-MONTH STERLING 2500,000 points of 100% Sept 88.36 88.40 88.30 88.40 88.30 88.40 88.30 88.40 88.30 88.40 88.30 88.40 88.30 88.40 88.30 88.40 88.30 88.40 88.30 88.40 88.30 88.40 88.30 88.40 8 Closs High Low Prev
Sept 111-22 112-02 111-25 112-04
Dec 112-04 112-13 112-01 112-16
Merch 112-20 - 113-00
Estimated volume 7,206 (1,824)
Previous day's open int 3,498 (3,593) Close High Supplies Close State Supplies Supplie Close High Low Pre Sept 1,3800 1,3850 1,3800 1,385 Dec 1,3680 1,3728 1,3880 1,383 March 1,3610 1,3655 1,3656 1,375 Estimated volume 44 (40) Previous day's open int 3,488 (3,474) DEUTSCHE MARKS DM 125,000 \$ per DM 91.71 91.11 THREE-MONTH EURODOLLAR (IMM) Previous day's open int 246 (266) SWISS FRANCS Swfr 125,000 S per Swfr Close High Low Prev B.4290 0.4302 0.4290 0.4337 0.4332 0.4345 0.4343 0.4281 lated volume 43 (42) ous day's open int 206 (216) STERLING (IMM) Se per £ JAPANESE YEN Y12.5m \$ per Y100 Close High Low Prev 0.4193 0.4196 0.4196 0.4191 0.4214 0.4219 0.4214 0.4211 0.4237 0.4233 1.3985 1.3875 Merch 0.4237
Estimated volume 56 (37)
Previous day's open int 173 (175)

IF€ OPTIONS REPORT Calls 1777 Puts 1395 For full details of settlement prices call: Louisa Powell of UFFE on 01-623 0444 LIFFE, ROYAL EXCHANGE, LONDON EC3V 3PJ

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Company Notices



In accordance with the terms and conditions of Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Period from August 30, 1985 to November 29, 1985 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 9 % per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest Payment Date, November 29, 1985 against coupon N°2 will be ECU 22.75 per Note.

KREDIETBANK S A. LUXEMBOURGEOISE

Personal CRUISE TURKEY Owing to late cancellations professionally-crowd LUXURY SAILING YACHTS IN SOUTHERN TURKEY now have vecancies for SEPTEMBER/OCTOBER BOOKINGS Rates from 12,500 p.w. for 4-8 people excl. flights. For further details contact: CRESTAR YACHT CHARTERS Metta Court, 125/8 Sloame Stre London SWIX SAU 01-730 9862/5

BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS

ing Rate Note Issue of September 1983/91 The rate of interest applicable for the period beginning September 4 1985 and set by the

reference agent is 81% annually.

E WORLD VALUE OF THE POUND

The table below gives the latest available rate of exchange for the pound against various currencies on September 2, 1985, in some cases rate is non-sinal. Market rates are the average of buying and selling rates except where they are shown to be otherwise. In some cases market rates have been calculated from those of foreign currencies to which

Close High Low Prev 133.70 133.85 133.30 133.30 134.25 134.50 134.00 123.85 d volume 143 (247)

Previous day's open int 1.572 (1,659)

GHMA (CBT) 8% \$100,000 32nds of 106%

Abbreviations: (A) approximate rate, no direct quotation available; (F) free rate; (P) based on U.S. dollar partites and going sterling-dollar rates; (T) tourist rate; (Bs) basic rate; (bg) buying rate; (Bk) bankers rate; (cm) commercial rate; (ch) convertible rate; (in) financial rate; (exC) exchange cartificate rate; (nc) non commercial rate; (nom) nominal; (o) official rate; (sg) sailing rate; (c) controlled rate;

	they	are tied.		ngman	1; (0) OMCH	(n) milled u	gta.	L'OICE 14UF;
COUNTRY	CURRENCY	VALUE OF & STERLING	COUNTRY	CURRENCY	VALUE OF £ STERLING	COUNTRY	CURRENCY	VALUE OF & STERLING
fghanistan	Afghani	99.00 10.0096	Greenland	Danish Kroner	14,1750	Peru, Philippines	Sol	exe(A)18,512.5
ibania	Diner	(A:6.89	Grenada	E Caribbean	3.74 11,9525	Philippines	Philippine Peso	24.67
	French Franc Spanish Peseta	(A)6.89 11.9525	Guadaloupe	Local Franc ILS. S	1,3775	Pitcairn islands	New Zealand 5	2,555?
NGOTTE :	' i Spanish Peseta	229.80 41,8585	Guam	Quetzal	1,3775	Poland	Tietu .	215.02
ngola ntiguarigua	, E, Caribbean \$	X 74	Guinea	Syll	33,02 204,11	i .	-	
rgentina	. Austral	1.1055	} GUYERE	Guyanese ş	5,8145	Portugal	PortugueseEscudo U.S. 8	233.84 1.5775
ustralia	Australian \$ Schilling Portuga'se Escudo Ba, Dollar	1.9910 27.058	Halti Honduras Hong Kong	Gourde	6.92			
ZOC63	. Portuga'se Escudo	255,64	Hong Kong	Lempira H.K. S	2,81 10,78 2 5	Gata/	Qatari Ryai	5,0920
ANAMAE	. Ba. Döllar Dinas	1,3775 0,5225	•			Reunion island	French Franc	11,9525
ahrain ialeario isles angiadesh	, Spa Peseta	229.80	Hungary,	Forint	68,9356	Romania	Lan	(Cm) 5, 69 (N/C) 16,48
anglaciesh arbados		39.34 2.7866	iceland	L Krons	57,2840			
ardados	, perbedus v	(cm) 79.20 (fm) 79.70	India	Ind. Rupee	16.48 1.550.57	Rwanda		136.57 强
kalgium	. D. Franc	(fm) 79.70	Iran	Rial	1,550.37 126,00	St. Christopher	E. Caribbean 5	3,74 1.0
@1126	O.F.A. Franc	2.77 597,62	Iraquinimanimanim	, Iraqi Dinar Jalah £	0.4816 1.8412	St. Helena St. Lucia	East Carribean \$	3.74
ielizeerin ermudaihutan	. Bda 5	1,8776 16,48	India	Shekel	1,8412 2,074.0	St. Pierre	LOCAL FRANC	11.9525 3.74
ihutah	. Ngurarum	(c)108,912,5	Mory Coast	Lira C.E.A. Franc	2,613 697,62	Samoa American	U,S. \$	1.3775
	, Bojivijan iresu	2,5200				Samoa American San Marino Sao Tome & Prin	Italian Lira	2,518 60,52
otswana	. Pust . Cruzeiro#	9.639.5	JernaicaJordan	Jemeica Dollar Van	7,8745 351,50	ĺ		
krit. Virgin isles	. U.S. \$	1,3775	Jorden	Jordanism Dinar	0.5375	Saudi Arabia	Saudi Ryal	5,0420 597.62
-unei	Brinei S	3,1225	Verteuches	Diel	NIA	Senegal Seychelies Sierra Leone	C.P.A, Franc S. Rupes	~ 44
ulgaria	. Lev . C.F.A. Franc	1.4145 597.62	Kampuchea Kanya Kiribati Korsa (Nth) Korsa (Sth) Kuwak	Kenya Shiffing	2X.63	Bierra Leone	Leone	(O) 7.55 5.1295 2.1259
urma	. Kyat	11.4514 低	Kiribati	Australian #	1.9910	Singapore	Solomon is. S	2,1259
urund)	. Burundi Franc	.164,74	Korea (Sth)	Won	1.231.33	Somali Republic	Bomali Shilling	_ 50.70
ameroon	. C.F.A. Franc	597.52	Kuwait	. Kuwaiti Dinar	0,4180	South Africa	Peseta	229,80
anada	C.F.A. Franc Canadisn S Spanish Peseta Cape V. Escudo Cay. Is S G.F.A. Franc G.F.A. Franc Chilean Peso Renminb! Yuan Col. Peso C.F.A. Franc C.F.A. Franc	1. 8954 229.80	Lags	New Kip	48.49	Spanish ports in North Africa	Baselin .	229.80
apa Verde is	Cape V. Escudo	123,68 1,1568	Lebanon	Lebenese 4 Meluti	25,56	Bri Lanka	S. L. Rupes	37,57
ayman islands ent. Afr. Republic	, CRY. 25 S C.F.A. Franc	1,1068 597.62	Lebanon	Liberian 5	1,3775	Sudan Republic	Sydan £ (y)	8.46 2.47
hed	C.F.A. Franc	597.62 597.62	LibyaLiechtenstein	Libyan Diner Swiss Franc	0.4102 3.22	Surinam Swaziiand Sweden	Lingeni	_
hile	. Umitan Peso . Ranminbi Yuan	239,96 4,0639 (F)908,76	Luxembourg	Lux Franc	3,22 76,30	Sweden Switzerland	S. Kronz	11.5450 3,29
olumbia	Col. Peso	(F)208.76 597.62	[-	11.25	Syria		('A) (T) 9.0
iongo (Brazaville)	. C.F.A. Franc	597.62	Madeira	Portugasa Escudo	233.B4	-	-	(CM) 5.45
	Onlaw	(U) 71,35	Malagasy Republic	Portugasa Escudo MG Franc Kwacha	799,50 2,4550	Talwan Tanzania		55.98 \$3.58
osta Rica ubayprusy	. Cuban Paso	1,2900 0,8095	Maleyia	Kwacna Ringgit	3.4255	Tanzania Thaliard Thaliard Togo Republic Tonga (siands Trinidad Trinisia	Bant	37.01 597.52
yprus	. Cyprus £	0,8095 [(com) 9.25	Maldive Islands		9.69	Togo Republic	C.P.A. Franc Palanca	1.9910 3.35
zechosiovakia	. Koruna	₹ n/c 16.10	Mail Republic	C.F.A. Franc	597.62	Trinidad	Trinidad & Tob 5	
	Sa-l-b 1/	(15,66 14,1750	Mail Republic Maila	Maitese Lira	0,6270 11,9525	TURKSY	Turkish Life	1,08:eg) N/A 1,3775
enmark jibouti ominioa	. Dülberti Franc	235.0 3,74	Meuritania	Onenias	106.55	Turks & Calcos	U.S. \$	1,3775
ominica	. E. Caribbean \$	5,74 {{ Q } 1,3775			20,90 (F)460.67	Tuvalu		1,9910
iominican Repub	. Dominican Peso	1411	Mexico	Mexican Pesa	T(C) 402.80 1	CONDOM:	Uganda Shiiing	612,0
ouador	. Sucre	(O) 92.7690 (F) 155,35	Miquelon	Local Franc	11,9525 11,9525	United States	U.S. Dellar	1.3775
		: 1.1500	Miguelon	rranon rrano Lurgrik	4.64	United States Uruguay Utd.Arab Emirates	Uruguay Peso	144,15
SAbt	. Egyptian #	1.5625	Montserrat	E. Caribbean \$	5.74 15.80 (sq)	U.S.S.R.	V.A.E. DIMAM Rouble	5.0717 1.1356
Salvador	- Colon	(C) 3,5045 (F) 5,5930 597,62	Morocco	Metica)	(A) 58.73			
quatorial Guinea	. Ekuele	597.62	ł			Vanuatu Vatican,	Vatil Lotien Lice	148.50 2.615
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aroe islands	. Danish Kroner	14.1750	Nepsi ,,,,,,	Nepalese Rupes	25,35 4,40	Venezuela	Dolling a	(6) 20,039 (6) 20,0320
aroe islanda, iji islanda	Flji \$	1.5569 8.2809	Namible	Antilian Gulider	2.49	i		
101200	.Markka		New Zeeland	N.Z. Dollar	2,5557	Vietnam Virgin Island U.S	Dong	(0) 133.76
rance rench C'ty in Af_	French Franc	11.9525 597.52	Niceregue	C.F.A. Franc	(0)53.50 597.62	Alitalu mang n'2"	n's' Detat.	1.3775
rench Gulana	Local Franc	11.9525	Nigeria	N.Z. Dollar Cordoba C.F.A. Franc Naira Norw Igian Krone Rial O nani Pakist In Rose	1.256780	Westom Samos	Samoan Tala	(A) 3,0100
sensh Besida le	CEBERRO	210.0 597.63	Norway	Norw :gian Krone	11.47	Varian /Nehi	Charl	(A) 9,00
apona	ora, rizno Dalesi	5 00			0.4790 81.68	Yemen (Nth) Yemen (Sth) Yugoslavia	6. Yemen Dinar	0.4752
ermany (East)	C.F.A. Franc Dalesi Ostmark Deutsche Mark	3,9150 3,9150	Panama	Faibos	1.3775 1.3645	Yugosiavia	New Y Dinar	599.1815
ermany (West) hana	, peutsone Mark Cedi	3,9150 78,91 6 5	rapus n. Guinsi	NIH.	/379.00	Zaire Republic	Zaire	73,4259
hana braffar recce	Gibreltar £	1.6	Paraguay	Guarani ,	< 785.37	ZambiaZimbabwa	Kwacha	3.08
reece ,	Drachma	195.13	i _		460.21	Zimbabwa	Zimbabwa \$	2.3610

1 Rate is the transfer market (controlled). ‡‡ Now one official rate. (1) Essential goods. (2) Preferential rate for priority imports such as foodatuffs.

(4) Preferential rate for public sector debt and essential imports. (5) Preferential rate. (6) First rate for luxury imports, remittances of money shroad and foreign travel. (7) Parallel rate. (8) Rate for remittances of foreign ourrency by Egyptians working abroad. (9) Banknots rates. (10) Rate for exports. (12) Rate for imports. (13) Essential imports. (14) Nearly all business transactions. (15) Argentias: June 15, new currency introduced: 1 austral ≈1.000 old pesos.

AMERICANS

1985
High Law 1 Stock

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183p in anticipation of tomor-row's preliminary results. Satis-factory trading news helped Associated Steel jump 7 to 178p,

Quiet start to new Account but tone remains firm

Option

"First Declara Last Account Dealings tions Dealings Day July 29 Aug 3 Aug 19 Aug 12 Aug 29 Aug 30 Sept 2 Sept 2 Sept 12 Sept 2 Sept 3 Sept 23 Sept 23 Sept 23 Sept 3 Sept 23 Sept 24 Sept 24 Sept 24 Sept 25 Sept 25

Dealings thems Dealings Day
July 29 Ang 8 Ang 9 Sept 9
Sept 2 Sept 12 Sept 13 Sept 23
"New-time" dealings may take pleas from 3.50 am two business dealings.
London equity markets were a little undecided as the new Account got underway yesterday. Nevertheless, movements in the blue chips were no worse than mixed and the underlying tone remained reasonably firm.

Warnings by the CBI and the Institute of Directors about the damaging effect of the strong pound on the UK's economic recovery appeared to dampen reariy investment confidence after the recent strong advance. However, continued takeover speculation in some of the equity leaders and light support for selected international stocks as sterling drifted lower against the dollar yesterday, kept the market on an even keel.

Illustrating the trend, the Financial Times Ordinary share index which recorded a loss of 2 points at the 10 am calculation gradually recovered to close only G.4 off on the day at 1,013.5.

Aroull Croun's statement re-

Trade in the Gilt-edged market remained at an extremely low level with quotations drifting lower in sympathy with an easier trend in sterling and a subsequent hardening of short-term interest rates. Falls in short-dated stocks ranged to i and occasionally more, while losses of i were fairly general throughout the longer maturities.

as takeover speculation continues

index which recorded a loss of 2 points at the 10 am calculation gradually recovered to close only gradually to Rio Tinto-Zinc for nearly £36m; TR Energy, which has sold its 4.24 per cent interest in Plascom to RTZ for £1.52m, gained 5 to 29p, after 31p. Elsewhere again actively traded. Other leaders to reflect speculative activity included Lucas and Allied Lyons.

The announcement of a fourmonth freeze on loan repayments by South Africa unsettled Bank shares. Among the other sectors, Oils traded on a much quieter note after last week's flourish in response to British Petroleum's half-year figures.

Elsewhere, week-end Press mention met with a ready response, but overall, conditions were relatively quiet.

Trade in the Gilt-edged market remained at an extremely low level with a gracustion deliting.

Burton better

which slipped to 386p before rallying late to close only a couple of pence easier on the day at 392p. Standard Chartered were similarly affected and touched 438p before finishing 5½ comment highlighting takeover off at 442p xd. NatWest, meanwhile, benefited from some switching from Barclays, and ended with a rise on the session of 11 at 678p.

Fears of substantial claims arising from hurricane Elena's destruction of Florida's coast-line, deterred interest in Composites. Buyers also held off ahead of tomorrow's interim meanwhile Amstrad reflected gain of 20 at 218p. Reflecting nationalisation cumpensation hopes, Yarrow added 20 to 500p, while an eventually appeared to 425p following weekend Press 12½p in reply to an investment recommendation. News of Border and Southern Stockholder Trust's near 5 per cent stake in the composite of pence to 21½p in reply to an investment recommendation of 11 at 678p.

Town on bid speculation—improved to 425p following weekend Press of production of prostilities, but gradually and Southern Stockholder Trust's near 5 per cent stake in the comment highlighting takeover and Southern Stockholder Trust's near 5 per cent stake in the commendation.

Thorn EMI—up 43 last week of 1021p in reply to an investment recommendation. News of Border and Southern Stockholder Trust's near 5 per cent stake in the commendation. News of Border and Southern Stockholder Trust's near 5 per cent stake in the commendation. News of Border and Southern Stockholder Trust's near 5 per cent stake in the commendation. News of Border and Southern Stockholder Trust's near 5 per cent stake in the commendation. News of Border and Southern Stockholder Trust's near 5 per cent stake in the commendation. News of Border and Southern Stockholder Trust's near 5 per cent stake in the commendation. News of Border and Southern Stockholder Trust's near 5 per cent stake in the commendation. News of Border and Southern Stockholder Trust's near 5 per cent stake in the commendation. News of Border and Southern Stockholder Trust's n

· :	Sept.	Aug.	Aug. 29	Aug. 26	Aug. 27	Aug. 23	year ago
Government Seas	85,37	85,54	83,62	85,58	83.60	83.70	79,84
Fixed Interest	88,37	88,57	88,60	88,60	88,59	88,81	82,93
Ordinary							
Gold Mines.,,	291,7	290.7	280.1	290.4	8,806	311,3	561,4
Ord, Div. Yield	4,84	4,61	4.67	4,75	4,75	4.76	4,81
Earnings, Yid. %(full)							
P/E Ratio (net) (*)							
Total bargains (Est.)							
Equity turnover 2m.							
Equity bergains							
Shares traded (mi),							

2 pm 1014.0, 3 pm 1014.3, 4 pm 1013.7. Day's High 1014.5. Day's Low 1010.5.

Gold Mines 12/9/56. SE Activity 1974. Latest Index 01-246 8026. Nil = 10.46,

H	ighs	AND	LOW	S	S.E. A	TIVI	TY			
					INDICES					
_	19	 165	Since Co	mpliatin		Aug. Aug.				
	High	LOW	Kigh	Low	Daily	<u> </u>				
wŁ Secs.	85,87	78,02	127,4	49.18 (\$/1/75)	Bargains Equities	113,0	181_1			

computer growth prospects at lighted leading Foods, rising 20 112p, up 12. to 415p as takeover speculation Secondary issues provided revived. Among the secondlower in sympathy with an easier trend in sterling and a subsequent hardening of short-term interest rates. Falls in short-term dated stocks ranged to i and occasionally more, while losses of i were fairly general throughout the longer maturities.

NatWest rise

South Africa's decision to impose a four-month freeze on all foreign debt repayments which slipped to 386p before railying late to close only a stream forms and spurted and spurted and spurted and spurted and selected its and spurted and selected issues consequently distinct in the absence of the day's interim results left Vosper 12 down at 206p, while unfavour-able newspaper mention also prompted a fall of 10 to 128p in the oll majors were unable to day's interim results left Vosper 12 down at 206p, while unfavour-able newspaper mention also prompted a fall of 10 to 128p in the olliers, Sompertex, which jumped liners, Sompertex, which jumped affectives in Engineerings. Adverse comment ahead of to day's interim results left Vosper 12 down at 206p, while unfavour-able newspaper mention also prompted a fall of 10 to 128p in the longer maturities.

NatWest rise

South Africa's decision to impose a four-month freeze on all foreign debt repayments which slipped to 386p before railying late to close only a to fefore setting a net 3 to the good at 184p after a newsletter recommendation.

The oll majors were unable to days interim features in Engineerings. Adverse comment ahead of to days interim results left Vosper 12 down at 206p, while unfavour-able to days interim results left vosper 12 down at 206p, while unfavour-able to days interim results left vosper 12 down at 206p, while unfavour-able to days interim features in Engineerings. Adverse comment ahead of to days interim features in Engineerings. Adverse comment ahead of to days interim features in Engineerings. Adverse comment ahead of to days interim features in Engineerings. Adverse comment ahead of to days interim features in Engineerings. Adverse comment ahead of to days interim features in Engineeri provided Secondary issues provided several features in Engineerings.

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

·	Sept.	Aug.	Aug. 29	Aug. 28	AUG.	Aug. 28	year ago
Government Secs	85,37	88,54	83,69	85,58	83,60	83,70	79,84
Fixed Interest	88,37	88,57	88,60	88,60	88,59	88,81	82,93
Ordinary 9	1013,6	1013.9	1003,9	991,3	990,1	991,4	855,1
Gold Mines	291,7	290.7	280.1	290.4	805,B	311,3	561,4
Ord, Div. Yield	4.84	4.61	4.67	4,75	4,75	4.76	4,81
Earnings, Yid. %full)	11.42	11,42	11,56	11,75	11,76	11,77	11,28
P/E Ratio (net) (*)	10,85	10,85	10.71,	10,54,	10,58	10.52	10,66
Total bargains (Est.)							
Equity turnover 2m.		475,95	458,90	300,64	245,96	528,04	132,34
Equity bargains	- :	85,858	25,982	17,546	18,361	18,371	15,817
Shares traded (mi),	_ :	231,5	215,6	151,4	123,8	174,5	119,8

Basis 100 Govt. Secs. 15/10/28. Fixed Int. 1928. Ordinary 1/7/35.

		_		1	Indices		
- 1	19	65	Since Co	mpliat'n		Aug. 30	Aug. 29
	High	LOW	Kligh	Low	Daily Gilt Edged	·	
vt. Secs.	83,87 (80/7)	78,02 (28/1)	127.4	أعدمه أ	Bargains Equities	113,0 167,5	ļ <i>-</i>
ed int	88.81 (28/6)	82,17 (28/1)	150,4 (28/11/47)		Bargains, Value 5 dayAverage	962.0	155.4 927.7
dînary	10 24. 5 (32/1)	911,0 (25/7)	1094.5 (22/1/55)	198 KMm	Gitt Edged Bargains Equities	121,6	125.5
id Mines	536.9 (15/4)	280,1 (29/9)	784.7 (15/2/85)	43,5 (26/19/71)	Bergsins	184,7 731,5	127.3 668,4
		ł	1	, ,	,	•	}

BTR improve

Trusts with a gain of 10 to 150p on further consideration of the

Board's recent application for investment trust status.

The oil majors were unable to

BTR rose 6 to 366p as buyers began to show an increased interest ahead of the interim results scheduled for September 11. Metal Box responded to Press comment with a gain of 10 to 490p, while improvements of 4 and 7 respectively were seen in Pilkington, 277p, and Reed International, 700p. Boots hardened a few pence to 203p and Trafalgar House found support at 382p, up 6. Elsewhere in miscellaneous industrials, British Aerospace succumbed to profit-taking in the wake of the interim statement and fell 11 to 367p with the new shares 10 lower at 188p. Marley, however, reflected stake build-up rumours and closed a further 4 dearer at 84p xd. Macfarlane Group (Clansman) rose 6 to 133p following the interim figures and Cope Allman

YESTERDAY'S

Golds subdued

South Africa's moves to restrict the outflow of capital from the Republic—including a freeze on foreign loan repayments until the end of the year and the archange rate structure which last operated in early 1983—proved to be much as expected. Continuing civil unrest and uncertain reports concerning the effectiveness of the strike call by all-black National Union of Mineworkers at selected mines controlled by GFSA, Gencor and Anglovasi again combined to detar foreign operators. London and Continental centres adopted the same cautious attitude as Johannesburg, where dealings resumed after the government-imposed three-day halt. The

YESTERDAY'S **ACTIVE STOCKS**

FRIDAY'S ACTIVE STOCKS

lbove average activity he following stocks y	esterday.	•	Breed on bargal Exchange Official	ns nec	orded is	1 Stock
Stock	Closing			No. of	Friday's	
		Change	Stock e	hangeş	close	Change
Instrad	112	+12	Distillers	31	360	+ 9
matrong Equipment	48	+ 23,	ICI	28	874	+17
istilars	362	~ a	BP	24	587	+17
		_	Somportex	24	51	+24
ixons Group	823	+21	Pentland Inda.	22	290	-10
nterprise Oit	201	~ 1	Thom EM!	21	419	+10
leet Holdings	365	+ 2	Fleet Holdings	20	364	+ 8
aguar	286	+ 9	Good Relations	20	195	_
awrence (W.)	97	+17	Br. Aeroapacet	19	198	+13
ucas industries	343	+ 3	British Telecom	17	207	+ 5
K. Holdings	315zd	+10	Pavion Intl	17	63	+ 3
tandard Chartered	. 442xd	~ 57	STC	17	88	- Ž

EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE

Se	ries		Lest	Vol.	eb. Last	Vol.	lay Lust	Stock		
GOPD C	\$320 \$340	14	27	14	35.10 22		<u> </u>	\$835 		
COLD C	\$360	٠ و	7	. 8	14.90	12	19.90			
GOLD P	5520 5540	10	4.50	1 =	! _ !	10	17	[;]		
4020 .	9010	•		. –	. –	'		' #		
SILVER P	2650	6.	Sept,	. 6	ec. 40 '	Man	ch ' _	i 8625		
S/FL C	\$650 FL305	3	35 15,30 B	-) = :	=	! =	F1.518,83		
S/FL C	F1.510 F1.515	76 . 48	5,30	16	15.50			l <u>:</u> 1		
SIFL C	F1.320 F1.325	470	1.10	40	8,30	3	10.80	🐱		
S/FL C	F1.330	159 112	0.50	=	i . = !		_ =	"		
SIFL C	FI.835 FL840	-	0.05	95 95	3.50 2.70	25	5.50			
S/FL P	F1.805	314	0,06	38	5.30 A	_ 1				
8/FL P 8/FL P	F).510 F).515	49 159	2.50	36	7.50 9.70 12.50	4	14	! •]		
S/FL P	F1.780	38	-1.5	40	12,50	3	17,50 A			
SIFL P	F1.525 FL330	52 ·	12,50 A	25	18,50		=	[; {		
SIFL P SIFL.P	F1.335 F1.340	97 18	17 21.20	26	22,50	5	25,40	m		
MFL P	F1.350	=		3	76	=	i =			
		0	oŁ.	Ja	ur.	Ap	r.			
ABN C	F1.500 F1.500	75 63 .	18,60	34 58	5.50	- 1	-	FL514,50		
AEGN C	FL100	414	3.60	184	7.10	3	9	F1,100.20		
AEGN P	F1,95	264 75	0.90 8.70	28	2.50 15.10	25	17.50	F1.243,80		
AH P	F1.840 F1.120	AG .	3,90 8,50	3 325	11.20			FL126,20		
AKZO C AKZO C	FI.130 FL.130	799 580 327	2.50	718	1 5,70	538	15,80 8,50	LF:19-0700		
AKZO P AMRO C	FL 130	327 39	4,80 2,60 A	190	7.10 A 4,60	201 22	7,50 6,50	FL90.10		
AMRO P	F1.90	118	_ B	33 43	3.40 10.30	5	4	М		
GIST C	F1,220(<i>56</i> 21	4,30 2,50	17	110.30 1	- :		F1.213		
HEIN C	F1,210 F1,150 F1,150	105 72	4,50	7	8.40	5	10,50	F1.140,50		
HEIN P HOOG C	F1.65J	189	1,10	136	3,30	11 ;	6,60 A	FI. 63,40		
HOOG P	F1.60 F1.60	31 81	0.80 3.80	392	6.10	18		FT.88.20		
KLM P	F1,50 F1,180	192	0.20	443	1 ⁻ - 1	=		FI.180		
NEDL C	FL180	170 157	3.80	188	12.50 6.70	3	8,50			
NATH C	F1.80 F1.75	30 19	0.60	75 55	2.80 2.80	38	4	F1.74,80		
PETRO	Fr. 6,500	= 1	, <u>-</u> 1	25	145 }	!	- 1	Fr. 6.090		
PETR P PHIL C	Fr.6,000 F2.50	814	1.60	1203	160	206	4,80	F1.49,80		
PHIL C	F1.55 F1.50	152	0.50	938 468	1.40	18				
PHIL P RD C	m 190	510	10.40	127	14.80 A	15 187	16.50 B	F1.204.10		
RD C	FL 190	1497 794	4.50 1.70	269 102	8.50 3.90	187	5.40			
ROBE C	F1.76	5 15	0,10	==	" <u>=</u>	= 1	= !	F1,76,70		
UNIL C	FL340	51	B.50	. ē	14.60 A	= [_ =	FL357,50		
UNIL P	FL340	26	7.50 8	-	12.30	— ·	- 1			
TOTAL VIN	DINT IN C	CHTEL	/Tra. 0/	5 001						

absence of a lead from the U.S.—transailantic markets were closed for Labor Day—was another inhibiting factor and share prices eventually displayed scant alteration from pre-weekend levels. Reflecting this, the FT Gold Mines index rose 1.0 to

Bullion traded in a similar vein, touching \$335.45 at the morning fix before settling \$1.25 higher on balance at \$334.75 an

Associated Steel Jump 7 to 178p, while revived speculative buying lifted Bodycote 11 to 142p.

Press suggestions of U.S. stake-building prior to a full-scale bid for the group prompted a lively two-way business in Lacas, finally 3 dearer at 343p, after 25th Means reserved. Among lacklustre South African Financials, 'Amgold' hardened a couple of points to 551 in reply to the first-half results, but Johnnies gave up 1 at £49.

Australian mines also lacked a decided trend. Leading diversified inspect usually showed modern after 350p. Jaguar were also an active market and rose 9 to 286p, after 289p, on buying ahead of the interim results due on September 12. Elsewhere in Motors, Armstrong Equipment gained 2½ to 46p following a broker's circular decided trend. Leading diversified issues usually showed modest rises, with the exception of MIM, a couple of pence off at 128p. North Broken Hill dipped a few pence more to 119p following a lively business in overnight Sydney and Melbourne markets on further consideration of the annual profits setback and proposed rights issue. broker's circular.

Once again attention in Newspapers focussed on the Fleet Holdings/United Newspapers bid situation. Fleet touched 370p on hopes of an increased offer before reacting on profit taking to close only a counter of persecond to the counter of persecond to the counter of the close only a counter of the close only a counter of the close of t

to close only a couple of pense dearer at 366p. United hardened 3 to 305p. Elsewhere, Wace gained 5 to 54p awaiting today's interim results. "Down-under Golds, un-settled initially by speculation that South Africa would con-sider selling bullion reserves to cover international debts, staged Properties attracted selective buying interest. Stock Conversion rose 10 to 545p following favourable Press comment. Summary and closed with small gains for choice. Elsewers also favoured Maritobrough, 3½ up at 57½p and Rush and Tompkins, 5 firmer at 252p.

The New Mariters and 10 to 10.50

and Tompkins, 5 firmer at 232p. Ewart New Northern rose 10 to 350p on news that the board are opposing Dalkeith's share split proposals. Bats led the way in Tobaccos, rising 13 to 328p on a combination of domestic and U.S. LOWS FOR 1985 LOWS FOR 1985 support. Majedie featured Financial

NEW HIGHS (94) COMWEALTH & AFRICAN LOANS (1)

BANKS (3) EU(LDINGS (8) CHEMICALS (2) STORES (7) FOODS (E) INDUSTRIALS (18)

LESSURE (2) MOTORS (3) PAPER (5) TEXTILES (2) TRUSTS (11) 어나 (1) MINES (2)

NEW LOWS (30)

CHEMICALE (1) Gelfer (A. & J.) United Lessing Chambers & Fargus (1) INDUSTRIALS (6)

MOTORS (1) PAPER (5) Olives Paper Mill

TEXTILES (2) Sember (F.)

TRUSTS (3)
Buillie Gifford Jap. Equity Fin. Sec Cav.
GY Japan Une. Ls 1995-2000

RECENT ISSUES EQUITIES

re	35	眨	Latest Menuno date	19	85	Stock	Olosing	+ or	# A A		題	녆
re			358	High	LOW	·	őª	<u> </u>		- S		
ut Id T		- -				TATA Selection Sp	, 150 i		bg1.5	2,6,	3.6	6 3
T	559 180	F.		250	DOZ	ALBERT No Str	240	-1	p6.6	-	3.B	_
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_	5 5	ΈP.	<u> </u>	£204					bd1,05		T	19 0
1	134	IF P	20/9	30	36	Angle Utd. Dev	20		7 ·	A.H.	2.7	iã.i
u l	§158	F.P.	2/8		1.60	Appletree 10P	135					-
ī .	¯ 50		12/8		44	Baillie G'fd Shin Non Do. Warrants	16	şï"∣	- !	- :	- i	_
1e 25	_	F.P.	10/9	19	15	Bardsey Pid. Ord	6		:	_ :		
	170		22/8		198	Bradstock Sp	IRD :	+6 Í	bg5.16	2,4	5.8	15,6
מי	876				128	British Aerospace Mp	188 i	—10 <u>f</u>	1141	3.11	5.4	6.7
	165		1/10				141 İ	-1 I	215.0	3.0	8.2	9.5
.	9 (F.P.			140	Business Mort. House	440	-2	PT-0.	5.9	12	25.0
1-	580	FP.	27/9 30/8	29	77	PRINCE OF THE PARTY OF THE PART				8.0	5,6	10.0
1 - i	2 4	ir.P.	30/8	100	90	A-Copragner IdMines	<u> </u>	—ē;	508.5	0.0	70	a 4
iı l	670	IF.F.	_	75	70	Conrad Hidgs	.71	~	200.0	중취	7 2	14.5
¥,		IF.P.			118	Control Techniquesion	122	1				
ē. I	401	₹.P.		58	48	*Dean Park Hotels	136 I	~	17.7		3.8	12.8
	160 hr.97			130	95 68	First Security 10p Green Property Ir. 25p	766		12,57%	1.5	3.8	4,7
3]	11 11	FP	26/7	77 123	123	Greenwich Resources	123		- 7	- 3	1	
i-	\$20°	FP.		26	25	⊕israel (Jack L.) 4b	26		60,5		2,7	22,2
st i	1110	F.P.		112	OS.	A LOWING	ו פענ		2,625	3.C]	5.6	16,0
r, I	165		30/B	72	68	Lysander Pet 5p	66	••••••	- 1	-:	-1	_
p.	144	IF.P.		61	46	www.chark.ixDesign2401	61	+8	1.0	5.6	2.3	18.9
W.	iżo				1100	Micro Sosos 100	107		b1.6	4.3	2.0	17.0
	105			107	87	J. Moss Advertising 50	90 J		bg2.46	3.0	3.9	12,4
3	1170	F.P.	2/8		135	Pacer Systems #0 61	192)		55.0c b2.9	-	3.2	12.0
3- {	7,99	F.P.			102	Polypipe 10p	132 !		DE.V	1		
n l	150	E.P.		126	95	⊈Sapphire Petπ.50p	-X6	_;; ··]	u3.73	2 1	5.0	TÔ A
ie	110	F.P.	_		104	Tiphook 10p	100	{	bg 1.1	교회	1.7	17.4
<u>-</u> l	110	F.P.		104	74	⊉Trillen 10p ♣Yellowhammer 5p				1.4	17	20.3
~ }	110	1 -	30/8	722	217	A Lencaliquines Abe	,					

FIXED INTEREST STOCKS

				_			
issue price £	Amount peld up	Renun o. dete	1981 High		Stock	Closing	+ 01
87.305 196.456 171 1100 50p 88.456 499.655 199.089 100 971	F.P. F.P. E10 F.P. E30 F.P.	27/9 24/1 15/10 25/9 16/18	198 108 13½ 1040 31½ 10018 10018 10018 10018	100 157 106 134 91; 294 997 100 291 991 1084	Australia 912 Ln. 2012. Britton Est. 1043 lst. Mort. Deb. 2826 Burton 92 Cnv. Uns. Ln. 2001. Surton 93 Cnv. Uns. Ln. 1011. Scannon St. Invs. 7.720v.Cm. RdP7848 Guinnes 8142 Cnv. Uns. Ln. 19867891. Eastbourne Water 8143 Red. Prf. 1985 Maneon Tst. 5.752 Cnv. Cum. Red. Prf. 1985 Maneon Tst. 5.752 Cnv. Cum. Red. Prf. 1985 Maryston Invs. 1122 Deb. 2010. Lowiend Inv. 1142 Deb. 2010. Malaysia 10432 Ln. 2008. RED. 21143 Eds. 1/9/85. Oldiam Met. Borough 12.43 Rd. 2022 REA 93 Cum. Pref.	2054 108 107 1312 2004 1004 1005 1005 1006 100 100 100	+1 +1 -16

RIGHTS OFFERS

							_
issue price	Amount paid up	Latest Renunc. date	198	Low	Stock	Closing	1.
						<u> </u>	└
90 180 47 25 5 280 380 62 125 210 25 225 230 120 400 425 250	F.P. F.P. MII F.P. NII 100 F.P. MII F.P. MII F.P. F.P.	25/9 9/9 17/9 11/9 13/9 27/9 28/10 4/9 24/9 30/9 20/9 20/9	200 505 10pm 2912 714 547 56pm 63pm 130 715 35 45pm 145 4pm 568 508 300	28 54 306 45pm 599 595 28 2pm 193 2pm 463	#Applied Holographies Sp. Bestwood 10p	305 10pm 29 347 45pm 52pm 128 715 35 2pm 188 2pm 188 475	+147
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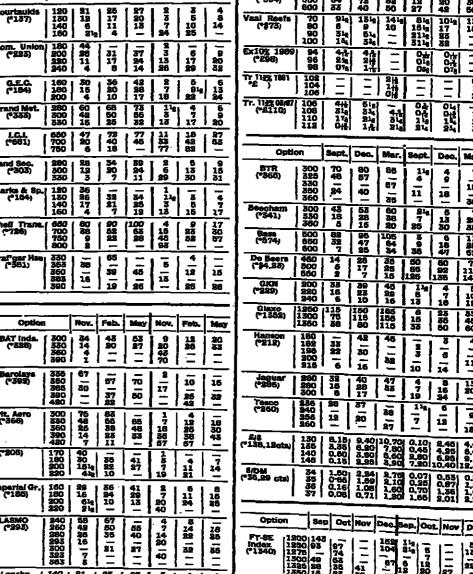
Renunciation date usually last day for dealing free of stemp duty. D Figures based on prospectus estimates g Assumed dividend and yield. u Forecast dividend cover based on previous year's earnings. I indicated dividends cover relates to previous dividend, P/E retio based on latest annual earnings. D Februaries of ordinary shares as a "rights." P Issued by tender. I Offered hotiers of ordinary shares as a "rights." P Issued by they of capitalisation. Si Reintroduced. If Issued in connection with reorganisation merger or takeover. If Allottenst letters or fully paid. If improduction. Si Units de Secutives Market. Filecting price. #‡ Dealt in under Rule 535 (4) (a).

EX 911

OPTIONS

included STC, Plessey, Polly Peck, BSG International, North Peck, BSG International, North Raigurii, Hunting Associated, Brunswick, Moss Bros, Con-solidated Gold Fields, Dufay Bitumastic, Martin Ford, Dis-tillers, Riley Leisure, Pavion, Yelvertor, Hartons, Bestwood and Roife and Nolan. No puts were reported, but doubles were transacted in STC and Riley Leisure. Deal-Deal-Declara-Settle-ings ings tion ment Ang 19 Sept 6 Nov 21 Dec 2 Sept 9 Sept 20 Dec 5 Dec 16 Sept 23 Oct 4 Dec 19 Dec 30 Share Information Service

For rate indications see end of Stocks favoured for the call Leisure. **LONDON TRADED OPTIONS** 52 | 38 18 | 35 10 | 18 4 | --110 72 40



FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

	EQUITY &			.	Mon Sept 2 1985							Fri Ams 39	Thers Ang 29	Wed Aug 28	Year age (approx.)
Fi	gures in purenthes stocks per	es show r section	number (ndez No.	Day's Change %	Est. Ezeristi Yleid? Oktas	" " (Gross Div. Field % ACT at 30%)	Est. P/E Ratio (Net)	nd add. 1985 to date	ladex No.	ledex Ms.	isdex No.	ladex Mo.
1	CAPITAL COOD				6.31 2.85	-0.1 +0.5	10.5 11.6		4.15 4.71	11.96	11.17 13.04	536.78 559.92		551.18 574.14	535.53 468.62
2 3	Building Material Contracting, Cons		291		2.50 5.27	+82	11.9		45	18.66	18.82	433.36	831.13	\$26.71	480.05
4	Electricals (14)				3.42	-8.9	10.9		5.85	11.60	35.52	1476.22		1441.91	1574-51
5	Electronics (38) . Mechanical Engla		20		18.92 18.44	-1.5 -0.2	10.7		3.18 4.71	12.33 11.84	29.85 6.48	3440.85 298.97	1460.16 296.51	241.58 294.74	1455.52 257.65
8	Metak and Metal				1.56	_	11.8	5	7.42	10.62	4.13	211.64	211.41	209.78	192.16
9	Motors (16)				1.08 0.28	+14	12.9		4.95	9.57 17.04	3.55 15.81	168.43 958.08	167.28	166.34 935.14	125.46 701.22
10 21	Other Industrial N CONSUMER CR				K.79	+0.8	7.1		3.47 3.75	13.59	12.56	69L43	66479	678.29	522.96
22	Brewers and Dist	ilers (23)	<u> </u>	68	2.49	+0.3	10.1		4.24	12.48	13.83	680.22		658.36	503.99
25	Food Manufactur				A41	+8.6	11.69		4.77 2.59	11.00 22.35	13.12	507.22 1689.71		506.21 1616.97	407.90 1247.36
25 27	Health and House		lucis (9).	_ 109	7.40	-0.1	6.17	7	2.71	19.02	11.95	1898.74	1083.36	1067.57	892.32
27 27 32 33	Leisure (22)			49	M.54	+0.2	81/		4.77	16.06	21.26	693.32 1888.78		675.83	572.35
32	Newspapers, Pub Packaging and Pa	Highling (). Mar (74).	Z)		97.93 9.11	+9.5	9.6		419	15.84 12.38	37.91 6.36				1387.52 249.13
34	Stores (42)			_ 65	250	+1.0	7.1	8	3.87	18.99	9.80	685.70	676.79	673.07	450.00
34 35 36	Textiles (16)				5.75 8.46	+0.8 +3.3	13.6		4.89 5.07	8.71 6.51	8.98 18.71	333.64 821.57	328.12 818.04	326.01 300.81	274.2 <u>1.</u> 689.23
41	Tobaccos (3)	(100)		i-74	7.15	-0.1	8.9		4.80	1441	14.29	797.69	697.55	689.98	468.78
42	Chemicals (39)			_ 65	2.27	+2.2	24.2		5.47	9.32	25.04	684.86	674.62	668.00	615.95
44 45	Office Equipment Shipping and Tras	(4)	7)	- 40	5.78 12.71	-0.5 +9.3	7.7		4.28 4.34	15.36 15.61	3.64 26.88	206.83 1194.78		206.12 1176.41	142.33 867.87
46	Miscellaneous (64	0		25	9.06	+0.1	7.37	7	3.70	16.57	14.48	857.84	852.56	851.18	657.58
48	Telephone Netwo				25.88	-0.7	8.0	_	3.49	16.67	14.38	935.70			0.0
49	INDUSTRIAL CI		<u> </u>		A.74 IA.15	+0.3 -1.0	9.4 15.4		3.91 7.15	13.35 7.95	12.83 51.89	662.53	1197.49	650.22 1174.50	518.11 1008.92
믔	500 SHARE HID				9.76	+0.1	102		435	12.24	15.96	789.72	+	674.24	565.94
27	FINANCIAL CR				8,92	-0.2	=	┱	4.90	_	12.90	489.96		483.88	37L83
62	Rantes (6)				3.86	+63	18.1	7	6.00	7.87	19.50	491.70	481.74 766.29	482.48	364.67 544.67
65 66	Insurance (Life) (Insorance (Comp	(9)			7.86 9.19	-0.2 -0.3		Į	425 531		15.74 8.53	769.33 372.27	371.56	760.30 345.79	225.54
67	lastrance (Broke	rs) (7)		_ 11/	60.56	-0.3	7,19	9 (3.57	18.61	21.02	1164.27	1154.38	1147.05	867.24
68 69	Merchant Banks (Property (50)	11)			11.12 0.57	-14	54	· l	4.82	23.77	5.85 18.85	234.34 661.82		233.94 668.31	215.60 682.95
70	Other Financial(2	5)	···	27	4.64	7	10.2		5.97	12.00	9,62	277.61	275.80	273.68	246.18
71	Investment Trust	(2006)		59	269	+02	12.5	Т	3.63 5.94	9.22	11.27	592.56 257.61	591.11 255.94	588.93	538.82 283.04
81. 91	Missing Finance C Overseas Traders				7.97 4.86	+0.2	12.4		658	9,22	23.86	603.96		250.49 599.95	572.55
第	ALL-SHARE IND)		6.82	+0.1	1 =	1	4.44		14.85	646.26	639.95	633.64	521.43
					dex No.	Day's Chase	Day'		Day's Low	Aug 30	Alig 29	Aug 28	Aug 27	Alig 23	Year
_	FT-SE 100 SHAL	E HIDE	X		40.3		1340			1340.8		1308.2	1310.8	1313.5	
	Fl	(ED	INTE	RES	T				VAES VAES	AGE CR MPTIGN	OSS YIELD:		Mon Sept	FH Ass	(ablum) age Age.
_	PRICE	Mon	Day's	Fri	1.	ads.	d ad.	_		d Corer		一十			
	HEDICES	Sept.	change .%	A		oday	1985	1 2 3	Coupo	es 1	5 years 5 years 5 years		9.97 20.18 20.19	9.97 18.14 38.15	11.29 10.68 19.23
_	Britis Courses		† 	 	╅	- +	1	4	Medic		o peas 5 years		19.76	20.71	11.98
ا ر	Sycars	119.56	-8.85	119.6	2 -	- 1	7.61	5	Coupo		5 years		14.55 10.20	18.51	11.11
2	5-15 years	132.76	-0.25	133.0	6 4	1.05	9.34	. 6	High		5 years 5 years		18.85	10.81	10,45 11,96
3	Over 15 years	137.5%	-0.24	1581	-:-	127	9,42	8	Compo		5 years		19.70 19.33	10.66	11.28 18.55
4	irresecontites 150.65 -0.09 1			ומו	" [US	8.90	9 10) Intede	enables.	5 years		9.80	9.79	10.27
5	l ! l l-			130.9	<u>a e</u>	1.04	aut.	11	Pubs i		5 years		11.50	11.44	12.48
6				112.9	g e	J.42	7.33	-12 -13			15 years 25 years		11.37	11.55	12 <u>31</u> 12 <u>1</u> 4
		79.88	+0.24	79.9	<u>.</u>	117	485	_	Prefe		اللجر ہے		1229	12.27	13.21
	Preference	17.00	· +4.44				1								

BRITISH COVERNMENT TRIDEX-LINKED STOCKS

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

AUSTRIA .	GERMANY	INORWAY	AUSTRALIA (continued)	JAPAN (continued)
Sept. 2 Price + or	Sept. 2 Price + or	Price + or Sept. 2 Kroner —	Price + or Sept. 2 Aust. 5	Pr'ce + or Sept. 2 Yen -
Schil — Schil — Creditanstalt 368 +6	AEG Telef 140,5 +0,4	Bergens Bank 143 -0.5 Borregaard 425 -5	Gen. Prop. Trust. 2.25	MHI
Goesser	Allianz Vers	Christiania Bank, 159,5 +1 DenNorske Gred 145 Elkem 119 -0,5	Hartogen Energy 2.25 ,	Mitsukoshi 710 +3 2
Perimooser 640 - 18 Stevr-Dalmier 174 + 7	Bayer-Hypo 565 -1 Sayer-Verein 586,5 -11	Kosmos 230 +4 Kvaerner 163 +1	Jimberlana F.P. 0.25 , mmm	NGK Insulators 832
Veitscher Mag _, 5644	BHF-Bank 316 -3 BMW 476.5 +0.5	Norsk Data	Kig Ora Gold 0.15	Nippon Elect 912 +2 Nippon Express 528 +1 Nippon Gakid 1,220 +50
BELGIUM/LUXEMBOURG	BMW 476.5 +0.5 Brown Boveri 252 -0.5 Commerzbank 207.8 -1.2 Conft Gunnaj 157 +0.7		Mayne Nickless 5.0	Nippon Kokan 183 ÷1 Nippon Oli 832 —1
Sept. 2 Frs. —	Cont'l Gummi 157 +0.7 Daimler-Benz 958.5 +0.5 Degussa 376 —9	SPAIN	Rews 6.7 ; -0.1	Nippon Seiko 455 -3 Nippon Shimpan 672 +1 Nippon Steel 177 +1
Bang. Gen Line	D'sche Babcock. 189 - 2 Deutsche Bank., 576 - 4,7	Sept. 2 Price + or	Morth Bkn Hill 2.38 -0.12 Oakbridge	Nippon Suisan 419 -1 NTV
Beksert B 6,210 —130 Ciment CBR 2,490 —5	Dresdner Bank 269 ' — 5 GHH 187.5 + 5.1	Bot Bilbat	Planter Conc 1.95 , -0.03 Poseidon 4.6 +0.65	Nissan Motor 630 +4
Cockerill 205 —1 Delhaize 7,950 +40 EBES 2,980	Hosehst 213 _1 Hosehst 213 _0.7 Hosseh Werks 124,8 _0.7	Bco Popular 338	Reckitt & Colman 3.78	Nisshin Steel 174
Fabrique Nat 1,988 +10	Holzmann (P) 482xd12 Horten 1931	Bco Santander 348 -1 Bco Vizcaya 442 Dragados 135,2 -0,3	Santos 5.54	Otympus
GB Inno BM 3,790 +80 GBL (Brux) 1,920 +20 Geyeort 4,075 +15	Hussel	Hidrola 77.5 +0.5	Thos. Natwide 2.17 + 0.81 Tooth 5.6 -0.2 Vamosa 3.7 -0.85	Renown 755 +1
Hoboken 5,460 +50 -	KHD 291 -3 Kloeckner 68.9 -0.1	Petroleos	Western Mining. 3.92 -0.02 Westpac Bank 4.43 +0.81	Sankyo
Pan Hidgs 10,050 Petrofina 6,110 +40	Linde 535 +3 Linthause 250	SWEDEN	Woodsde Petrol: 1,29 -0,51 Woolworths 3,25 -0,61 Wormald Inti 3,94 +0,02	Бекізці Prefnb 676 +4 \$even-Eieven 6,350 —150
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Soc. Gen. Belge. 1,790	Metaligesell 275 +2 Malench Rueck 1,920 +50 Nixdorf 540 -3.5	AGA	HONG KONG	Shiseido
Tractional 4,000 - 50	Porsone	Alfa-Lavai B 192 +5 ASEA (Free) 295	Sept 2 Price + or	1 Stoma Elect 705 +5
Wagon Lita	Rhein West Elect 198 +8,5	Atlas Copco	Bank East Asia 22.7	S'tomo Metal. 157 +1
DENMARK	Siemens	Electrolux B. 283 + 6 Ericason B. 255 - 5 Esseite 570 - 15	China Light 15.7 - 0.2	Talsol Corp
Sept. 2 Price + or Knr ¥ —	Veba 233 -2.3 V.E.W 149.9 +1.4	Mo och Domalo 175 +2 Pharmacia	Hang Seng Bank 45.0 —1 Henderson Land 222 —0.15 HK China Gas 9.9 —0.4	TDK
Andelsbanken 324 · -5 Baltic Skand 675 · +10 CopHandelsbank 297 · -5	Verein-West 3351 Volkswagen 384.10.9	Saab Scania Free 405	HK Electria 8.8 -0.1 HK Kowloon Wh. 6.75 -0.25 HK Land 6.25 -0.1	Tokio Marine 890 · 15
D. Sukkerlab 5055 Danske Bank 5452	ITALY	Skan Enskilda 55 +2 SKF 226 +7 St Kopparbergs 151 +1	HK Shanghai BK. 7,55 —0.15 HK Telephone 8,65 —0,05 Hutchison Wps., 27,2 —1	Tokyo Gas
De Danske Luft, 1,365 +15 East Asiatio	Price + or Sept. 2 Ura —	Sonesson	Intril. City	Tokyo Style
Forenede Damp. 321 -2 GNT Hidg 505 +5 LS.S. 550	Bastogi-(RBS 23,600 -200	Volvo B (Free) 240 (+4	Orient O'seas 1.99 SHK Props 12,8 -0,4	Toray 546 ' -2 Toshiba Elect 340 +5 TOTO 860 -10
Jyske Bank	B.I-Invest 6,550 - 55 Centrale 3,550 - 55 Credito Varesino 4,565 - 10	SWITZERLAND Sept. 2 Price : + or	Shell Elect	Toyota Motor 1,290 -50 -
Privathanken 8077 Provinshanken 3954 Smidth (F.L) 8 2743	Finsider: 4,199 – 51 Finsider: 57,770 – 320	Anie Intl 4,025 +50	World Int. Hidgs, 2,1 -0,1	Victor 1,350 -10 Waccel 730 -5 Yamaha 3,180 +20
Superfos 401 -1	Italicement	Alusuisse	JAPAN	Yamezaki 5234 Yasuda Fire 559 11
FRANCE	Olivetti 6,679 -20 Pirelii Co 6,381 -139 Perelii Spa 3,003 -32	Giba Gelgy 3,410 +15 do. (Part Carts). 2,600 Credit Suisse 5,085 +10	Sept. 2 Price + or Yen -	Yokogawa Edge. 680 : —11 SINGAPORE
Sept 2 Price + Fra. or ~	Saipern	Elektrowatt 3,455 +5	Alinomoto 1,290 Alps Electric 1,240 +10 Amada 760 - 9	Sept. 2 Price + or
Emprunt 41% 1975 1,601 - 5 Emprunt 7% 1975 8,442 +2	do Pref 14,780 ~ 160	Hoff-Rocke 1/10, 9,700	Asahi Chem 814 -1 Asahi Glasa 790 Bridgestone 647 +5	Boustead Hidgs., 1.56
Accor 801 +5 Air Liquide, 589 +4	NETHERLANDS.	Jeimoli	Casio Comp 1.500 ;20	Cold Storage 2.79 +0.1 DBS 4.8 +0.02 Genting 5.7 -0.05
Bongrain 1,740 -29	Sept 2 Price + or	Oer-Suehrie 1,640	Daiel	Haw Par. Bros 2.1 +0.61 Hong Leong Pin 2.4 +0.64 Inchappe Bhd 2.18 +0.02
BSN Gervels	ACF Holding 242 -4 AEGON 100,2 +0,2 Ahold 243,6 +2.6	Sendoz (PtCts) = 1,450 +5 Schindler (PtCts) 890 -10	Dai Nippon Ptg., 1,080 +20 Da.wa House 830 +1 Ebara	Keppel Shipyard, 1.15
Ciub Mediter'n 5188 Cie Bancaire 534	AKZO 126.3 +1.6 ABN 514.5xr +1.5 AMEV 295.2 +2.7	Sika	Eisai 1,390 -10 Fanuc 7,510 -230 Fuli Bank 1,610 +30	OCBC 8.10 +0.66
Darty 1,940 + 20	AMRO 90,1 +0,8 Bredero Cert 174 +2	Swiss Bank 480 —2 Swiss Reinsce 13,800 Swiss Volksbk 1,865 +20	Fuji Film	005 2.690.91 Public Bank 1.89 Sime Darby 1.81 +0.02
Fairy (Cie Gen) 643	Bos kalis Westm. 14,9 3,3 Buehrmann Tet. 104 +0,5 Calland Hidgs 37,5 0,7	Union Bank	Green Cross 2,180 +60	Singapore Press. 5 6 +0,1 Straits Trdg i.85xc Tat Lee Bk
Gen.Occidentale 730 +11	Oulland Hidgs 37.5 0.7 Dordtsche Pat'm 185 +3 Elsevier NDU 131.5		Helwa Real Est., 792 +2 Hitachi	UOB 5 \$4 -0.86
Lafarge Coppee. 539 - 5	Fokker	AUSTRALIA Sept. 8 Price + or	House Food 792	SOUTH AFRICA Sept. 2 Price + or
Maisons Phenix. 148 -7	Hoogovens	Augt 8	Itoh (C)	Abercom 1.7
Michelin B 1,209 — 15 Midi (Cle) 5,175 + 154	Nearden	Africa Oil Dev 2 1.05	1watsu	AE&CI 7.60 ; -0,4 Allied Tech 62.5 Angro Am Coal_ 57 -2
Moet-Hennessy 1,971 + 70	Ned Mid Bank 216,5 —1 NedBoyd — 180 +0,3 Oce Grinten 340 +1,5	Aust, Cons. Ind 2.86 -0.94 Aust.Guarantee 2.8	Jusco	Anglo Am Corp 30 -1.5 Anglo Am Gold 186 -7
Pernod Rica 594 +12 Pernier 500 -7	Ommeren (Van). 28.8 -0.1 Pakhoed 66.3 +0.6	APM 2.77 +0.01 Bell Group 7.9 ; -0.98	Kirin 736 -10	Barlow Rand
Paugeot S.A 409 +4.5	Philips 49.8 +0.7 Robeco 76.7 +0.6 Rodemco 134.2 +0.4	Bend Corp Hidgs 1.8	Komatsu 581 +14	GNA Gallo 2.5 Gurrie Finance 4.00
Redoute 515	Rollingo	Bougainville	Kubota	Driefontein 49.5 3.5 FS Geduid 49 1.25
Sefining 351 +3	Unitever 337.5 +25	B.H. Prop 7.08 +0.55	Maeda Const	Gold Fields SA 34 —2 Highweld Steel 5.4
Thomson CSF 574 +1	Wessanen 176.5 -0.5	CSR 29 +0.02	Makita 971 ; —1 Marubeni 405 —2	OK Bazaars
		Contaico 'A" 1.83 -0.62 Consolidated Pet C,35	Marui 1,430 +10 MEI 1,210 +10	Rembrandt
Individual exchanges and era b	est traded prices. \$ Dealings	Costain Australia 2 75 i — 0 02 l	M'ta Eiec Works 860 ; — I M'bishi Bank 1,550 + 10 M'bishi 565 ; +52	Sage Hidga
suspended. xd Ex dividend, x xs Ex all.	c Ex scrip lesiel." xr Ex rights.	Energ Res 1.62	M'Dishi Elect 348 +28	Tongaat Hule:1s 6.5 +0.05
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الأندي		POORS	i									
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arieks	'		200.59	216,81	289,89	284.07	288.13	215.83 (19/7)	128.24 (L/1)		3.62	
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MITO	ntals & Compo	Mat.		Sept 2	Ang 30 (60) 2.87913	2,006,00	28 28 2.002.41 2.000.78	2190.7		1896.0	w/ 1 (4/1) 1 (8/1)	

	Sep 2	Ang 30	Acg 23	Ang 28	19 High	185 Low
AUSTRALIA						
All cod. (1/1/80)	537.8	937.B	945.8	346.3	956,8 (15/8)	715.3 (7/1)
Martie & Mins. (1/1/80)	526.8	524.5	537.1	534.8	583.8 (20/5)	362.5 (7/1)
AUSTRIA Crodic Alcien (2/1/62)	108.25	100.12	100.75	102.81	105.73 (17/6)	85.21 (2/4)
BELORUM Brussels SE (1/1/80)	2389.53	2380,89	2378,59	2370.75	2389.53 (2/%	2098.7 (18/1)
DENMARK Copenhagen SE (3/1/83)	8	•	215.52	212.55	217,86 (6/8)	158.44 (8/1)
FRANCE						
CAC Geograf (31/12/82)	223.0	222.4	222.5	221,5	233.1 (71/5)	180.5 (1/1)
ind Tundance (25/12/84)	126.7	126.6	126.8	128.6	130.4 (31/5)	106.1 (3/1)
GERMANY						
FAZ Aksies (31/12/58)	488.10	501.5B		459.89		362.38 (3/1)
Commerciant (1/12/53)	1485.6	1472.8	1455.3	1458.1	1485.2 (5/7)	tilit a (a/ij
HONG KONG Heng Seng Bank (21/7/84)	1515.77	1858,10	1652.19	1562.85	1711.51 (18/8	1220.74 [2/1
ITALY Banka Compa. Isol. (1872)	373.83	375.88	378.45	372.54	376.46 (29/2	228.58 (2/1
MPAH**	•					
liktal-Daw (18/5/49)	12720.34	12713.1	12728.88	12885.5	13049.18 (6/7)	11545.2 (5/1)
okys 5€ Mars (4/1/88)	1018.30	1018.49	1018.60	1019.5	1055.91 (9/7)	\$1E.83 (4/1)
HETHERLANDS	~					
WP-CBS General (1970) WP-CBS legion (1970)	221,9 193,3	220.5 192.9	218.4	217,7	221.8 (2/8)	155.8 (3/1)
CORWAY	127'2	1343	191,4	190,8	193.6 (22/8)	147.9 (3/1)
Dale SE (4/1/83)	358.05	353.83	358,09	355.73	350.15 (22/8)	285.18 (2/1)
SINGAPORE						
States Times (1966)	754.78	752.58	747.35	745.77	西265 (7/3)	717.85 (15/7)
SE GOM (28/8/78)	-		•	c	1140.8 (15/4)	836.1 ()1/2)
SE ladast (28/9/78)					1836.8 (17/7)	
SPA(N) Radiol SE (26/12/84)	110,81	110.55	118.72	118.72	117,41 (4/2)	101.48 (2/1)
RWEDEN Acabasa & P (1 1/58)	1388.19	1352.12	1337.22	1332,82	1485.98 (11/2)	1285.32 (9/7)
WITZERLAND Inits Bank Clas (31/12/58)	483.9	483.5	481.9	477,4	483.5 (2/9)	388.7 (3/1)
VORLD Capital Inst. (1/1/78)		220.6	220.5	220.3	224.3 (17/7)	184.6 (4/3)
Indicates pro-close figure ** es of all indices are 190 acc	Saturday A	Spect 31 .	Japan Milds	d Dow 12,	718.52 TSE 1,0	17.58 Bass wd
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"What's special about these Danish companies?"

Indices

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Some business travellers

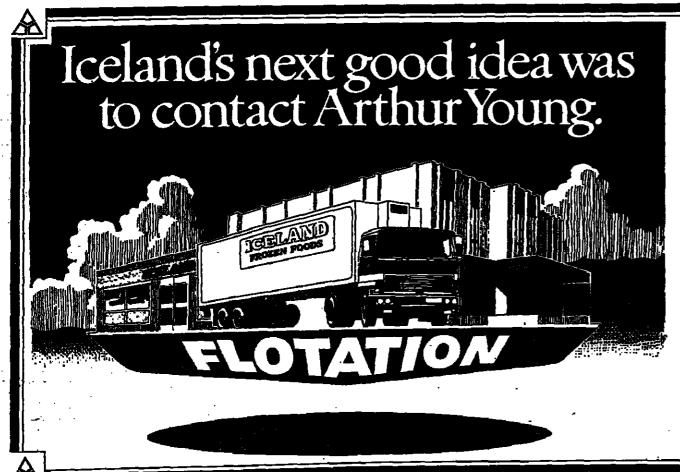
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EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

LONDO	N (in pe	Chief price char nce unless otherwise	nges a indicated)
RISRS Amstrad BAT Ind BTR Burton Cope Allman Goodman Bros Habitat Mother	112 +12 328 +13 386 + 6 480 +12 193 + 6 18½ + 3 456 +10 684 +10	Rowntree Mack	100 +20 678 +11 218 +10 415 +20 66 +10 367 -11 352 - 8 184 - 6
KCA Drill Lawrence (W) Marley Metal Box	39 + 4 97 +17 84xd + 4 490 +10	Good Relations Hall Eng Thorn EMI	178xd -15 126 -10 412 - 7 208 -12



Starting from the smallest possible beginnings Malcolm Walker and Peter

Hinchcliffe built Iceland, an outstandingly successful business retailing frozen foods.

Arthur Young's local office in Liverpool assisted Iceland's management as they developed the business through internal growth and by acquisition.

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ation implications for them. Iceland now has a full listing on the London Stock Exchange. The flotation has strengthened the financial base for continued expansion.

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FINANCIAL TIMES WORLD STOCK MARKETS

EUROPE

Early jitters overcome by late rally

NEWS that South Africa had frozen all foreign loan repayments until the end of the year to allow time to reschedule the nation's debt set Frankfurt jittering early in the session.

However, a later rally managed to recoup some losses and stocks, which recorded opening falls of as much as DM 4 with some declining more sharply, ended mixed to firmer by the close. The Commerzbank index lost 7.8 to 1,465.0.

A further depressant was the news that BASF, the chemical producer, will raise its equity capital by a nominal DM 200m through a stock offering. The announcement pulled BASF shares down

DM 3.80 to DM 220. Among other chemicals, Degussa fell DM 9 to DM 367, Bayer was off DM 3.10 to DM 318.60 and Hoechst DM 1 to DM

213. Schering rose DM 2 to DM 476.
Banks took the brunt of yesterday's losses and Deutsche shed DM 4.70 to DM 576, Dresdner DM 3 to DM 269 and Bayer-Vereinsbank DM 11 to DM 386.50. Insurer Allianz dropped DM 22 to

DM 1,398. After heavy profit-taking following last week's gains, the motor sector staged a late recovery. Daimler ended 50 pfg higher at DM 958.50, BMW also gained 50 pfg to DM 476.50, while VW lost 90 pfg to DM 334.10.

Kaufhof was the hardest hit of the retailing issues, dropping DM 2.10 to DM

Standard & Poors 500

1982

STOCK MARKET BIDICES

NEW YORK

293. Karstadt lost DM 1.50 to DM 261.50 and Horten DM 1 to DM 193.

Linde rebounded from opening declines to lead machine maker stocks with a DM 5 advance to DM 535. Deutsche Babcock added DM 2 to DM 169 but KHD fell DM 3 to DM 291 and MAN DM 1.50 to DM 168.

In the absence of any new factors, bonds ended a quiet session about 20 or 25 pfg easier. The Bundesbank reversed its tack on Friday, when it sold DM 23.1m worth of paper, to buy DM 65.1m yesterday.

Amsterdam firmed amid news that the stock exchange had extended its hours of trading for most listed stocks.

Wall Street and Canadian bourses were closed for Labor Day national holidays.

The bourse will now open between 8am and 2.30pm - and will update share prices on a frequent basis for the first

The move by the stock exchange is a bid to compete more aggressively with

other European exchanges.
The Dutch want to avoid losing business and attract new market partici-pants. Thus, last years the Amsterdam bourse relaxed its minimum tariff regulations in an effort to sweeten its dealing

Publishing group Elsevier reported a rise in net profit for the first half of 1985. The issue ended steady at Fl 131.50. Buehrmann-Tetterode, the printing, packaging and paper group, gained 50 cents to F1 104.

Among stronger internationals, Royal Dutch rose Fl 2.40 to Fl 200.10 and KLM edged 20 cents higher to F1 62.20.

Shares firmed throughout the session in Paris, partially recovering Friday's losses. Trading was modest due to the closure of U.S. markets.

1400

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KEY MARKET MONITORS

Financial issues were strong with Midi Cie adding FFr 154 to FFr 3,175 and in foods, Möet-Hennessy, the champagne to rosebush group, gained FFr 70 FFr 1,971.

Among shares to end lower, Redoute lost FFr 19 to FFr 1,530, Roussel-Uclaf FFr 12 to FFr 1,518 and Club Med FFr 8

The day's sharpest drops were seen in the construction sector where Maisons Phenix lost FFr 7, or 5 per cent of its price, to FFr 148.

Elf-Aquitaine, the state-controlled oil group, shed FFr 1 to FFr 205. The group announced that it is considering shutting one of its four remaining oil refineries in France.

Investors in Zurich took profits after last week's strong rises and shares finished mixed. The move to consolidate spread throughout all sectors of the

Profit-taking was particularly evident in last week's favourites such as Landis & Gyr, up SwFr 40 on Friday, but SwFr 30 lower yesterday at SwFr 2,090.

Blue chips were mostly stable, and banks managed to ride out South Africa's decision to stop loan repayments. Credit Suisse added SwFr 10 to SwFr 3.085 while Bank Leu was steady at SwFr 3.840.

Elsewhere, Oerlikon Buehrle was unchanged at SwFr 1,640, Electrowatt rose SwFr 5 to SwFr 3,455, Ciba-Geigy added SwFr 15 to SwFr 3,410

Brussels closed moderately higher, unaffected by a possible political crisis over educational policy which threatens to topple the coalition.

Utilities, the most politically-sensitive stocks, ended mixed. Ebes ended unchanged at BFr 2,980, Intercom rose BFr 10 to BFr 2,260 while Unerg drifted BFr 5 lower to BFr 1,695.

Shares rallied in Stockholm after opinion polls published over the week-end indicated that the ruling Social Democrats might lose the upcoming general elections.

good corporate half-year reports and speculation of a cut in interest rates before the September 15 election.

The market was also helped by recent

Trading was especially strong in Vol-vo, which reported higher half-year profits last week. The issue added SKr 4 to

Milan ended generally lower in featureless trading with insurance shares leading the way in an after-bourse rally. Chemicals led the advance in Madrid where prices firmed in late trading.

SOUTH AFRICA

Resumption ushers sharp slide

MINING and industrial stocks closed sharply lower during light trading in Johannesburg when business resumed after the suspension imposed by the Government last Tuesday expired.

Investors expressed extreme caution about entering the market following the Government's latest moves to prop up confidence through tightening exchange controls on residents and the reintroduction of exchange controls on non-

Among the market's leaders, Randfontein was pushed down R9 from its presuspension level to close at R198, while Vaal Reefs lost R5 to R185.50. Kloof, one of the companies hit by the miners' strike, shed R4 to R76.50. Cheaper gold stocks were also under

essure. Beatrix which has been affected by civil disturbances at its mine eased 35 cents to R7.35 and Grootvlei dropped 60 cents to R13.50.

Among mining houses, Anglo American, the country's largest, slid R1.50 to R30, while De Beers lost R1.03 to R11.45.

Industrial stocks eased in sympathy in nervous trading. Premier Group fell 25 cents to R19.25 and Sasol registered a similar fall to R7.25.

HONG KONG

A RISE in the prime rate of two major local banks depressed trading in Hong Kong and clipped 39.93 off the Hang Seng index to 1,616.17 – its lowest level since July 12.

Prices continued to fall throughout the session after a weak first hour's trading which saw the indicator ease 20 during relatively heavy trading.

Despite favourable interim results. Swire Pacific dropped 60 cents to HK\$25.40 and Cheung Kong eased the same amount to HK\$18.0.

Investors' concern grew following the suspension of trading in Orient Over-seas amid rumors of debt rescheduling and a capital injection. Last Friday its shares closed 4 cents higher at HK\$1.99.

SINGAPORE

PROFIT-TAKING weakened the firm opening tone in Singapore which was inspired by a lowering of taxes on petrol and a tax rebate on commercial and in-

dustrial properties. Despite the arrival of selling pressure the Straits Times index firmed 2.13 to 754.78 on a substantially lower turnover of 15.6m shares.

Among advances, Cold Storage added 10 cents to S\$2.79, Cycle and Carriage 6 cents to S\$3.12 and Singapore Press 5 cents to \$\$5.60.

Losers included ICS down 10 cents to S\$5.60, Genting 5 cents to S\$5.70 and General Lumber 4 cents to S\$1.39. **TOKYO**

Hesitation grows on sidelines

A SLIGHT improvement developed during trading in Tokyo yesterday although activity was lacklustre as investors retreated to the sidelines, uncertain about the market direction, writes Shigeo Nishtwaki of Jiji Press.

The Nikkei-Dow market average

gained 10.12 from last week's close to 12,728.64. Volume dropped from last Friday's 447.45m shares to 339.74m shares. Advances outpaced declines by 404 to 360, with 151 issues unchanged.

Investors were concerned about a number of trade retaliation bills directed at Japan in the U.S. Congress. Another bearish factor was the yen's fall against the U.S. dollar in Tokyo, breaking the barrier of 238, while responding to the rise in U.S. interest rates last Friday.

However, the major cause of the weak tone was investors' hesitancy to buy more domestic demand-related issues notably construction stock, which had been leading market activity.

On the trading floor, Mitsubishi Heavy Industries topped the active list as 54.46m shares changed hands while it gained Y11 to a record Y410, supported by buying from corporations and invest-ment trusts. But the issue came under selling pressure later to finish Y7 higher

Sumitomo Chemical the second busiest stock with 9.73m shares traded, rose Y2 to Y267. Kobe Steel added Y8 to Y200 and Nippon Steel YI to Y177. Kobe had the third largest turnover with 9.09m shares and Nippon Steel fourth with 8.71m.

Issues which stand to benefit from increased capital spending by nine electric power companies also advanced. The Ministry of International Trade and Industry (Miti) reportedly requested the

power firms to add Y300bn to their planned capital spending of Y3, 120bn for the current fiscal year. Takaoka Electric jumped Y22 to Y379, Meidensha Electric Y24 to Y509 and Osaka Trans-

former Y13 to Y471. Among biotechnology issues, Kynwa Hakko became the sixth most active issne with 6.65m shares, but closed Y10 lower at Y1.050. Meiji Seika ended at Y566, down Y4, after gaining Y11.

Construction issues fared poorly, although Taihei Kogyo rose Y8 to Y770 and Obbarechi Y4 to Y440.

and Ohbayashi Y4 to Y440.

Minebea fluctuated violently, attracting speculative interest following earlier reports that Trafalgar Holdings of the U.S. planned a takeover bid against the Japanese precision ball-bearing maker. Minebea closed at Y790, up Y15.

Bond prices rebounded after opening lower under selling pressure triggered by the weakness of the U.S. bond market last weekend. The yield on 6.8 per cent government bonds, maturing in December 1994, rose to 6.195 per cent at one point. Later, however, institutional investors stepped up buying in small lots to push down the yield to 6.160 per cent, compared with last Saturday's 6.155 per cent.

AUSTRALIA

A DECLINE in the tempo of trading accompanied a slight fall in the prices of leading mining and industrial issues in Sydney. After remaining within a narrow band for most of the day, the Sydney and leading to the day the Sydney. ney all-ordinaries index eased late to close 0.8 lower at 937.0.

Strong profit results buoyed selected stocks with Boral's announcement of a 24 per cent annual profit increase pushing the shares 6 cents higher to A\$3.52. APM's 19 per cent earnings rise helped the stock add 1 cent to A\$2.77.

BHP also moved against the trend to firm 2 cents to A\$7.08 amid further

active trading.
Gold stocks were weaker after their recent strength. GMK eased 10 cents to A\$11.60, Kidston 4 cents to A\$5.80 and Niugini 5 cents to A\$2,90.

Banks were mixed. ANZ fell 2 cents to A\$4.70 while National Australia firmed 2 cents to A\$4.64 and Westpac 1 cent to

LONDON

Firm tone at start of new account

TENTATIVE TRADING left a broad range of industrial stocks unchanged in London yesterday at the start of a new account, although the underlying tone

hid The

13

2200

remained relatively firm.

Warnings by the Confederation of British Industry about the potentially damaging effect of a strong pound on the UK's economic recovery appeared to dampen confidence expressed during early trading after the recent strong

However, continued takeover speculation among selected equity leaders and light support for certain international stocks as sterling drifted lower against the dollar kept the market steady.

Illustrating this trend, the FT Ordi-

nary share index which was down 2 during mid-morning business gradually re-covered to finish only 0.4 lower at 1,013.5. Distillers was again actively traded

following further rumours that the company may be the target of a takeover bid. The stock eased 8p to 352p.

The announcement of a four-month freeze on loan repayments by South Africa unsettled bank shares with most lightly traded on small price move-

Oil stocks traded on a much quieter tone after last week's surge of activity

Trade in the gilt market remained at an extremely low level with quotations drifting lower in sympathy with an easier trend in sterling and a subsequent hardening of short-term interest rates. Falls in short-dated stocks ranged to

% and occasionally more, while losses of

4 were general throughout the longer Chief price changes, Page 29; Details, Page 28; Share information service,



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1,334.01 1,224.38 DJ Industrials closed 520,51 DJ Transport 690.66 159.67 129,46 S&P Composite 188.63 166.68 LONDON Previous 1,013.5 1.013.9 FT Ord 855.1 1,340,3 1,340,8 1,103,9 FT-SE 100 646.82 646.26 FT-A All-share 521.63 710.76 709.72 565,94 FT-A 500 FT Gold mines TOKYO Nikkei-Dow 1,018.30 1,017.58 816.69 Tokyo SE AUSTRALIA All Ord. 524.5 Metals & Mins 460,4 AUSTRIA Credit Aktien 100.25 100.13 53.23 RELGILIN 2,389,63 2,380,69 Belgian SE CANADA Toronto Metals & Minis closed 2.819.9 Portfolio 136.87 117.08 DENMARK n/a 216.27 SE FRANCE CAC Gen 126.6 92.2 498.10 501.50 Commerzbank 1.465.0 1.472.8 991.9 HONG KONG Hang Seng 1,616.17 1,656.10 926.78 ITALY 373.83 375.98 220.93 Banca Comm ETHERLANDS ANP-CBS Gen 192.9 ANP-CBS Ind 193.3 129.8 MORWAY 353.63 264.18 Oslo SE SINGAPORE Straits Times 754.78 752.65 929.26 SOUTH AFRICA JSE Golds JSE Industria 969.7 832.6 SPAR Madrid SE 110.81 110.55 98.45 SWEDEN 1,368.10 1,352.12 1,473.97 J&P SWITZERLAND Swiss Bank Ind Aug 30 220.6 220.5 184.7 Capital Int'l

GOLD (per ounce)

\$334.75

\$336.20

London

Parts (fixing)

New York (Öct)

Zürich

\$333,50

\$334.05

\$335.91

\$338.50

1984 U.S. DOLLAR STERLING Year ago Sept 2 Previous Sept 2 Previous 1.3775 2.8355 2.811 3.915 3.915 238.5 8.645 238.8 329.0 332.5 8.585 11,9525 11,9525 2.308 3.22 3.215 2.3365 3.215 3.1885 3.154 1,876.0 2,613.0 2,612.0 79.1 CS 1,36925 1.36465 1,893 1.901 INTEREST RATES 11% 41% 11% 4% 10% 41% FT Lon 3-month U.S.\$ 814 8% 6-month U.S.\$ J.S. Fed Fu 7.70 7.165 U.S. 3-month T-bills U.S BONDS Aug 29 Price Yield Price Yiek 100% 8.823 100% 8.84 101²⁴/₂₂ 1995 10211/12 10.095 102%e 10.14 10% 2015 102% 10.352 102% 10.40 Corporate Aug 29° Prev Price 100% 10.10 100% 10.10 3% July 1990 82% 8.25 82% 8.25 8% May 2000 83% 10.85 83% 10.85 10% Merch 1993 100% 10.45 100% 10.45 Olemond Shamrock

10% May 1993	100%	10.50	100%	10.50				
Federated Dept	Stores	٠.						
10% May 2013	95.500	11.15	95,500	11.15				
Abbot Lab								
11.80 Feb 2013	103.748	11.35	103.748	11.35				
Alcon								
12¼ Dec 2012	101%	12.00	101%	12.00				
Source: Salomon i	Bros							
	NOISE							
FILA	NCIAL	FUIUI	Œ3					
CHICAGO	Latest	High	Low	Prev				
U.S. Treasury		:51)						
8% 32nds of 100								
	77-04		77- 01	78-02				
U.S. Treasury		M()						
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LONDON								
Three-month Eurodollar S1m points of 100%								
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£50,000 32nds 0								
Sept		112_02	111-25	112-04				
- Copy	11170	112-02						

COMMODITIES

£1.011.00 £1.005.25

£1,584.00 £1,582.00

\$27.80

Silver (spot fiding)

Copper (cash) Coffee (Sept)